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FIRST EDITION

From **\$6.50**

Whitaway-Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

London, March 30.—Drilling for oil in England opened today, when Mrs. Crookshank, wife of the Secretary for Mines, started machinery on the slopes of Fort n., near Portsmouth. The first hole to be drilled is



DON'T STAY
IN THE
SHADOWS

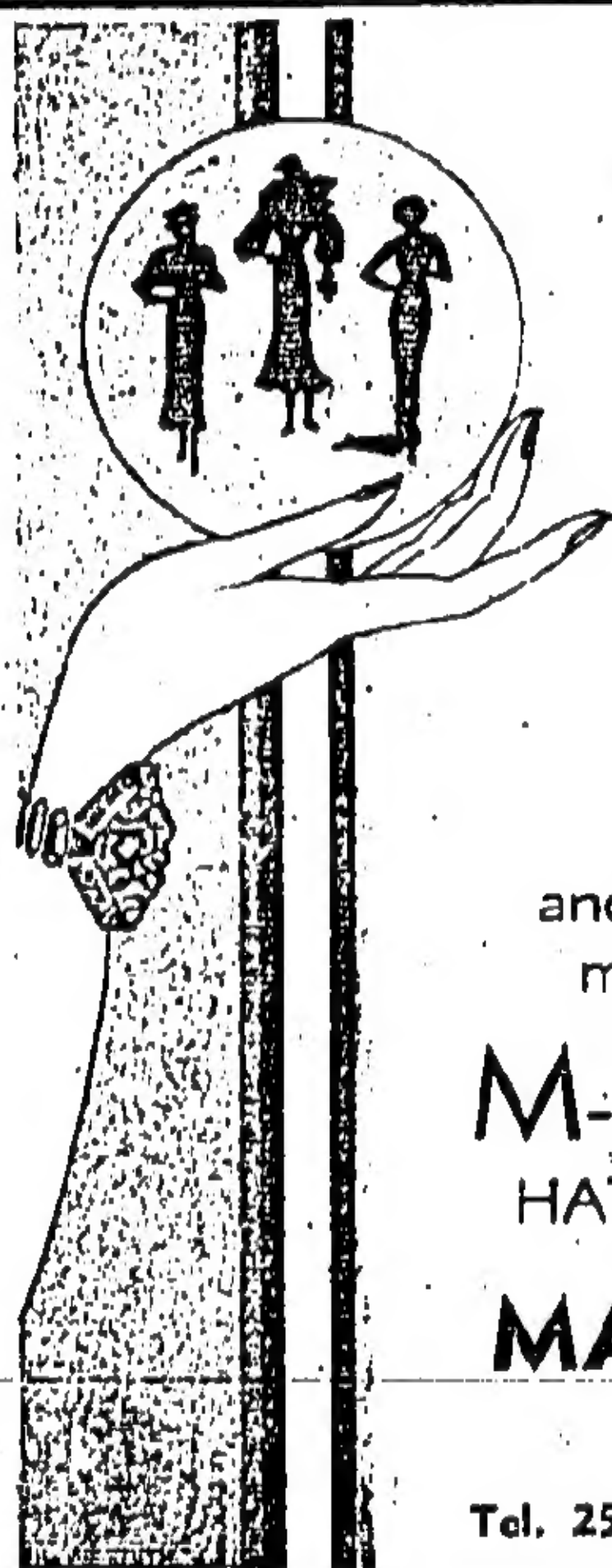
TAKE

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS

Young girls often outgrow their strength, and excessive demands are made on the blood stream, which becomes impoverished and incapable of supplying the nourishment required to keep the organs active and healthy. As a result many a girl enters womanhood in an anemic condition. If this is allowed to continue a general breakdown in health is almost sure to follow.

Wise mothers watch their daughters during these critical years for any symptoms of anemia—to see whether they tire easily, are pale, nervous, irritable, despondent—and at the first signs prescribe a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for their power to create abundant, new, rich, red blood, so necessary for good health.

Innumerable delicate girls the world over have derived the greatest benefit from this renowned remedy for anemia. By their purifying, enriching tonic action on the blood, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills bring back colour to pale cheeks; sparkle to dull eyes; strength to weak tired limbs; vitality to the whole system, and thus restore health and happiness. For the special ailments of women there is nothing better than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they are equally good for debilitated, enervated, depressed men. Obtainable from chemists everywhere.



The
Point is—
AT M'ME
DOBRY'S

you'll find all the right
Hats, Dresses, Coats,
for—

SPRING
and SUMMER, priced
moderately throughout.

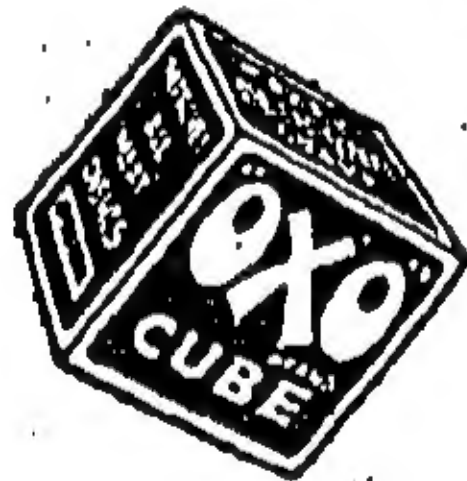
M-me DOBRY'S
HAT AND GOWN SALON
MARINA HOUSE

Mezzanine Floor

15-19, Queen's Road.

Tel. 25611.

Orders taken.



Your
Cook
must use
OXO

A few Oxo Cubes make appetising dishes from the simplest ingredients. Oxo dishes are wholesome as well as tasty and nourishing, for the rich beef-juices of Oxo are digestives of the utmost value.

the
Essence
of
Goodness

S.C. 1/35

"ONE-WAY" GLASS: FIELD FOR NEW AMERICAN INVENTION BROADENS

GLASS THAT REMOVES GLARE FROM HEADLIGHTS

Makes Three Dimensional Movies Possible And Detects Weak Steel

New York, Mar. 25. Glass which removes the glare from motor-car headlights, makes life-like three-dimensional movies available and gives work, was demonstrated for the first time here to-day before a group of natural scientists at the Waldorf-Astoria. The new glass, in addition to other manifold uses, also enables engineers to detect weaknesses in steel construction work.

Just as the telescope and microscope aided human eyes in extending their limits of far and near vision, so the glass, invented by Edwin H. Land, of Boston, will extend ordinary vision, and by removing glare and unnecessary light rays which before ordinary sight, give exceptionally clear-eye pictures of ordinary things.

According to theory, light travels in waves like ripples from a stone cast into a mill-pond.

Smooths Out Ripples

Instead of water, its medium is the atmosphere and every dust particle, every gaseous molecule is a "stone in the mill-pond" causing these light waves to travel helter skelter every which way. Polaroid, the new glass, combs out these waves or polarizes them, making them all travel in the same way as though they were vehicles on a one-way multi-lane highway.

To all outward appearances it is a clear, colourless glass, and light which has passed through polaroid looks like ordinary light.

Traffic experts however, learned differently, and many predicted it would only be a comparatively short time before motor car headlights and windshields were equipped with this new glass.

Cut Out All Glare

A pair of blinding headlights was set up at each end of the demonstration room. Viewed through an ordinary glass windshield the glare was accentuated if anything. Then polaroid windshields were substituted and the brilliant lights seemed almost out, although objects between the two sets of lights were brilliantly illuminated.

NAVAL OFFICER'S HONEYMOON IN HONGKONG



Paymaster Commander G. A. Bowen, Royal Navy, British Resident Naval Officer at Shanghai and Mrs. Bowen, shortly after their wedding in Shanghai last week. Owing to the recent illness of the bridegroom, only a few personal friends were present at the ceremony. Rev. Father MacDonald, S.J., was the officiating clergyman. The newlyweds are spending their honeymoon in Hongkong.

Pedestrians are seen as well as if no car were approaching, and because there is no glare in the driver's eye's there is sense of daytime comfort. Experts predict a major reduction in the toll of 20,000 fatalities directly traced to headlight glare.

The world's first three-dimensional movies in full colour were shown at the demonstration. Observers found the pictures seemed real not only because texture and lustre were reproduced exactly.

The audience wore clear polaroid spectacles for viewing the scenes. Actors and actresses seemed actually present in person. The pictures were taken with a double camera having two lenses as far apart as the average human eyes.

When the films are shown, the two views are projected on the same screen, one on top of the other, through polaroid sheets set at right angles to each other.

New Movies Expected Soon

The audience, supplied with polaroid glasses, sees one image with the left eye, and the other with the right. These independent screen images reproduce the actual mechanics of vision accomplished by the naked eye.

Movies made and viewed by this system are expected to be available soon through equipment now being built by one of the large photographic companies.

KISSES INSTEAD OF DIMES IS NEW CRAZE

CHAIN LETTERS

Shanghai, Mar. 28.

Chain letters calling for kisses instead of dimes are sweeping through the province of Chekiang and, in spite of the vigorous opposition of the authorities, appear to be growing in popularity.

The "love chain letters," as they are called, are written entirely in English and are circulated in the same manner as those involving money, which attained only a small vogue in China.

The letters are sent to five persons. Each recipient copies the letter and its list of names, adding his own name and omitting the first one on the list.

On the night of the next full moon he is supposed to meet the person whose name he has omitted at a place designated in the letter. Both are to wear a red ribbon for identification.

When they meet they are to exchange kisses. Each person receiving the letter is due to be kissed 15,000 times.

The object, it is said, is to enable single persons to find suitable mates, but the letters are considered immoral by the authorities and the Ministry of the Interior has instructed the Chekiang police to stop their circulation.

SISTERS

GERMAN shipping circles are mystified by fires which have damaged two sister ships recently launched.

A fortnight ago in the English Channel, the Potsdam (18,000 tons) reported a blaze in her engine-room.

She is on her way back to Bremen, crippled.

Almost immediately afterwards the Gneisenau (also 18,000 tons), had a fire in her copra cargo.

She was off Singapore, on her maiden voyage.

North German Lloyd, the owners, ordered a strict investigation.

National
String
Instruments



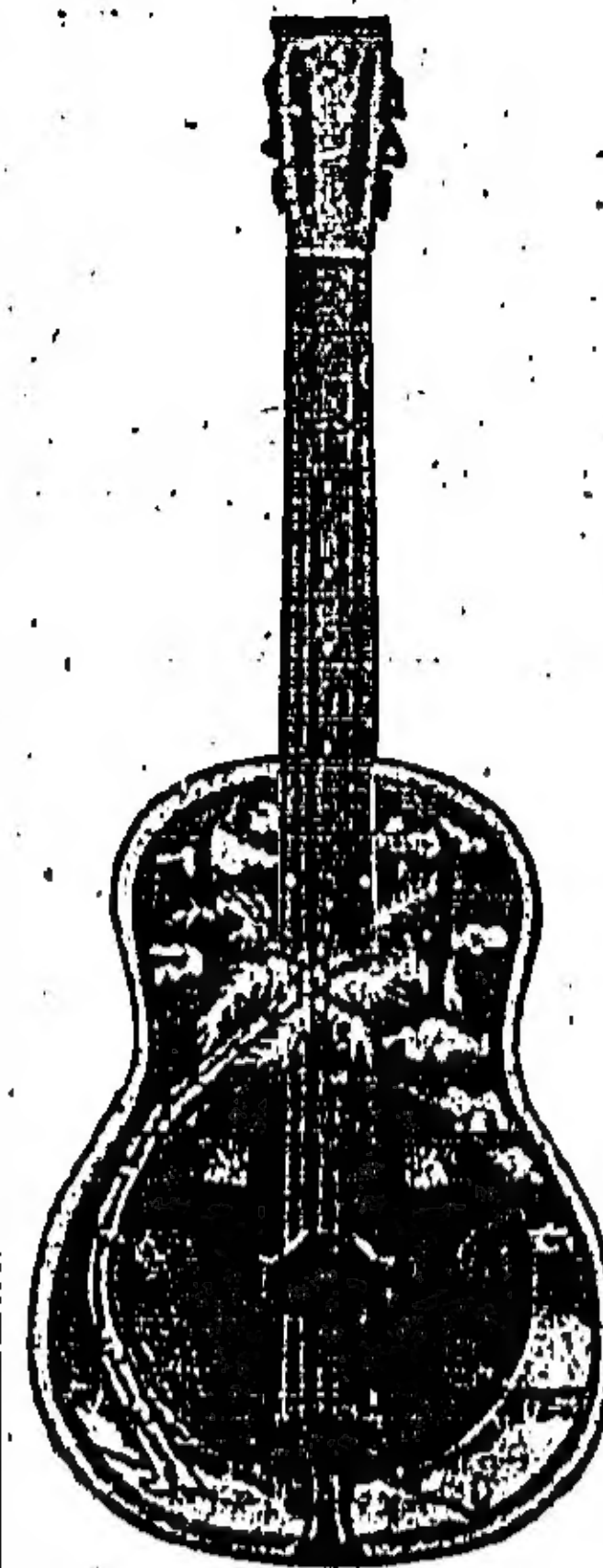
WE HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF NATIONAL STEEL GUITARS, UKULELES AND MANDOLINES AND ALL NATIONAL ACCESSORIES SUCH AS CASES, STRING, SLIDES AND PICKS.

SEND FOR AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK LET OR CALL AND INSPECT WHICHEVER INSTRUMENTS OR ACCESSORIES YOU ARE INTERESTED IN

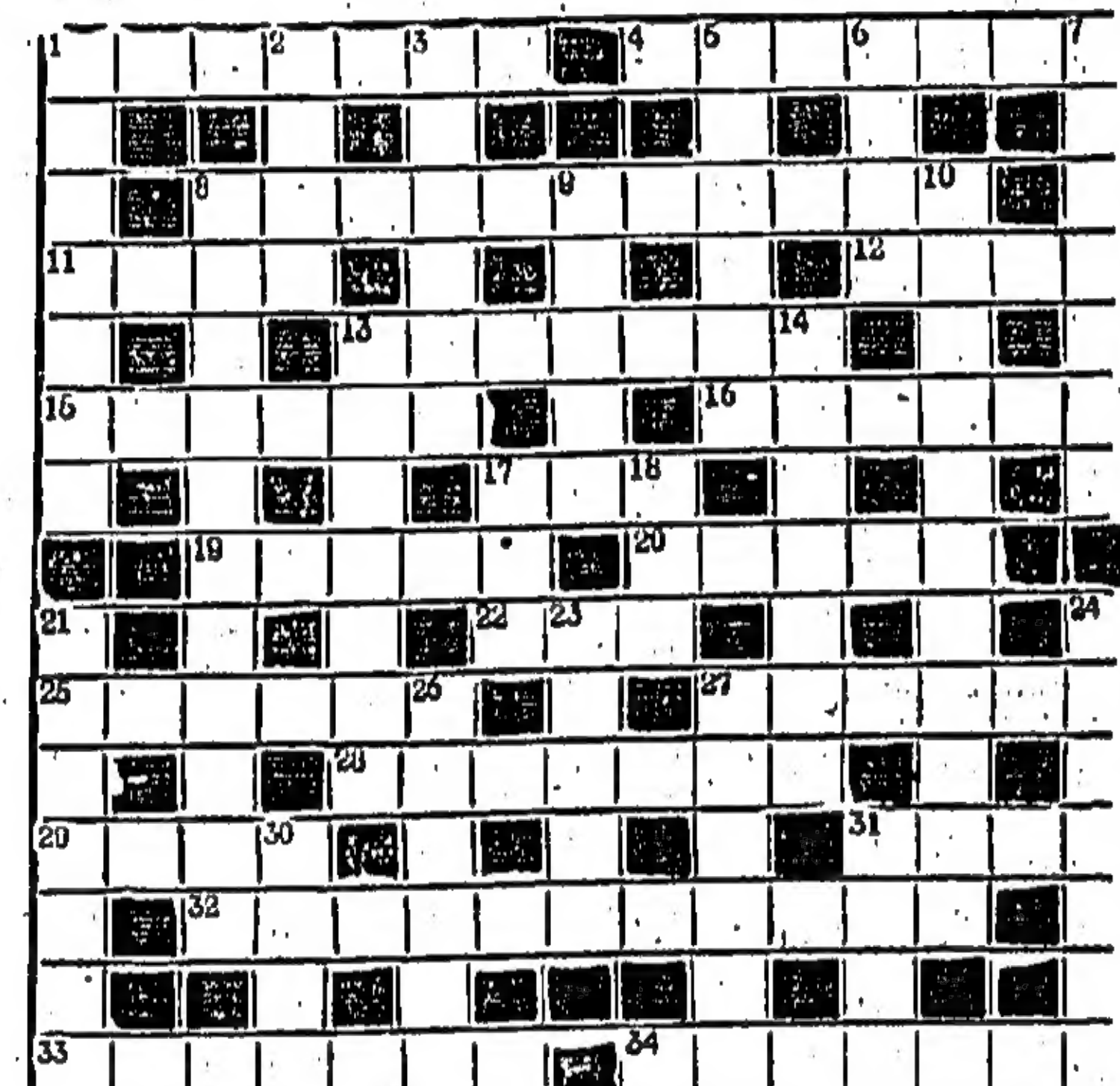
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR A "NATIONAL"

TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.

9 Ice House Street,
Hongkong.



OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



ACROSS

- 1 Does a lobster make this in the bed of the ocean?
- 4 After her sails have been removed the old ship's destiny is evident.
- 8 Coin, not part (anag.).
- 11 This shows deep sorrow if taken to heart.
- 12 Where scores are saved by the keeper in goal.
- 13 Some solvers find these a necessity. Take time.
- 15 Mass book?
- 16 Various, people who often turn into wrecks.
- 17 A single person.
- 19 How to Get a Bit More out of Tea—by an artist.
- 20 A pound from this weight might be a nasty blow.
- 22 Renowned cricketer.
- 25 P. G. Room (anag.).
- 27 Hamper.

- 28 One can easily make these fellows anigger.
- 29 Admits the possession of "snow."
- 31 Though slippery customers they help to make one feel safe.
- 32 Single shots (anag.).
- 33 Lass may wear them, and lass may also make them.
- 34 He has to whistle for his wages—suggesting foul play.

DOWN

- 1 This reminds one of how the balloonist loses gas—as an oyster.
- 2 Its life largely depends upon the salvation of its sole.
- 3 Complete as it stands.
- 5 Seaback that any trader can make good.
- 6 Absorbed by many a seafaring

- 7 Some language!
- 8 Changing around a retrograde measure is, certainly, asking for it.
- 9 A crime within reason—and a bit to spare.
- 10 Although one may have no special time for these unknowns, ten to nine is quite suitable.
- 13 Feeling.
- 14 Something two can play at.
- 17 One of the fools who take things easily under fifty.
- 18 In Elysium.
- 21 Withstands—with stands for the photographer.
- 23 Royal.
- 24 An annoying word.
- 26 Another mass book.
- 27 In this to violate will be O.K.
- 30 Cast off.
- 31 Girl's name, it might be made to appear.

Yesterday's Solution

BLUNTNESS ASPIRO
E P E N H S U H
L E S S E P S A S E G A I
L T A C K E G G N
S T A N D O V E R T U R N S
P A T T I C A R B I N E E R
E E L E E N N A
C O N C L U D E D S C R A P
K I B T I
S I G N A L L E R I B S E N
N E V J E G O U
I N R O A D S A D A P T E D
F I I Z S T J G
F R A I L T I T L E R O L E

SALESMAN SAM

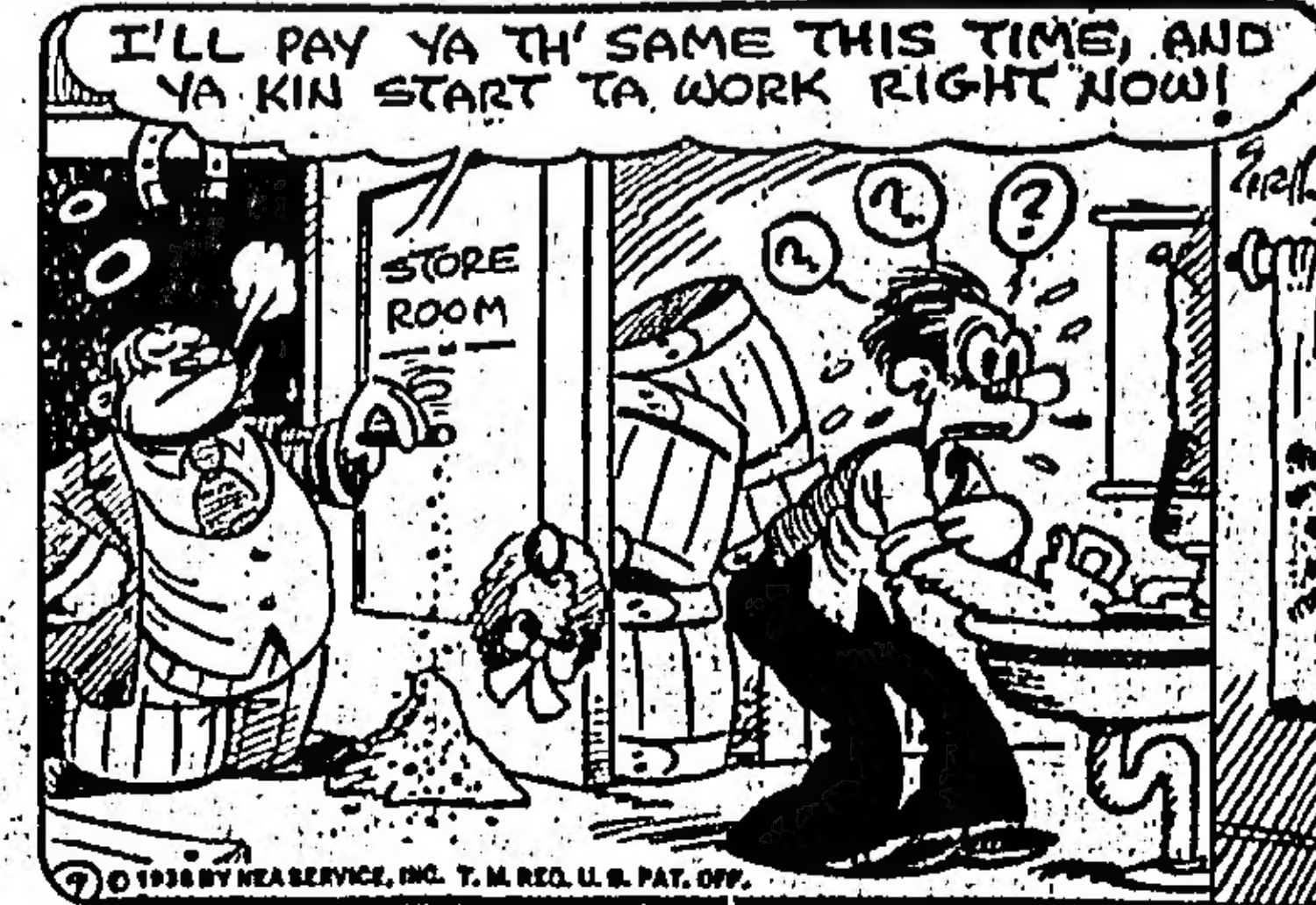
Well, How Much?

By Small



Teething troubles

Because SCOTT'S Emulsion contains 44% of pure cod liver oil and lime salts for bone formation, it prevents teething troubles, rickets and soft bones. Ask for genuine SCOTT'S EMULSION



FULL REPORT OF WHITE PAPER ON DEFENCE

BUILDING OF SHIPS TO BE SPEEDED UP

SUBSTANTIAL INCREASE IN FLEET AIR ARM

THE long-awaited British White Paper on Defence, issued last month, begins its outline of the plan for extending the defence services in a reference to the "overwhelming importance of the Navy."

This overwhelming importance lies in "preserving our sea communications and thus ensuring this country the supplies of sea-borne food and raw materials on which its existence depends."

The first part of the White Paper is taken up with an historical survey of the facts leading up to the plan.

Comparative strengths of the world's standing armies are given, and it is shown that while Britain reduced her armaments, many countries increased the number, range and efficiency of their fighting services.

Emphasis is laid on Britain's unwavering support of the League of Nations in pursuit of peace.

"Taking risks for peace," it is pointed out, has not removed the dangers of war.

In the plan itself stress is laid on the importance of naval strength in the following way:

NEW CONSTRUCTION: REPAIRING DEFICIENCIES

"No less important is the responsibility of the Navy, stressed also in the same document [the White Paper of March last on Defence] for maintaining free passage between the different parts of the Empire of troops and supplies of all kinds, thus securing the very foundation of our system of Imperial Defence."

"To render the Navy capable in all circumstances of fulfilling these requirements."

It will be necessary not only to proceed with new construction at a rapid rate than in recent years, but also to make good existing deficiencies in armament and stores of all kinds.

"Until the end of 1935 the strength of all the principal Naval Powers are regulated by treaty."

"What will remain of this limitation after the conclusion of the present Naval Conference is not yet certain, but it would seem likely that agreement will not extend beyond advance notification of annual programmes, exchange of information and certain measures of qualitative limitation on the sizes of ships and their guns."

"The agreement concluded in June, 1935, with Germany as a stabilising factor, which shows clearly the value of quantitative agreements when these can be obtained."

"The failure to arrive at a general agreement, however, does not necessarily imply an intention on the part of other Powers to develop their naval strength in such a way as to upset the balance of security, and the present plans of His Majesty's Government do not take account of any developments of this kind."

TWO NEW CAPITAL SHIPS

"The London Naval Treaty prohibits the building of new capital ships so long as it remains in force, i.e., till December 31, 1936, at the process of replacement cannot be delayed beyond that date, and it is intended to make a beginning early in the calendar year 1937, when two new capital ships will be laid down. The modernisation of certain of our existing battleships will be continued."

"In cruisers the aim is to increase the total number to 70, of which 60 would be under-age and 10 over-age. Five cruisers will be included in the 1936 programme."

"A steady replacement programme for destroyers and submarines is contemplated, while in the case of sloops

and small craft generally, the present rate of construction will be continued."

ONE SMALLER AIRCRAFT CARRIER

"A new aircraft carrier, of a smaller type, will be laid down at an early date."

"The growing naval importance of the Fleet Air Arm will necessitate a considerable expansion of its present strength."

"Compared with other navies, such as those of Japan or the United States of America, the number of first line Fleet Air Arm aircraft is considerably lower than it should be and it is intended to bring it up to substantially higher figures in the course of the next few years."

"This increase will of course necessitate a corresponding increase in personnel."

"Finally, it will be necessary to increase the personnel of the Navy to man the new vessels and to make good existing deficiencies. The increase must be a gradual process in order to ensure efficiency, and by March 31, 1937, the number is expected to rise by about 6,000 men."

ARMY'S THREE MAIN FUNCTIONS

"The Army has three main functions to perform; it has to maintain garrisons overseas in various parts of the Empire, to provide the military share in Home Defence, including anti-aircraft defence, coast defence and internal security, and, lastly, in time of emergency or war to provide a properly equipped force ready to proceed overseas wherever it may be wanted."

"The present peace-time serving strength of the regular military field units in Great Britain is approximately 115,000 men."

INFANTRY: 4 NEW BATTALIONS

"It must be remembered that this force constitutes the only source from which immediate reinforcements to any part of the Empire can be drawn."

"His Majesty's Government propose to have been reduced by no less than 21 battalions of infantry, although our peace commitments are greater than ever before."

"Owing to this reduction of infantry we are unable to maintain the balance of home and foreign service battalions, and the result is hardship to the units which are given additional foreign service, and injury both to recruiting and to the efficiency of our Army."

"His Majesty's Government propose to raise four new battalions of infantry, which will to some extent mitigate the present difficulties of the recruiting duties, which our Imperial responsibilities place upon us."

MODERNISING FIELD ARTILLERY

"It is not intended, in connection with the present proposals, to make any further increase in the number of fighting units in the Regular Army beyond those four battalions."

"But it is urgently necessary that the Army formations already existing should be organised in the most effective form and equipped with the most modern armament and material, together with adequate reserves of ammunition and stores."

"Plans have been worked out for this purpose and the necessary steps are being taken to put them into operation. Particular attention is being given to our Field Artillery equipments, which will be thoroughly modernised."

TERRITORIAL ARMY TO BE RECONSTITUTED

"The Territorial Army, though generally regarded as the reserve line in our military forces, actually pro-

Air Forces Of The Big Powers

This table shows the progress made with the R.A.F. expansion scheme begun in May last year:

	May, 1935	To Date	1937
Home Defence ...	580	762	1,500
Fleet Air Arm ...	171	189	500
Overseas ...	264	264	500
Machines	1,015	1,215	2,000

The additional expansion programme adds 250 machines to the Home Defence Force and approximately 150 to overseas strength 400

BRITAIN'S TOTAL FIRST-LINE STRENGTH 2,400

First-line strength of foreign Powers at present is:		
France ...	1,700	Russia ... 3,000
Germany ...	800	Japan ... 850
Italy ...	1,150	U.S.A. ... 1,250

(Comparative strengths of the Armies and Navies are given on Page Eighteen.)

FIRSTLINE AIR STRENGTH IN BRITAIN GOING UP TO 1,750 PLANES

vides the first line in anti-aircraft and coast defence at home.

"It is recruited on the basis that it will be ready to serve wherever it may be needed, and if the Regular Army should require support abroad the Territorial Army will be called upon to give that support, serving not as drafts but in its own units and formations."

"It therefore holds an important place in our defence organisation, and it is the intention of His Majesty's Government to do all that is possible to encourage its recruiting and increase its efficiency."

"The present, owing to the demands upon the capacity of industrial output which must necessarily be made in the first instance by the Regular Army, it is not possible simultaneously to re-constitute the Territorial Army, but a beginning will be made at once in the task of improving its present inadequate equipment and training."

"The Government also consider it essential to take immediate steps to improve the housing conditions of the Army, which are at present unsatisfactory, and progress in this matter will be made as rapidly as possible during the next few years."

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CLOSE WATCH ON PROFITS

INSPECTION OF BOOKS

ments in design and invention, must be met by corresponding variations in our own plans.

"In presenting to Parliament a scheme of improved defence so far-reaching in character and likely to involve so heavy a financial outlay," says the third section, "His Majesty's Government desire particularly to stress the fact that these proposals have resulted from a thorough study of the subject of defence as a whole."

"The examination of the problem was entrusted in the first instance to a Sub-Committee of the Committee of Imperial Defence."

"This Committee was composed of the Secretary to the Committee of Imperial Defence, the Permanent Secretary to the Treasury, the Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and the Chiefs of Staff of the three Defence Services."

"Their conclusions were submitted to the Defence Policy and Requirements Committee, provided over by the Prime Minister, and on his invitation, and in view of the importance of the industrial side of the question, Lord Weir became a member of this Committee and gave his active assistance in formulating the recommendations which they made to the Cabinet."

"The Defence Policy and Requirements Committee has served in effect both as a General Purposes Committee of the Committee of Imperial Defence and as a Committee of Liaison between the Committee of Imperial Defence and the Cabinet."

"Not only the general conception of the defence plans now brought forward, but every detail included in the scheme, have been the subject of close examination and scrutiny by the Defence Policy and Requirements Committee and subsequently by the whole Cabinet."

"In the opinion of His Majesty's Government they represent a thoroughly considered and well-balanced whole so far as conditions can be foreseen at this moment."

"In the future they will no doubt require adjustment from time to time as well as continuous supervision and pressure to ensure their execution. For this purpose the existing organisation for defence has been reviewed afresh and the changes which have been approved by His Majesty's Government were announced by the Prime Minister on Feb. 27."

"[This statement on the appointment of a Deputy Defence Minister was printed in full in the News Chronicle.]"

"It will be seen," continues the White Paper, "that the new arrangements contemplated are intended to serve two purposes, namely, to provide an improved and strengthened apparatus for the consideration of Defence problems as a whole and to ensure the fullest and most effective use of the industrial capacity and the man power available for production of material in the country. The second of these two objectives requires some further elaboration."

CO-OPERATION WITH EMPLOYERS AND WORKERS

"The problem before us differs materially from that with which we were faced in the Great War. At that time the whole energies of the country were devoted to winning the war and nothing else. Special powers were entrusted to the Government which enabled them to exercise complete control over industry and to direct it into any desired channel."

"To-day we are at peace and moreover we are living in a period of great commercial and industrial activity."

"What we have to do is to carry through, in a limited period of time, measures which will make exceptionally heavy demands upon certain branches of industry and upon certain classes of skilled labour, without impeding the course of normal trade."

"This will require the most careful organisation and the willing co-operation both of the leaders of industry and of trade unions if our task is to be successfully accomplished. But the Government have every confidence that these conditions will be fulfilled."

IMMENSE RESERVES OR ORGANISED CAPACITY

"Consideration of the position showed that there were really two different requirements to be met. One has already been stated in the foregoing paragraph, and concerns the carrying out of a peace-time programme. The other concerns our readiness for war itself."

"Modern war conditions involve a vast expenditure of munitions and equipment, and in the early months of the Great War there was a tragic loss of life in consequence of the lack of adequate reserves."

"If we are to avoid a repetition of that tragedy in any future war and to provide by our preparations an increased deterrent, we must prepare ourselves either by accumulating immense reserves or by so organising industry that it can rapidly change over at the vital points from commercial to war production should the necessity arise."

"The first alternative, however, is only feasible within limits, and beyond that is ruled out not only on account of its cost, but because weapons and methods of warfare are continually changing, and these accumulated reserves might therefore well become obsolete before they were required."

"His Majesty's Government, therefore, have turned to the second alternative, and they have already taken some preliminary steps towards putting it into effect."

(Continued on Page 7)



NO MORE EXPENSIVE DRY-CLEANING!

WEAR "VIYELLA"

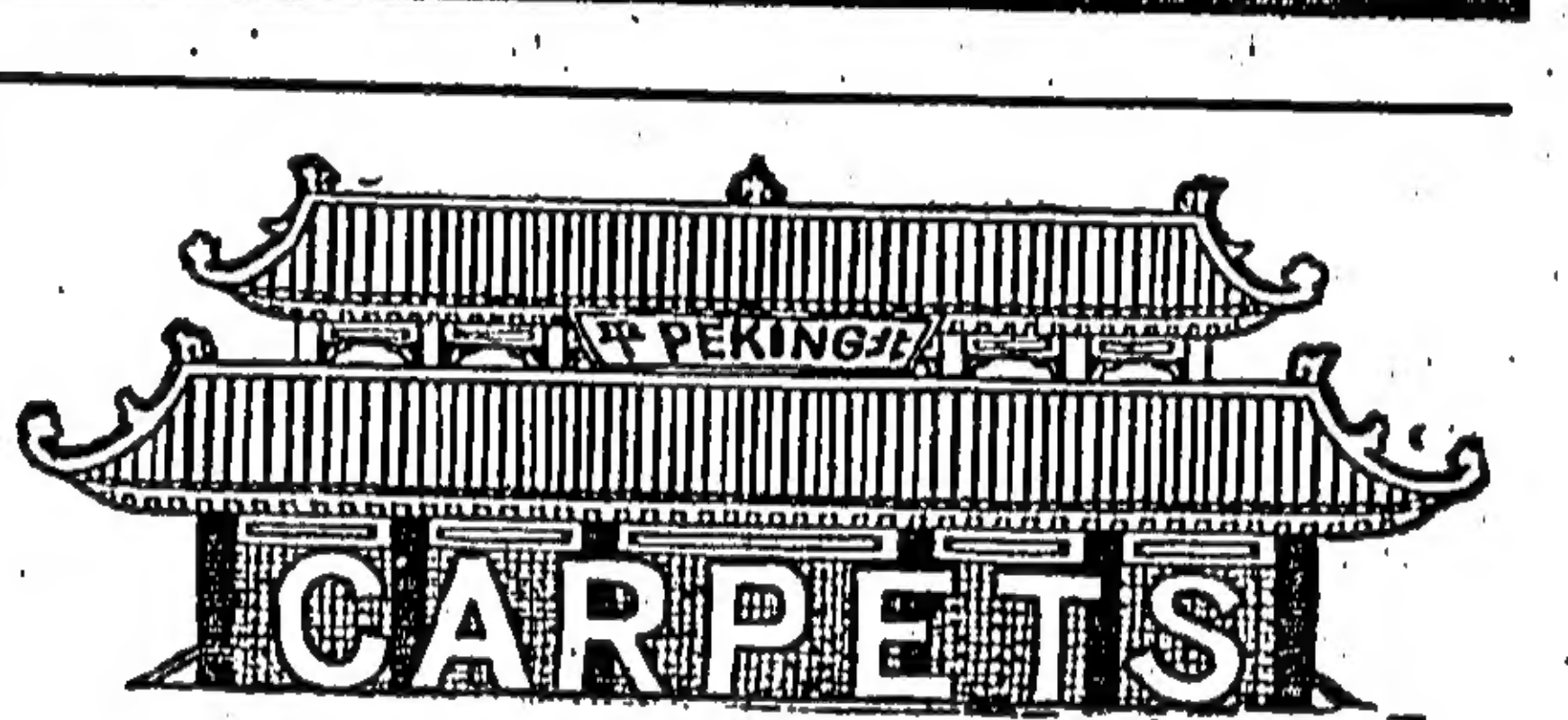
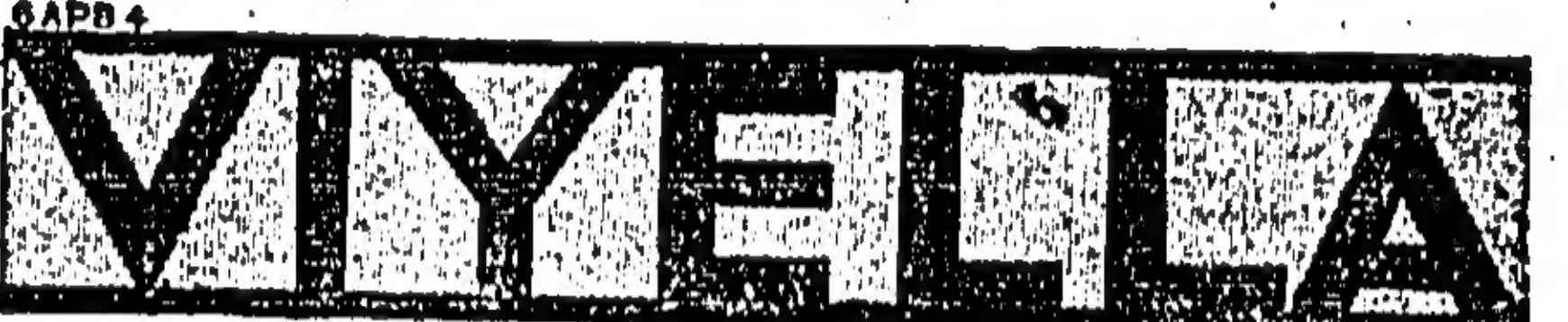
You will save money if you have your Winter and early Spring Suits made up with "Viyella" Flannel—for it is "made to wash."

Just hand your Viyella Suits to the Amah and avoid all those dry-cleaning bills.

Viyella Flannel cuts well, hangs well, and wears well—and is the smartest and most economical washing material obtainable.

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From all first-class stores throughout the East. If any difficulty, please write Wm. Hollins & Co., Ltd., Viyella House, Castle Boulevard, Nottingham.



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PEKING ART'S RUGS

FAMOUS HAND WOVEN

For years we have been manufacturers of as fine Peking Rug as are made in the Orient. Our products are made entirely by hand by the most Reliable of Craftsmen.

STANDS FOR RELIABILITY IN RUGS.

PEKING ART RUG CO.,

32, Nathan Road, Kowloon.
Across the road from Peninsula Hotel.

DARK MUNICH BEER



The Best Obtainable

Sole Agents:—
CALDBECK MACGREGOR & Co., Ltd.

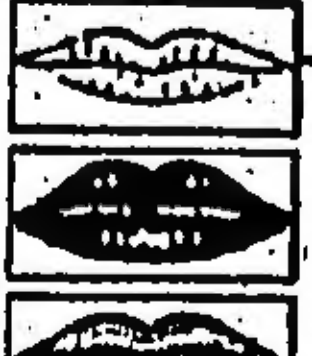
She took a beauty tip from him

Her cue came when he said "Look at those common painted lips!" And most men hate that painted look. That's why so many women are changing to Tangee lipstick. It can't make you look painted—it isn't paint! Tangee brings out your own natural color—gives your lips freshness, makes you more appealing to men. For those who require more color, especially for evening use, there is Tangee Theatrical.

UNTOUCHED: Lips without lipstick often look faded.

PAINTED: Lips coated with paint look unnatural.

TANGEE: Intensifies the natural rose of your lips.



World's Most Famous Lipstick

TANGEE
Ends that painted look

Sole Distributor: **MULLER, MACLEAN & CO., INC.**

KING'S THEATRE

Coming Attraction!

The Comedy
Sensation of the
Season!

SAMUEL
GOLDWYN
presents

Edith
CANTON



Strike Me
Pink

with
ETHEL MERMAN
SALLY EILERS
PARKYAKARKUS
and the GORGEOUS
GOLDWYN GIRLS
Released thru
UNITED ARTISTS

Let's eat—!
... Where?
—KING'S
RESTAURANT
—of course!

Breakfast
Morning Coffee
Tiffins
Teas
Dinners
Open from 7 a.m.

First & Mezzanine Floor
King's Theatre Building.



To the well-groomed
man, no detail is too
small to escape his notice.
And that's why he insists
on Kiwi for his shoes.
Kiwi enhances shoe leather,
giving it a lustrous polish
that lasts all day.

KIWI
The Quality Shoe Polish.

W. R. Loxley & Co. (China) Ltd.

THE NEW INDIAN CONSTITUTION

SATISFACTORY
PROGRESS REPORTED

London, Mar. 30. The House of Commons discussed to-night draft Orders-in-Council under the Government of India Act which the Under-Secretary for India, Mr. Butler, said marked a further stage in the steady progress which was being made towards the establishment of a new Constitution in the provinces of India.

He forecast, if progress continued at the rate he hoped, that the new Provincial Legislatures would be able to start work and provincial autonomy would commence at a date which he put approximately at the spring of 1937.

The Opposition, while welcoming the drafts as part of the procedure leading to the inauguration of the new Constitution, offered criticism in detail.

After some discussion of the first draft order relating to qualifications of voters and candidates in provincial elections, the debate was adjourned. —British Wireless.

FANCY DRESS DANCE

R.A.O.C. EVENT
BIG SUCCESS

The R.A.O.C. held a most successful fancy dress dance at the China Fleet Club last night, when over a hundred couples took the floor. The costumes were noteworthy for their variety and excellence, and the music by the band of the East Lancashire Regiment was greatly enjoyed.

The first prize for ladies was won by Mrs. Turner, as "Mazurkette," and the second by Mrs. Whykes as a rustic maiden. For gentlemen, Mr. Ballif secured first prize as "Mazurkette," while Mr. Whitehouse won the second prize as "Tennessee Island." The lucky number was No. 40.

Dancing continued until 1 a.m., and the Association wishes to thank Messrs. H. Andrews, Bullock, France and McQueen for undertaking the arrangements.

RECORD CARGO

London, Mar. 30. The largest South African cargo ever brought to Southampton will be discharged on Monday next from a Union Castle liner homeward bound on her maiden voyage.

The freight amounting to nearly 11,000 tons measurement included wool and skins, fruit, butter and chilled and frozen meat. —British Wireless.

LADY CALDECOTT

A telegram received from Home states that the operation on Lady Caldecott for appendicitis has been entirely successful and that she is making excellent progress. It is continued it is probable that she will sail for the East by the P. and O. s.s. Corfu, due in Hongkong on June 10.

EXCHANGE TO-DAY'S OPENING QUOTATIONS

Selling	
T.T. Demand	1/34
T.T. Singapore	1/34
T.T. Shanghai	55
T.T. Japan	107
T.T. India	110 1/2
T.T. Frisco & New York	85 1/2
T.T. Java	31.15/16
T.T. France	40 1/2
T.T. Manila	4.85
T.T. Bangkok	63 1/2
T.T. Saigon	143 1/2
T.T. Lisbon	48 1/2
Buying	
4 m/s. L/C	1/44
4 b/s. D/P	1/44
4 m/s. L/C	1/44
4 m/s. San Frisco & New York	39.5/11
4 m/s. France	5.13 1/2
New York—London	4.95

EXCHANGE RATES

Mar. 27.		Mar. 28.	
Paris	75.1/4	75.1/4	
Geneva	15.10	15.22 1/2	
Berlin	12.31	12.37	
Nyon	62 1/2	7.31 1/2	
Athens	318	518	
Shanghai	1/2.0/10	1/2.0/10	
New York	4.05	4.94/15/16	
Amsterdam	7.28	7.31 1/2	
Vienna	26 1/2	26 1/2	
Prague	119 1/2	119 1/2	
Bucharest	670	670	
Madrid	30.5/10	36 1/4	
Lisbon	110 1/2	110 1/2	
Hongkong	1/34	1/34	
Bombay	1/34	1/34	
Brussels	20.23 1/2	20.23 1/2	
Monte Video	39.7/10	39 1/2	
Belgrade	217	217	
Yokohama	4.07 1/2	4.07 1/2	
Rio	1/2	1/2	
Silver (Spot)	19.15/16	19.15/16	
Silver (forward) 18%	106 1/2	106 1/2	
War Loan	106 1/2	106 1/2	

—British Wireless.

Observatory returns show that there was a drop in the temperature of 11 degrees from Sunday to Monday. At 4 p.m. on the former date, the temperature was 74, while on Monday at the same time the figure was 63.

The forthcoming wedding is announced of the well-known football player, Mr. Sidney Herbert Strange, and Miss Eileen Elizabeth Standley, residing at 1, Russell Street. Mr. Strange is a hand baller in the King's Land Office, New Territories, and a son in England.

NO DATE SET FOR MILITARY PARLEYS

BRITISH MINISTERS
IN CONFERENCE

OBLIGATIONS
REAFFIRMED

London, Mar. 30. A meeting of Ministers was held this morning at which, besides the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Lord Halifax, Lord Monckton, Lord Swinton, Lord Halifax, Mr. Anthony Eden and Sir Thomas Inskip, new Minister for Co-ordination of Defence, were present.

Contrary to newspaper reports that the meeting would be concerned with approval of the proposed technical conversations with the General Staffs of the Powers still adhering to the Locarno Treaty, it is pointed out in official quarters that Cabinet approval of these talks was involved in the decision of the Government to accept the proposals drawn up at the recent Four-Power conference. The technical arrangements in question were provided for in the third section of the proposal and relate solely to the carrying out of the existing obligations of the British Government under the Locarno Treaty in case of actual unprovoked aggression.

It is understood that no date for the beginning of conversations has yet been fixed, and this question may come before the Cabinet on Wednesday.

Meantime, consideration is being given to the conditions under which the talks would be held, and it is assumed that this was one of the subjects upon which the French Ambassador spoke with the Foreign Secretary when he called at the Foreign Office this afternoon. In agreeing to the conversation between the staffs in connection with their reaffirmation of the Locarno obligations—which was the contribution of the British Government to the restoration of confidence by compensating Belgium and France for loss of security resulting from their removal from the remilitarization of Rhineland—the Government, it is recalled by political commentators, had before them the example of similar technical extension recently agreed at their request, to participate in connection with the possibility of unprovoked aggression in the Mediterranean and in accordance with Article 16, Paragraph 3, of the Locarno Covenant. —British Wireless.

BRITAIN CONDEMNS USE OF GAS

(Continued from Page 1)

were opposed not only to the principles of Christianity but to the most elementary principles of humanity itself. He would be immensely relieved if an assurance could be given that these charges were either unfounded or greatly exaggerated. But if those charges were true and well founded, he hoped the people of the world would be ready to enter a solemn expostulation and protest.

Replying for the Government, Lord Halifax said he wished it were in his power to give an assurance that there was no foundation for these reports. At present, he had not information and could only associate himself with everything said by the previous speakers.

If the reports in fact turned out true, they had a gravity which no speech could exaggerate. It would be for the League Committee of Thirteen to consider and decide on appropriate action. But if the reports were true, it would be the duty and desire of His Majesty's Government to use his utmost efforts to secure not only a practical condemnation of so great outrage upon civilisation, but also to take whatever steps were possible to secure the world against a recurrence of an action so condemned. —British Wireless.

VISITOR DIES IN HONGKONG

ON LEAVE FROM
SINGAPORE

The death occurred at the War Memorial Hospital yesterday afternoon of Mr. Saul Isaac Saul, as a result of an attack of diabetes and heart trouble.

The late Mr. S. I. Saul was attached to the Government Offices in Singapore and had many years of service with the Indian and Singapore Governments. He was on local leave to Singapore when he was taken off the Fushima Maru in Hongkong suffering from a serious attack. He entered the hospital on Friday. He was very well known amongst the Jewish community and others, and leaves a wife and two daughters in Singapore and a son in England.

WANG CHING-WEI ATTEMPT

EXTRADITION CASE
OPENED

The full story of the attempt on the life of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, then President of the Executive Yuan and Foreign Minister, on November 1 last year, was disclosed by Mr. D. L. Strellet, when he opened the case for the Crown against four men whose extradition is being sought by the Nanking authorities. The case came up before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon. The fugitives are Yu Lap-fui alias Li Chi-on, alias Li Shek-yu, aged 47 years, an ex-colonel of a regiment in Shanghai, Chau Sai-ping, Wu Tai-hoi and Cheung Chi-hon.

Mr. Strellet declared that the plot was originally hatched by conspirators working together in Nanking, Shanghai and Hongkong, and a new agency was formed providing a cloak to their activities, but really as a means to approach near their intended victims, Marshal Chiang Kai-shek and Mr. Wang Ching-wei. One attempt had been frustrated owing to a change in the arrangements of the meeting of the Kuomintang and the loss of courage of one of the conspirators, and finally the attempt on Mr. Wang occurred, which ended with the assassin, a reporter in the news agency, being killed and Mr. Wang seriously wounded.

Mr. P. H. Sin is appearing on behalf of all four fugitives, and he agreed to the proposition made by Mr. Strellet that the case against all fugitives should be heard together.

Nanking Charges

Nanking, Mar. 30. Further details of the preliminary examination of the alleged accomplices in the attempted murder of Mr. Wang Ching-wei, former President of the Executive Yuan, were revealed by Government Authorities yesterday.

It is stated that Chang Yuet-wah and Ho Po-kwang, who will be brought before the District Court here this afternoon, at the preliminary examination declared that three men, Wang Ah-chiu, Yu Lap-fui, and Han Ko-chi, were instructed by Generals Li Chai-sun and Chan Ming-sha to carry out the assassination of Nanking leaders. They had established two headquarters in Hongkong. The two prisoners further stated that the persons mentioned above were responsible for the attempted murder of T. V. Soong at Chapel Railway Station some time ago, when T. V. Soong's secretary was the victim of the crime. The crime was alleged to have been carried out under the direction of Yu Lap-fui, who was at the Railway Station at the time. The prisoners stated that Wang Ah-chiu had a number of gangsters under his control. The most notorious were Chau Shi-ping, Ho Tai-hai, and Chang Chi-hai, who stayed in Hongkong to plan the murder.

The Nanking Government officially informed the Hongkong Government Authorities and asked to have the persons concerned arrested. Yu Lap-fui had been arrested in Hongkong, and a number of documents were taken by the Hongkong police. The Nanking Government is now seeking the man's extradition.

It is understood that Yu Lap-fui will be prosecuted separately when he arrives here. —Wah Kiu Yat Po.

ATHLETIC MEETING

OUTSTANDING RESULTS AT
SCHOOL SPORTS

Five records were broken at the fourth annual sports meeting of the Wah Tai College, held yesterday on the South China Athletic Association ground at Caroline Hill. Mr. P. H. Sin distributed the prizes.

Class 1 won the Wah Tai Cup, presented by the Headmaster. Individual honours were gained by Chan Yuk, who carried off the Senior Championship with 21 points, and Ma Han-kwong, who took the Junior Championship with 15 points. The results, in detail, were as follows:

100 Metres, Senior Championship.—1, Li Tin-po; 2, Leung Sat-sang. Time: 11.5 secs. (Record).
100 Metres, Junior Championship.—1, Ma Han-kwong; 2, Ip Man-hon. Time: 12.7 secs.
100 Metres, Midgets.—1, Pan Kwok-lim; 2, Lam Ming-she. Time: 15.3 secs.

400 Metres, Senior Championship.—1, Chan Yuk; 2, Wong Chow. Time: 01 secs.
Long Jump, Senior Championship.—1, Chan Yuk; 2, Ip Man-hon. Distance: 10 ft. 1/2 in. (Record).
Long Jump, Junior Championship.—1, Ma Han-kwong; 2, Ng Chak-fong. Distance: 17 ft. 7 in. (Record).
Putting the Shot (12 lbs.).—1, Wong Chow-mo; 2, Chan Yuk. Distance: 30 ft.

800 Metres, Open Championship.—1, Leung Fook-yau; 2, Wong Chow-mo. Time: 2 mins. 25 1/2 secs. (Record).
100 Metres, Open to Boarders.—1, Yuen Ching-kwong; 2, Wong Hing-chow. Time: 14.5 secs.
3,000 Metres Bicycle Race.—1, Mak Wai-ming; 2, Lo Wing-moon. Time: 8 mins. 50 secs.

200 Metres, Senior Championship.—1, Li Tin-po; 2, Leung Sat-sang. Time: 25.2 secs.
200 Metres, Junior Championship.—1, Ma Han-kwong; 2, Ip Man-hon. Time: 25.5 secs.
High Jump, Senior Championship.—1, Leung Sat-sang; 2, Chan Yuk. Height: 5 ft. 1/2 in.
High Jump, Junior Championship.—1, Cheung Yat-sing; 2, Ip Man-hon. Height: 4 ft. 9 in.

1,500 Metres, Open Championship.—1, Wong Chow-mo; 2, Chan Yuk. Time: 6 mins. 7.5 secs.
100 Metres, Committee Race.—1, Leung Kang-yiu; 2, Law Chin-tang. Time: 12.6 secs.
100 Metres, Open to Members of S.C.A.A.—1, Leung Yau-hung; 2, Suen Han-ngong. Time: 11.6 secs.

110 Metres, Low Hurdles, Open Championship.—1, Chan Yuk; 2, Ip Man-hon. Time: 16.9 secs. (Record).
Obstacle Race.—1, Leung Kwok-kwan; 2, Leung Sat-sang.
1,200 Metres Relay, Open to all schools.—1, St. Joseph's; 2, La Salle. Time: 2 mins. 49 secs.

Inter-Class Relay.—1, Class 1; 2, Class 2. Time: 52.6 secs.
Consolation Race.—1, Sun Tat-wong; 2, Chan Wing-fat. Time: 12.5 secs.
800 Metres, Open to the Colony.—1, Mr. Hamerson; 2, Mr. Phillips. Time: 2 mins. 11.5 secs.

A dinner dance will be held at Repulse Bay Hotel on Wednesday at 8.30 p.m.

and a number of documents were taken by the Hongkong police. The Nanking Government is now seeking the man's extradition.

It is understood that Yu Lap-fui will be prosecuted separately when he arrives here. —Wah Kiu Yat Po.

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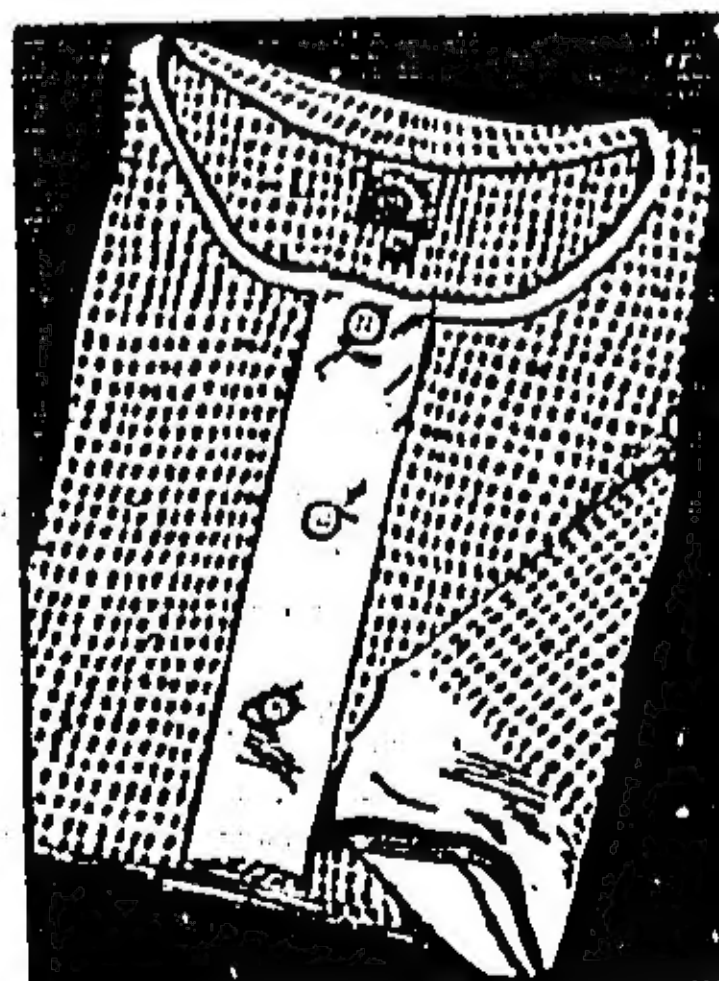
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TUESDAY, MAR. 31, 1936.

COLONY FINANCES

Detailed figures of the Colony's finances for the year 1935, now issued, bear evidence of the effects of high exchange on expenditure, with the result that the twelve months ended with a balance of revenue over outgoings totalling close on \$139,000. Actually, the year's income was \$28,430,549, whilst expenditure totalled \$28,291,636. When we come to compare revenue with the Budget estimate, we find there is a shrinkage of more than two million dollars, this reflecting, in turn, a drop or some \$1,143,000 as against the year 1934. Under only two headings are increases shown when contrasted with the previous year—more than a million dollars in respect of miscellaneous service, and over \$51,000 on interest. The biggest drop is one of \$881,000 on licences and internal revenue not otherwise specified, whilst land sales declined by \$313,000. How marked the last-named shrinkage is may be gathered from the fact that on an expectation of \$600,000 only \$244,000 was actually brought in. Turning to expenditure, we find that on an estimate of \$32,556,102, the outgoings were only \$28,291,636, a drop of over four million dollars, whilst compared with the year 1934 there was a saving of over \$2,800,000. There are increases shown under nine headings and decreases under no less than thirty. The biggest drop in outgoings was \$982,000 in respect of Public Works Extraordinary, and it is of interest to note that the total decline in respect of all P.W.D. votes was over \$1,600,000. The financial position at the end of the year disclosed a balance of assets over liabilities totalling more than twelve million dollars. Up to that stage, therefore, the policy of retaining a credit of at least ten million dollars had been realised. Due to the exchange factor, however, the position has since taken a decided turn for the worse. In this connection, it has to be borne in mind that the Budget for last year was based on a 1s. 4d. dollar, whereas actually the average figure for the year worked out at a much higher level. This point has to be remembered when comparing actual expenditure with the estimate. For the current year, the Budget is calculated on a 1s. 8d. dollar, and it is obvious that nothing like this rate is likely to be realised. This is the circumstance which has put a totally different complexion on the Colony's finances, necessitating the imposition of salary cuts and other forms of retrenchment. Rumours are in



The world washes its hands and postpones death by doing so. It uses the waste product, GLYCERINE, to blow itself to pieces.

PICK up a cake of soap from your washstand, tell yourself that this little compound of oil and alkali has changed human life in the last century more than all the Acts of all the Governments together. Reflect that it has done more to preserve the life and health of man than any other discovery ever made. Consider that without it it would be impossible for the woolen, cotton, silk, wire-drawing, tanning, dyeing and finishing industries to carry on for another day. Then ask your friends to tell you what it is.

"A thing modern life cannot do without" seems to be the nearest thing to a definition. Chemically its components vary from brand to brand. Legally no description of it has yet been given by the Courts.

There is no patent attached to the name—any compound of fats, salt and water can be sold as soap—even if the water is 80 per cent. of it. I suppose the simplest way to define soap is "a chemical reaction resulting

from the mixture of fat and the salt of fatty acids (alkali)."

Having set out what it is as nearly as possible, let us now set out what it has done, a far simpler thing, for the figures of rising soap consumption in Britain over the last 80 years equated with the figures of a falling death-rate really answer that question by themselves.

Year	Total soap consumption per head (toilet soap) per 1,000	Deaths per 1,000
1815	90,000 tons	22
1847	300,000 tons	14
1875	500,000 tons	12

These figures for a normal year, showing the amount of toilet soap used in a few countries, with the comparative death-rate in them, are extremely interesting:

Country	Consumption per head (toilet soap) per 1,000	Deaths per 1,000
Denmark	1.5lb.	10.8
Germany	1.4lb.	11.1
Great Britain and Ireland	1.2lb.	12.0
Italy	1.0lb.	14.0
France	0.8lb.	15.6

The figures must, of course, be taken with caution and reserve.

For instance, the death-rate figures for Great Britain and Ireland are brought up by the heavy rate in the Free State. In England and Wales alone it is only 11.4 per thousand, while in Southern Ireland it is 15. For the German figure I take the index under the Weimar Republic. Since the Hitler revolution the figure has gone up to 13, but then, circumstances are abnormal.

NOTES OF THE DAY

TRADE REVIVAL

The great effects of the trade depression of six or seven years ago have been made more and more manifest by the public attitude to the trade revival during the past two years. While welcoming all the prevalent signs of growing prosperity the British public has viewed it with a certain caution. The slump affected the people so profoundly that they hesitated for long to adopt an absolutely confident attitude towards even obvious improvement. Now that that period of cautious watchfulness appears to be ended, there is a quiet confidence in the financial and commercial condition of the country, and in the prospects for the future. Fortunately financial and trade returns continue to justify this faith in the country's prosperity. The latest figures show that the national revenue is improved. There is a boom in the iron and steel trades. Sheffield is producing more steel than ever before in its whole history. Since 1931 its production has increased by 110 per cent. During the past three years unemployment in Sheffield has fallen from 57,397 to 29,721, and the amount paid in wages has increased by 75 per cent. The motor car industry is also working at full pressure; orders for early spring deliveries are greater than ever before. Electricity production during January exceeded that of a year ago by nearly fifteen per cent. There is more activity in the building, furniture and boot and shoe trades, and in the gas industry. Even the cotton industry, which has lagged behind for so many years, is now improving. This looks like what we used to call prosperity.

circulation of the probability of fresh taxation to meet the situation. On general lines, there will be objection to any such course of action, in addition to which account has to be taken of the danger of undue taxation defeating its own ends. One thing is certain, namely, that any proposals, at this juncture, for adding to existing taxes or for the introduction of new impost: will be most closely scrutinised before being assented to by Unofficial members of the Council or endorsed by public opinion.

WASHING
the
WORLD

By George Edinger

A table of the total soap consumption of all kinds in the chief countries of the world is interesting to read, and the reader can draw his own conclusions from it.

	lbs. per head a year
British Isles	13
Austria	10
Belgium	20
Denmark	21
France	18
Germany	15
Holland	25
Italy	10
Yugo-Slavia	2
Poland	3
China	1/4
U.S.A.	22
Soviet Union	6

It is striking to contrast the figures for toilet soap only with those that denote the total consumption of soap of all kinds. Thus, Germany, which comes high on the list for the consumption of toilet soap at 1.4lb. a head of population compared with 0.8lb. in France, drops in her total consumption to the ratio of 15 to 18. In Britain the consumption of toilet soap works out at 1.2lb. a head out of a total consumption of 13lb.

So we use one pound a year to wash our hands and 17lb. each to wash our clothes and our walls, our wool and the coverings of silk cocoons; and to lubricate wire for wire drawing and soften hides for tanning.

Although the Romans learnt how to make soap 2,000 years ago out of goats' fat and the ashes of beech trees (they brought the art back from Gaul, into which it had been introduced by the Phoenician traders who settled at Marseilles), it did not come into England until the time of Richard II. And it

remained an expensive luxury till within living memory. For one thing it was extremely expensive to make till the discovery in the last century of a way to manufacture the necessary alkali out of common salt; and the introduction about the same time of coconut oil to replace the expensive olive oil. For another it was heavily taxed by successive British Governments, so that in 1852, when the tax was finally removed, the 100,000 tons made in this country (allowing a consumption of 4 lb. each) paid one million pounds to the Exchequer.

Although soap became available to all at a reasonable price after 1852, it was some time before the fact was appreciated. Between the outbreak of war in the Crimea early in September, 1854, and the arrival of Miss Florence Nightingale in November, the authorities at the base hospital in Scutari had managed to wash seven shirts.

But from then, the manufacture went ahead fast till it received in the last war a sudden stimulus that looks like undoing all that it has done to preserve human life, by revealing a new method of destroying it.

For it was suddenly discovered that the waste material after the soap was finished was glycerine, an indispensable component of the nitro-glycerine of which high-explosives are made. It is rather a melancholy comment in human progress that, whereas glycerine had been a by-product of soap till then, soap soon became a by-product of glycerine, the means to prolong life an incidental to the agent of its destruction.

STRANGE COINCIDENCES

I darsay a great number of people have at some time or other of their lives experienced some very strange coincidences.

Some of these happenings are really so startling that it would almost seem as if a spiritual spirit with a keen sense of humour were allowed at certain seasons to poke his nose into our affairs. I give here a few instances which have happened to myself and have made a deep impression on my mind.

The first coincidence occurred a good many years ago, when I was a young man of 25 or so. I had returned to Edinburgh after spending a few days in London on holiday, and one morning I received a letter from a lady friend in that city asking me to procure her, if possible, a spray of Scotch white heather. To tell the truth, I was a little bothered by this

request, simple as it was, as I had no idea where to procure the flower wanted. It worried me all that afternoon, but eventually I dismissed it from my mind.

Next morning on unlocking the door of my business premises I was amazed to find, lying on the floor, four or five sprigs of beautiful white heather, fresh as the dew at which they had been plucked.

These had obviously been pushed through the letter-box, but as I had mentioned the matter to nobody, for what purpose this was done, and by whom, has remained from that day to this an unsolved mystery.

Racing Incidents

Another curious coincidence occurred some five years ago. I had received from the library a novel called "Double Life," by Grant Richards, and settled down for a comfortable evening's reading. The story was quite interesting, dealing with a young married woman who, without the knowledge of her husband, was engaging in an occasional "flirt" on the turf. She had surreptitiously purchased a race-horse and to get the result of the first race she bought an evening paper, opened it, and slowly ran her eye down the racing column. The first thing that caught her attention were the words in large letters, "Surprise win of Nant Coch."

I paused then—where had I just seen these words? Then I remembered. I rose hastily and reopened my newspaper and there at the head of the racing column, in large letters were the words, "Surprise win of Nant Coch. Wins by a short head at 20 to 1."

My last coincidence occurred just three days ago. I had an appointment with my dentist, whom I have known for many years. I left my business premises in good time for this, but decided to break my journey and call upon a new customer (we shall call him Mr. Less) and personally deliver a garment he had ordered two days before.

I interviewed Mr. Less, found everything satisfactory and proceeded to keep my appointment. Chatting away in a desultory fashion with my dentist friend, he mentioned casually he was going down town to get his hair cut. Just as casually I inquired where he generally got this operation performed. "Oh," he said, "I always go to Messrs. So-and-So, but there is only one man there I allow to 'cut my hair'—a Mr. Less."

Ye Gods! out of Edinburgh's population of four hundred thousand inhabitants, he had to mention the man I had left ten minutes before. Queer, wasn't it?

J. C. O.

SIDE GLANCES By George Clark



"I'm giving you just one week to pay those claims and you know I never stand for any monkey business."

White Paper On Defence

ORGANISING INDUSTRY FOR WAR WORK

FIRMS TO
LAY DOWN
PLANTGUARANTEE OF
PEACE TIME
ORDERS

(Continued from Page 3.)

"Our present sources of supply are the Government factories and the normal Government contractors, who, in peace, manufacture various types of armament."

"The Government factories are chiefly responsible for a specialised kind of output which is generally non-existent elsewhere. This includes the production of explosives and propellants, the filling of shells and cartridges and the manufacture of fuses, bombs, mines and torpedoes."

"To meet present requirements in these categories it will be necessary to extend or duplicate existing Government factories, and both vulnerability of site and the needs of the Special Areas will receive consideration."

"The normal Government contractors supply warships, aircraft, artillery, machine-guns, tanks, lorries and miscellaneous stores of every description."

"They also supply a great variety of articles for export and home consumption, and for both purposes they subcontract for materials, fittings and stores. To some extent it will be possible for them to contribute to the increased output required by extending their plant or workshops."

"But in the course of investigation it soon became apparent that, even for the purposes of the peace-time programme"

the field would have to be extended to other firms not normally engaged in armament work, and at the same time it was clear that this extension would to some extent assist in the establishment of the organisation necessary to ensure rapid expansion of production in time of war."

"In connection with the approved programme for the Royal Air Force, steps are already being taken to extend the field of production by placing orders with firms who do not ordinarily manufacture for the Force or for civil aviation. This process of extension will have to be further enlarged to meet the programmes for the Navy and Army, but even so something more will be required."

RESERVE SOURCE
OF SUPPLIES

"In order satisfactorily to provide for our needs both in peace and war, His Majesty's Government have decided to create a reserve source of supply which would be available in case of emergency."

"The method of procedure contemplated is to select a number of firms who do not normally make warlike stores but who are suitable for the purpose by reason of their experience and their possession of a skilled staff of engineers and workmen."

"Arrangements would then be made with these firms for the laying down of the necessary plant and machinery for a given output of selected articles and sufficient orders in peace time would be guaranteed to allow of the requisite training in the work of production."

"The particular circumstances will vary in connection with every firm and with different types of product. Wide elasticity of arrangements must therefore be provided for, but the underlying principle is that each selected firm, while maintaining and developing its normal civil trade, will agree to use its organisation and commercial structure to set up some measure of munition production and thus create the reserve source of supply."

SUPPLY OF
SKILLED LABOUR

"There remain two other important features of the Government's plans for the organisation of production which must be mentioned."

"The first concerns the supply of skilled labour, for which there will necessarily be a largely increased demand."

"In some of the skilled occupations there is already noticeable the shortage inevitable when large and sudden demands are made upon labour supplies after a period of depression."

"It will be for the industries concerned, with such guidance as the Government can give, to make sure that vital processes are not held up for want of the necessary craftsmen."

WHAT EXPERIENCE
HAS SHOWN

"The second point concerns costs and prices. His Majesty's Government are determined that the needs of the nation shall not serve to pile up extravagant profits for those who are called upon to meet them."

"They are confident that industry as a whole has no desire to exploit the situation, and indeed they have already received satisfactory assurances from the Federation of British Industries of their readiness to collaborate."

"But when regular contractors are required to work nearly to their full capacity on Government orders, and when large numbers of firms are asked to undertake work which is new to them and which will have to be produced on equipment of which they have had no previous experience, the ordinary methods of contracting do not offer adequate safeguards for ensuring that prices bear their proper relation to actual costs."

"His Majesty's Government have given much time and thought to this matter, and they have been materially aided by the experience gained during

White Paper in Brief

I. REASONS

1. For many years necessary defence expenditure has been postponed in the hope of disarmament.
2. Britain, unlike other nations, cannot concentrate her forces in limited areas. She has calls to meet all over the world.
3. The Italo-Abyssinian dispute has shown that British interests in the Mediterranean and Red Sea could be safeguarded, but only at the cost of denuding other areas.
4. Our present weakness would prevent us from playing our due part in enforcing collective security.
5. Germany, France, Belgium, Italy, Russia, Japan, the United States, are all rearming.

II. PROGRAMME

- | | | |
|---|--|---|
| <p>(a) Navy</p> <p>2 new battleships to be begun in 1937.</p> <p>Modernisation of existing battleships.</p> <p>Increase of cruisers to 70.</p> <p>5 new cruisers in 1936 programme.</p> <p>Steady replacement of destroyers and submarines.</p> <p>New aircraft-carrier.</p> <p>Increase of men by 6,000 by March 31, 1937.</p> <p>"A considerable expansion" of the Fleet Air Arm.</p> | <p>(b) Air Force</p> <p>Last year's programme of 1,500 first-line aircraft increased to 1,750 for R.A.F.</p> <p>Larger real increase.</p> <p>12 more squadrons for Empire defence.</p> <p>4 more squadrons for co-operation with the Territorial Army.</p> <p>2 more squadrons for co-operation with the Regular Army.</p> <p>Increased recruiting.</p> <p>Increased reserves in men and material.</p> | <p>(c) Army</p> <p>4 new battalions of infantry.</p> <p>Reorganisation and re-equipment, especially of Field Artillery.</p> <p>Improvement of equipment and training of Territorial Army.</p> <p>Modernisation of coast defences.</p> <p>Reorganisation of anti-aircraft defences in South-East England.</p> <p>Improved housing.</p> |
|---|--|---|

III. CO-ORDINATION

The White Paper adds nothing to the statement of the Government's plans made by the Prime Minister on February 27.

IV. MOBILISATION OF INDUSTRY AND LABOUR

Industry to be organised so that it can rapidly change over from commercial to war production.

Extension and duplication of Government factories. Vulnerability and the needs of the Special Areas to be taken into account.

Orders to be given to firms not now making armaments, so that they will have the plant and skill available in time of war.

Steps to be taken to remedy shortage of skilled labour.

No extravagant profits.

Committees to be set up in each trade to control orders.

Control of prices by inspection of books, technical costings, etc.

V. FINANCE

No delay "by the over-elaboration of financial safeguards."

"Any attempt to estimate the total cost would be premature at this stage."

Service Estimates "Must
In Future Be Larger"

the last few months by the Air Ministry working under conditions of exceptional pressure.

CONTRACTS WILL
BE SUPERVISED

"On the one hand, it is important to retain the goodwill of industry, for in peace time firms cannot be compelled to undertake contracts on terms which they consider unreasonable."

"On the other hand, difficulties are bound to arise in dealing with so many and such various sources of supply, where there are not only contractors, but also sub-contractors and sub-sub-contractors concerned."

"There will be new problems where firms require financial assistance in order to lay down new plant and hold it at the Government's disposal, and these cases will be particularly urgent, since until they are met it will not be possible to make a start."

"It will be necessary also to co-ordinate the demands of the three Services so that proper priority shall be observed and competition between them, which might lead to higher prices, avoided."

"His Majesty's Government believe that all these difficulties can be overcome through the organisation they have in mind."

"As regards the principal contractors, contact will be made with them by the Service Departments, while in the case of sub-contractors in secondary or ancillary sections of organised industry, it is intended that communications shall pass through small committees to be appointed by the trade organisations themselves."

"Control to prevent excessive profits will be effectively exercised by inspection of books, adequate technical costings, audits on behalf of the State and arbitration in cases of dispute."

"The Government are satisfied that this can be done without impairing the confidence and enterprise of contractors undertaking novel and difficult tasks."

New Use For Meerschaum

DYING INDUSTRY IS
REVIVED—FOR MILADY

Budapest, Mar. 23.

The *Magyarország* reports that the dying meerschaum industry has been revived by the new fashion of using meerschaum for cosmetic purposes.

Pieces of polished meerschaum are now being used by women for smoothing lines from the face and absorbing grease, and are proving a rival to cosmetic preparations. This use of meerschaum for beautifying purposes was known a century ago, when ground meerschaum was used as faced powder by the beauties of the time.

The meerschaum cutting industry started in Hungary about two centuries ago, and was a flourishing trade, as gentlemen and peasants and burghers smoked meerschaum pipes as a matter of course. Simple pipes for the peasants cost

from five to six florins, but carved pipes cost as much as a hundred and fifty to two hundred and fifty florins.

WORKS OF ART

These carved pipes were real works of art, showing stag-hunts, national designs, and even portraits of famous men, and were often of such a size that one holding was sufficient to last a whole day.

During the past century every gentleman had his collection of "Tschibuk" (a meerschaum pipe with a long stem), and the inevitable

pairing the confidence and enterprise of contractors undertaking novel and difficult tasks.

"Co-ordination of Service requirements will be effected through the existing Principal Supply Officers Committee Organisation of the Committee of Imperial Defence, and the new Deputy Chairman of the Committee of Imperial Defence will be able to supervise the whole system of supply and correct any deficiencies that may be found to arise."

"Treasury control will, of course, be maintained throughout the whole field. It will be important, however, to see that the work is not delayed by the over-elaboration of financial safeguards, and new methods of procedure are being worked out which will ensure the effectiveness of financial control without impairing the continuity of progress."

"From what has already been said as to the necessary flexibility of this programme, and in view of the uncertainty which must exist as to the rate of progress possible over so large a field, it will be realised that any attempt to estimate the total cost of the measures described would be premature at this stage."

"The original estimates for the coming year, which will shortly be before the House, will themselves require to be supplemented by provision for further defence measures referred to in this Paper; these for the following years must necessarily be larger."

"In the absence of any scheme of general disarmament it must be anticipated that the annual cost of maintenance for the recognised Services must remain on a higher level, and will in all likelihood substantially exceed the original estimates about to be submitted."

"The decline in meerschaum coincides with the economic crisis. The cheapest meerschaum pipe costs about twenty-five shillings, a price beyond the means of all but rich men to-day. Nine meerschaum shops remain in the city, and find their principal customers in England and America."

The oldest shop, among them, which has turned out meerschaum pipes for a hundred and forty years, sells an average of one pipe a week in this country in place of the fifty or sixty pipes ordered weekly a century ago. Old meerschaum pipes are highly treasured in some parts of the country. A citizen of Szeged owns a pipe which he would not exchange for its weight in gold.

This pipe, which is covered with silver, serves its owner as a barometer, for when rain is due in a day or two the nicotine sap bubbles between the cracks in the silver.

GARCIA HERO ILL

Lieut.-Col. Andrew S. Rowan, whose epic exploit at the outbreak of the Spanish-American War inspired Elbert Hubbard to write "A Message to Garcia" is seriously ill in his San Francisco home. In 1898 Rowan made a hazardous trip through Cuban war lines, contacted the Cuban military leader, and returned with information that hastened the end of the war.



able after-dinner debate on politics could not be begun till these pipes had been lit.

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RADIO
BROADCASTA Talk by the Empire
Programme Director

IMPERIAL AFFAIRS

From Z.B.V. on a wavelength of 955 metres (845 kilocycles):

4.7 p.m. Chinese Programme.

7.30 p.m. Excerpts from Grand Opera.

Arias—Willow Song ("Otello") (Verdi); Hall Mary, Full of Grace ("Otello") (Verdi); Elisabeth Rethberg (Soprano); Orchestra—"Manon" (Fauré); Arias—"Manon" (Fauré); No. 10 ("Turandot") (Puccini); Nobody shall sleep ("Turandot") (Puccini); Alessandro Valentini (Tenor); Orchestra—Die Flodermaus Selection (J. Strauss).

7.30-7.47 p.m. A Recital by Fritz Kreisler (Violin).

1. Londonderry Air (arr. Kreisler); 2. A May Breeze (Mendelssohn, arr. Kreisler); 3. Shepherd's Madrigal (Kreisler); 4. Gypsy Caprice (Kreisler).

7.47-8 p.m. Four Songs by Malcolm McEachern (Bass).

1. The Cobbler's Song from "Chu Chin Chow"; 2. I'm a Roamer (Mendelssohn); 3. Berenshire Cream and Cider (Sanderson); 4. Up from Somers (Sanderson).

8 p.m. Time and Weather Report; Stock Quotations.

8.05-8.45 p.m. A Variety Programme.

Instrumental—I Cover the Waterfront... arranged for Eight Pianists; Vocal—It's Written All over your face; The Object of my affection... The Boswell Sisters; Castanets Solos—Serenata... La Argentina; Vocal—Where the arches used to be... Flanagan and Allen; Organ Solos—Film Hits of the Moment... Sydney Torch; Vocal—Ida Sweet as Apple Cider... The Mills Brothers; Instrumental—Canadian Capers, Kitten on the Keys... The Six Keyboard Kings; Orchestra—Medley of Leslie Stuart's Songs.

8.45-9.15 p.m. A Relay from Daventry.

8.45 p.m. "Your Programme from Daventry." A talk by the Empire Programme Director.

9 p.m. Daventry News Bulletin.

9.15-9.40 p.m. The New Mayfair Orchestra.

Selection—The Dubarry; Britelodia (Selection of British Melodies); Selection—The Cat and the Fiddle.

9.40-10 p.m. Songs by Dick Powell (Tenor).

1. The Words are in my heart; 2. Down Sunshine Lane; 3. Outside of you; 4. Lonely Gondolier; 5. Lullaby of Broadway; 6. I'm goin' shopping with you.

10 p.m. Big Ben.

10.10-10.15 p.m. Dance Music.

10.15-10.30 p.m. A Relay from Daventry.

A Talk on "Imperial Affairs" by H. V. Hodson.

10.30-11 p.m. Dance Music.

11 p.m. Close Down.

DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

The following wavelengths and frequencies are shown on Daventry.

Call Sign	Frequency	Wavelength
GSA	8,850 k.c.	45.5 metres
GSD	9,410 k.c.	31.8 metres
GSC	9,880 k.c.	30.2 metres
GSE	11,760 k.c.	25.3 metres
GSH	12,480 k.c.	23.7 metres
GSP	15,140 k.c.	19.7 metres
GSG	17,790 k.c.	16.8 metres
GSI	21,470 k.c.	13.7 metres
GSL	25,240 k.c.	11.9 metres
GSM	31,110 k.c.	9.6 metres

Transmission 1

(G.S.B., G.S.B.)

2.15 p.m. Big Ben. "With and Without Prejudice." (Gala Programme).

2 p.m. A Recital by Kendall Taylor (Pianoforte).

Greenwich Time Signal at 2.15 p.m.

2.30 p.m. "Four Programmes from Daventry."

3.45 p.m. A Recital by Ruth Perry (New Zealand Contralto).

4 p.m. The News.

4.15 p.m. Close down.

Transmission 2

(G.S.B., G.S.B.)

7.40 p.m. Big Ben. The Serge Kriak Septet. "Conquest of the Air—The Significance of Air Power."

Greenwich Time Signal at 7.45 p.m.

8 p.m. The D.D.C. Northern Ireland Orchestra.

8.45 p.m. "Four Programmes from Daventry."

9 p.m. The News.

9.15 p.m. An Organ Recital by Margaretta Norton from the College of Technology, Manchester.

9.45 p.m. Close down.

Transmission 3

(G.S.B., G.S.B.)

10 p.m. Big Ben. A Recital by Edwin Hewitt (Pianoforte).

10.15 p.m. Talk "Imperial Affairs."

10.30 p.m. The Birmingham Theatre Royal Orchestra.

10.45 p.m. "Four Ideas."

11.15 p.m. Harry Eagleman's Quintet, with Vernon Adeock (Xylophone and Harmonica).

11 p.m. "Four Programmes from Daventry."

12.30 a.m. Dance Music.

Greenwich Time Signal at 12.30 a.m.

12.35 a.m. The News.

1 a.m. Dance Music.

1 a.m. Close down.

One case each of Diphtheria, Typhoid and Meningitis were reported to the local Health authorities during the week-end.

The Hongkong Wolf Cub Rally is to be held at the Volunteer parade ground at 2.30 p.m. on Saturday, April 4.



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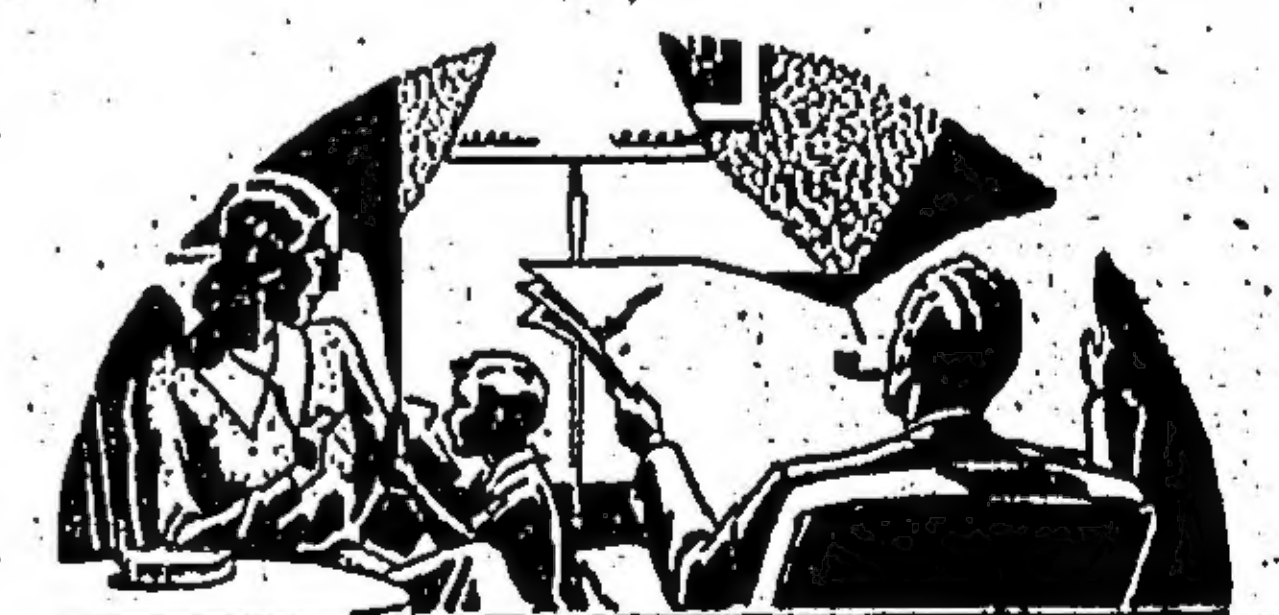
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TSUI BROTHERS DO IT: RUMJAHNS DEFEATED

YOUNG CHINESE COUPLE'S HISTORIC ACHIEVEMENT

HOW K.C.C. WON THE CRICKET LEAGUE

MCAVOY WANTS TO BE A "HEAVY"

Chance Against Petersen

When Jack McAvoy comes down to fight Jack Petersen at Earl's Court in April he will have the comforting moral support that no one in the north believes he can be beaten.

What is more, the backers of Petersen are just as hard to find in the south—apart from Wales, where, naturally, he is regarded in the same unshakable light as McAvoy.

Petersen has disappointed us often, but his form in his last fight with Harvey was definitely good. McAvoy has captured the imagination with his smashing wins in America. His admirers think there is nothing in boxing to-day to equal the power of his punching.

Maybe they are right. But Petersen's punch was just as famous not so long ago. He is still young enough to have kept it.

AN 8 LB. MARGIN

McAvoy will be giving away weight and height but not to an extent that should make any difference.

That leaves a margin of 8 lbs.—not a vital amount to a man of McAvoy's calibre.

The one big difference is in reach—Petersen 80½ ins., McAvoy 70 ins. That 10 ins. in favour of Petersen may be a big factor in the fight.

A GRAND BEGINNING

McAvoy's ambitions now are purely heavy-weight. In a cable message from New York he said:

"I have fought all the leading light-heavy-weights and middle-weights in England. I want more and better fights, so the only thing I can do is to take on heavy-weights."

"But I want to make my heavy-weight debut at home. Petersen is a grand beginning."

One report states that McAvoy is aiming at a fight with Joe Louis, the "Brown Bomber."

Well, he might be able to give half a stone to Petersen, but it is to be hoped he never takes the same risk with Louis. That would be tempting providence too much.

As a middle-weight he is supreme. As a light-heavy-weight he may win the British heavy-weight title, but as a serious contender for world heavy-weight honours he is not to be regarded in the same class as Louis.

NICHOLS AGAIN CHAMPION

WINS BADMINTON TITLE

R. C. F. Nichols regained the men's singles title at the All-England Badminton Championships, at the Royal Horticultural Hall, Westminster, when he beat R. M. White (Liverpool) who, like himself, had previously won it twice, in the final, 15-10, 17-11, 15-10.

Lack of regular tournament play had an adverse effect on White's game, in which his famous smash was little in evidence, but Nichols was clever, and he did not offer White many chances of a kill. Nichols might have won in two games, for in the set of 5 in the second game he led by 4-3.

The left-handed Miss Thelma Kingsbury won the women's singles championship for the first time by beating Mrs. H. S. Uber (Surrey) who was also rather short of singles practice, in the final, 6-11, 11-3, 11-2. In both the first and second games there was a sequence at one time of seven blank hands, and this proved that much of the play was defensive. Miss Kingsbury owed her victory more to her stamina and acrobatic retrieving than to her stroke-play.

Men's Singles—R. C. F. Nichols (Middlesex) beat R. M. White (Lancashire) (holder), 15-10, 17-11, 15-10.

Women's Singles—Miss T. Kingsbury (Hampshire) beat Mrs. H. S. Uber (Surrey) (holder), 6-11, 11-3, 11-2.

Women's Doubles—Mrs. M. Henderson (Hampshire) and Miss T. Kingsbury (Hampshire) (holders) beat Mrs. L. S. Uber (Surrey) and Miss D. Dowson (Surrey), 15-10, 6-11, 11-2.

Veteran's Doubles—R. C. Dettelle and C. P. Harrington (1) beat R. D. Marshall and R. C. St. John (2), 15-10, 15-11.

TSUI WAI-PUI SETS A NEW STANDARD OF VOLLEYING



TSUI WAI-PUI—He sparried.

VICTORY WAS MERITED

(By "Veritas")

Two brothers, playing inspired tennis, were yesterday responsible for the dethronement of Hongkong's doubles champions, S. A. and H. D. Rumjahn when they met on the stand court of the Cricket Club in the third round of the current championship. For eleven years the Rumjahns cousins have reigned supreme and fate, indulging in a fanciful twist of irony decreed that they should yield their crown at the very time when, to all intents and purposes, opposition was at its weakest.

Everybody who has had the opportunity of studying the progress of the Tsui brothers appreciated that they were capable of giving the champions a hot game, but I think very few indeed would have been bold enough to envisage their beating the Rumjahns. It was, in the purest sense of that much maligned phrase, a brilliant victory: achieved on merits and the outcome of a tennis display which has not been surpassed in the Colony championships for many years.

E. L. Andrews would have enjoyed watching the match for he would have seen put into practice by Tsui Wai-pui the advice he gave Hongkong players four years ago when he emphasised the necessity for more aggressive volleying.

NEW CUT-OFF VOLLEY

Yesterday Tsui Wai-pui showed Hongkong how effective can be the cut-off volley made with the racket travelling forward. It was his ace shot and it scored consistently. Time and again it has been made very clear that to beat the Rumjahns from the net one must pull out a faster volley. To the ordinary semi-defensive chop volley they can play all day and night and still come out on top, but in this match they were beaten by the sheer speed of the ball from the racket which found them caught on the wrong foot or gave them no chance of making an adequate return.

Another striking feature of the winners' display was their magnificent teamwork. The Rumjahns have long-standing has always been recognised as pre-eminent in local tennis, but they could give no pointers to the Tsui brothers, who, with but two exceptions, were always in the right place, and even when on the run to retrieve a lob, succeeded in making the correct return.

Chief individual honours must be accorded Tsui Wai-pui, whose generalship was only equaled by his daring and spectacular shots. Tsui exposed his whole display with their magnificent teamwork. The Rumjahns have long-standing has always been recognised as pre-eminent in local tennis, but they could give no pointers to the Tsui brothers, who, with but two exceptions, were always in the right place, and even when on the run to retrieve a lob, succeeded in making the correct return.

Tsui Wai-pui also served with more than ordinary accuracy, his heavily topped first deliveries making more than usual pace. He has certainly never played better tennis in Hongkong.

JUST FOR A MOMENT—1

One feels too that it is difficult to overstate the excellence of Tsui Wai-pui's performance. His big display (Continued on Page 9)



Fine action study of Miss Thelma Kingsbury, caught by the camera while winning the All England badminton championship from Mrs. H. S. Uber.

TWO BADMINTON MATCHES IN THE ONE EVENING

RECREIO POLISHING OFF THEIR OUTSTANDING FIXTURES

Recreio "A" played two matches last evening in the badminton league, beating Sailors and Soldiers Home in the men's doubles by nine games to love and the S. and S. mixed team by the same margin.

St. Andrew's "A" also consolidated their position in the men's division by beating V.R.C. seven games to two. V.R.C. turned up one short and had to concede three games.

MEN'S DOUBLES
RECREIO "A" v. S. and S. HOME
Played at King's Park, Recreio winning by nine games to love.

St. Andrew's "A" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.
M. Wells and A. S. Biles (St. Andrew's) beat C. Nolasco da Silva and S. A. Rumjahn 21-0, 21-0.
E. F. Fincher and H. Kew (St. Andrew's) beat R. M. White and H. S. Uber 21-0, 21-0.

LEAGUE TABLE
P. W. L. F. A. Pts.
Recreio "A" 20 19 1 128 10 38
Recreio "B" 18 17 1 112 23 34
St. Andrew's "A" 19 15 4 109 64 30
C.R.C. 19 14 5 111 45 28
Elliot Hall "B" 17 12 5 83 43 22
Recreio "B" 15 10 6 73 44 20
St. John's 13 8 10 73 89 10
Fire Brigade 12 8 11 66 95 16
v.v.c. 12 4 14 49 95 8
Kowloon Tong 22 3 19 40 104 6
St. Andrew's "B" 19 12 7 34 102 2
S. and S. Home 18 1 17 30 148 2

MIXED DOUBLES

RECREIO "A" v. S. and S. HOME
At King's Park last night Recreio won by 9 games to nil in the Mixed

ENGLISH LEAGUE FOOTBALL

London, Mar. 30.

Two matches were played in the English football league to-day. In the second division Port Vale visited Southampton and won by the only goal scored, while in the northern section of the third division Chesterfield, although on their own ground, could only play a goalless draw with Stockport.—Reuter.

Doubles Division.
J. J. Remello and Miss C. Silva (Recreio "A") beat W. Sprague and Mrs. Edwards 21-0, 21-0.
C. Taylor and Mrs. Edwards 21-0, 21-0.
H. Hall and Mrs. Brown 21-0, 21-0.
M. A. Oliveira and Miss M. Silva (Recreio "A") beat Sprague and Edwards 21-0, 21-0.
Taylor and Edwards 21-0, 21-0.
Brown 21-0.

LEAGUE TABLE
P. W. L. F. A. Pts.
Recreio "A" 14 13 1 81 18 35
C.R.C. 16 13 2 103 29 28
Fire Brigade 10 13 3 107 37 23
Recreio "B" 16 8 7 78 41 16
St. John's 14 7 7 64 62 14
St. Andrew's 14 6 8 48 78 12
Kowloon Tong 13 3 13 46 93 6
Tallcoo 11 2 9 21 78 4
S. and S. Home 15 0 15 21 114 0

MACKAY'S BATTING WAS AMONG HIGHSPOTS OF MATCH

GOSANO BOWLED WELL BUT WITHOUT LUCK

(By R. Abbit)

Playing the right type of cricket, Kowloon Cricket Club swept on to a decisive and well merited victory against University on Saturday and thus won the Senior League shield. R. Abbit, the Colony's leading cricket commentator, who watched the match, gives the following special description.

Starting in a very humble way this season, the K.C.C. could have found plenty of people to lay them about seven to one against winning the Shield. Both the Army and the Club were fancied in some quarters while as usual the I.R.C. had many supporters. As we all know, until a fortnight ago the I.R.C. seemed to have the Shield in their pockets, but a surprise defeat by the University made all the difference.

The K.C.C. had been lucky to find their batsmen getting back to good form after some period of collapse, while their great weakness as a team, their bowling, was helped enormously by the return of Frank Goodwin, their skipper, who always bowled steadily and sometimes brilliantly. S. V. Gittins, too, developed as a change bowler, getting many wickets with his slow off turners. And so after an early draw and another one later against the I.R.C. they pulled off their five other matches to lead the Indians by one point and to win the Shield.

One of the keenest sides in the Colony, and one of the best balanced, they thoroughly deserve their success.

GOSANO WINS THE TOSSE.

The first step in the contest at Pokfulam on Saturday was taken when Gosano won the toss and (as Goodwin would have done in his place) sent his opponents in to bat. The game started at thirteen minutes past two—both sides were one short I gather—but in view of the remoteness of the ground this was not so bad.

Gosano bowled from the Pavilion end as usual and Ozorio shared the attack. The usual Kowloon pair opened and they stayed together for half an hour during which time they had put on 37 runs. Of these Lav had made 25 very nicely and he kept on in trying to force the pace, hitting across a straight one from Gosano.

Meantime Fincher had been in considerable difficulties at times with Gosano and was rather lucky not to be out on at least two occasions. Neither MacKay, who came in first wicket, seemed to be able to get the ball away and after 40 minutes play he had only scored 14 runs.

CHANGING THE BOWLING

After he had bowled for 45 minutes Ozorio was given a spell and P. Power relieved him—a mistake I think, as he was bowling much the same sort of stuff, only slower. As it turned out Blake, a left-hander, would have been a better change than Gosano could not be blamed as Blake, I understand, had not been able to play very much and there was no reason to assume he would bowl as usefully as he subsequently did.

However, easy though Power seemed, the batsmen did not seem to get him away, and it looked as if they ought to have batted a bit more, though the University fielders were very keen and saved no end of runs. Meanwhile Fincher did hit Gosano for two very nice fours running but off the next ball he must have been very nearly l.b.w.—the bowler and wicket keeper both appealing very confidently.

GOSANO OFF

After bowling an hour Gosano put on Ozorio in his own place and changed Blake for Power. The Varsity skipper had bowled very well, for at this period his figures were 11-1-23-11. Teddy Fincher had taken an hour over his first 26 runs. Ozorio however did not seem to take kindly to the Pavilion end and sent down several long hops which were well and truly hooked, chiefly by MacKay. Indeed from now on to a period about 20 minutes before they declared the Kowloon men got most of their runs from hooking and leg side play, and seemed singularly unwilling to hit the pitched-up ball. Unfortunately the Varsity bowlers got on to the short side about now.

FINCHER DISMISSED

Gosano soon resumed and at 87 Blake had Fincher l.b.w. for a steady 55. His brother succeeded him and both batsmen now began to lash out. Gosano went off again for 40, leaving Blake to hold down the other end, which he did fairly successfully. Though Ernie Fincher scored a most curious four to longstop from a ball which seemed to go under his bat, touching it and missing the off stump.

Next over the same player on-drove Ozorio tremendously hard, the ball never rising above shoulder height and yet reaching Power who was standing 25 yards at least very fine bonnet the bowler. He had no time to move to it but took a beautiful catch about the level of his boot-laces (158-3-31).

A BRILLIANT CATCH

"E.F." had played exactly the right sort of innings for his side, but I should mention that MacKay was also playing beautiful cricket, his hooking especially being delightful, while he seemed to have got over his earlier disinclination to jump in and drive.

Hung, slashed at once and Tsui made a nice catch at deep mid-wicket off Blake who had resumed for Gosano (100-4-1). At 4 p.m. with the score at 173 (one scoring book I thought had it down as 172.1) Goodwin declared. He was entirely right to do so. A draw was as bad as a loss, and though his bowling was not very strong, he had the knowledge that the Varsity had had a pretty tiring hour and three quarters on what was easily the hottest day we have had for months!

Incidentally of the big scorers MacKay (74 not out) hit thirteen fours, Ernie six and Teddy Fincher five. (Continued on Page 9)

Ice Hockey Protest Stops Match

U.S. TEAM'S SENSATION

A "bomb" was dropped into the British ice-hockey world last night when the American Olympic team refused to play an exhibition match against an all-star team from Empress Stadium, Earl's Court. They gave as their reason that they were suspended by the Canadian Amateur Ice Hockey Association. However, British ice-hockey authorities say that they have had no official indication of such suspensions.

Thousands of people who went to Empress Stadium last night to see what was expected to be one of the season's most exciting matches were greatly disappointed.

1,000 TURN AWAY

Special men were posted outside the Stadium announcing that the American team would not appear, but that another game had been substituted.

The crowd seemed to take the disappointment in good spirit, and about 3,000 paid their admission into the rink. Perhaps another thousand preferred to go elsewhere for their entertainment.

The four players whom the American claim have been suspended are: Scotty McAlpine, Don Wilson, Gar Preston, Howie Peterson.

PUZZLED

McAlpine, Peterson, and Willson are star players with the Earl's Court Rangers; Preston plays right wing for the Kensington Carinthians. The substitute game arranged was between these two teams.

PSYCHOLOGISTS SEEKING A CURE FOR "PUNCH-DRUNK" BOXERS

(By Trevor Wignall)

The very interesting news has reached me that the Psychological Department of Guy's Hospital are engaged in an inquiry into the present condition of boxers who have suffered either mentally or physically as the result of heavy punishment taken in the ring.

The research which it is hoped will determine the neurological and psychological changes that have taken place, will probably occupy several months.

I strongly recommend this course to those whose sight has been affected, and to those other who have fallen victims to the condition called punch-drunk.

A doctor mentioned to me yesterday that medical science is not even yet certain about the causes of knock-outs, or of the effects they produce. The spectacle of former pugilists who have lost their sight, or who haltingly walk on their legs, is always a painful one, and the wonder to me is that an investigation was not conducted long ago.

I could mention the names of many who are in a sad condition as a consequence of the blows they received.

One of the most famous in the world has still to take constant treatment because of the state of his eyes; not so long ago he told me that they were worrying him almost to death.

The inquiry that is now being made is an important one, but difficulties will be created for it if a sufficient number of men do not offer themselves for examination.

One or two will not be nearly enough, but I am very hopeful that a score or more will communicate with the hospital without delay.

They will be doing good to themselves, and to others who will follow them.

SENIOR CHAMPIONSHIP-DECIDING CRICKET MATCH FULLY DESCRIBED

FAST BOWLING BY ROBIN LEE

(Continued from Page 8.)

Gosano and Ozorio had a pretty gruelling time but worked very hard—the former was distinctly unlucky on several occasions early on—and Blake did his share of keeping the runs down. Indeed he had on paper the best analysis. I give the figures which are interesting:

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Gosano	17	61	1	
Ozorio	14	1	69	1
Power	2	1	4	0
Blake	9	3	33	2

A BAD START

At 4.16 the Varsity set out to make 174 runs in two hours—by no means an impossible task on the small ground. It seemed vital to me that their first wicket should make a good stand to sandpaper the bowling down before Ride and Gosano got at it.

But to my surprise Ride, and not Tata, accompanied Fong to the wicket. No doubt Gosano's idea was that with so many to get he could not afford to start with two slow batsmen but I think this was wrong. A bit of delay at the start is easier to make up for than to make up for a bad start, as the K.C.C. innings had shown. "If that believeth shall not make haste," which is another way of saying that Ride is too impetuous a batsman to risk against the first freshness of the bowling if you can arrange so it was. Robert Lee opened from the tennis-courts' end and after Ride had glanced his first ball beautifully to leg for four, he sent down a maiden, from the last ball of which there was a resolute appeal for a catch at the wicket. He did not think however that Ride was very near it.

It was at once obvious that Lee was bowling much faster than he has done this season, and also that he seemed to like the matting. He had three slips, a backward point and a deep third man. Goodwin bowled at the other end and for a time just pluggled away quietly, leaving things to Lee. In the latter's second over there was a dropped catch that might have lost the Shield as Fong nicked on to Smith at first slip. The catch was low down but it should have been caught.

However, as it turned out, it made little difference for Fong was quite at sea with R. Lee and was just hanging out his bat at them. Mackay took him smartly behind the stumps off the first ball of the third over. Gosano very nearly gave a chance off his first ball but it pitched well short of Smith and shot on us for a single. And then off the last ball of the over came a tragedy. Ride had let three go past his off stump and the last was nearly a long hop—but no ball to hit so early on. He cut at it and gave Smith a chance to redeem himself, which was promptly accepted. (8-2-5).

This was just what I feared about Ride. He told me that he had no intention of playing at anything outside the off stump and short and that the shot was made automatically. I expect a lot of us know just what he means. It is the same impulse that makes us hang on five dollars just before the bell rings! And the pony never wins.

GOSANO BEATEN BY GOODWIN

Practically everything hinged now on Gosano, with a later batsman. One felt that could he keep up an end, anything might happen. But when only 17 runs had been scored he was out by Goodwin, amid cheers from the K.C.C. spectators.

I have never seen a clearer case of how little one can tell save from plumb behind the bowler's arm. Not only to me but to others it looked as if the ball had pitched clear of the off stick and Gosano had pulled away to have more room to cut it; but the ball seemed to turn in and take the top of the stick. Actually checking from both batsman and bowler, I found that the ball had pitched just clear of the leg stump and had come up from leg and taken the wicket.

Gosano's shot was a bad one—for he had moved his feet at all I should have thought it would have been into his wicket. But I must confess—frankly, shall we say?—that I have never before suspected Goodwin of a leg break! However it was 17-3-6.

POWER AGAIN

The Varsity seemed to be done with but as a matter of fact though K.C.C. never in serious danger of losing the decision, there were several interesting innings played. Power who came in to bat seemed in no way perturbed by the situation, and after a couple of nice leg shots he cracked R. Lee to deep long on for four just to show that the University had their tails up still.

But disaster was to come at the other end. Goodwin sent down a loose full toss which Tata sent to the long-leg boundary with a one-handed shot that seemed to be entirely defensive. However three balls later he snickered one into the slips and Smith brought off a brilliant effort scooping up a very low one and securing it at the second—or possibly third—attempt. (25-4-4).

Next over Power made a very pretty cover drive off Lee but the next over he played on to Goodwin. It was bad luck as he seemed to get the ball pretty well in the middle of the bat, but it must have been spinning tremendously. (34-5-15).

TWO STANDS

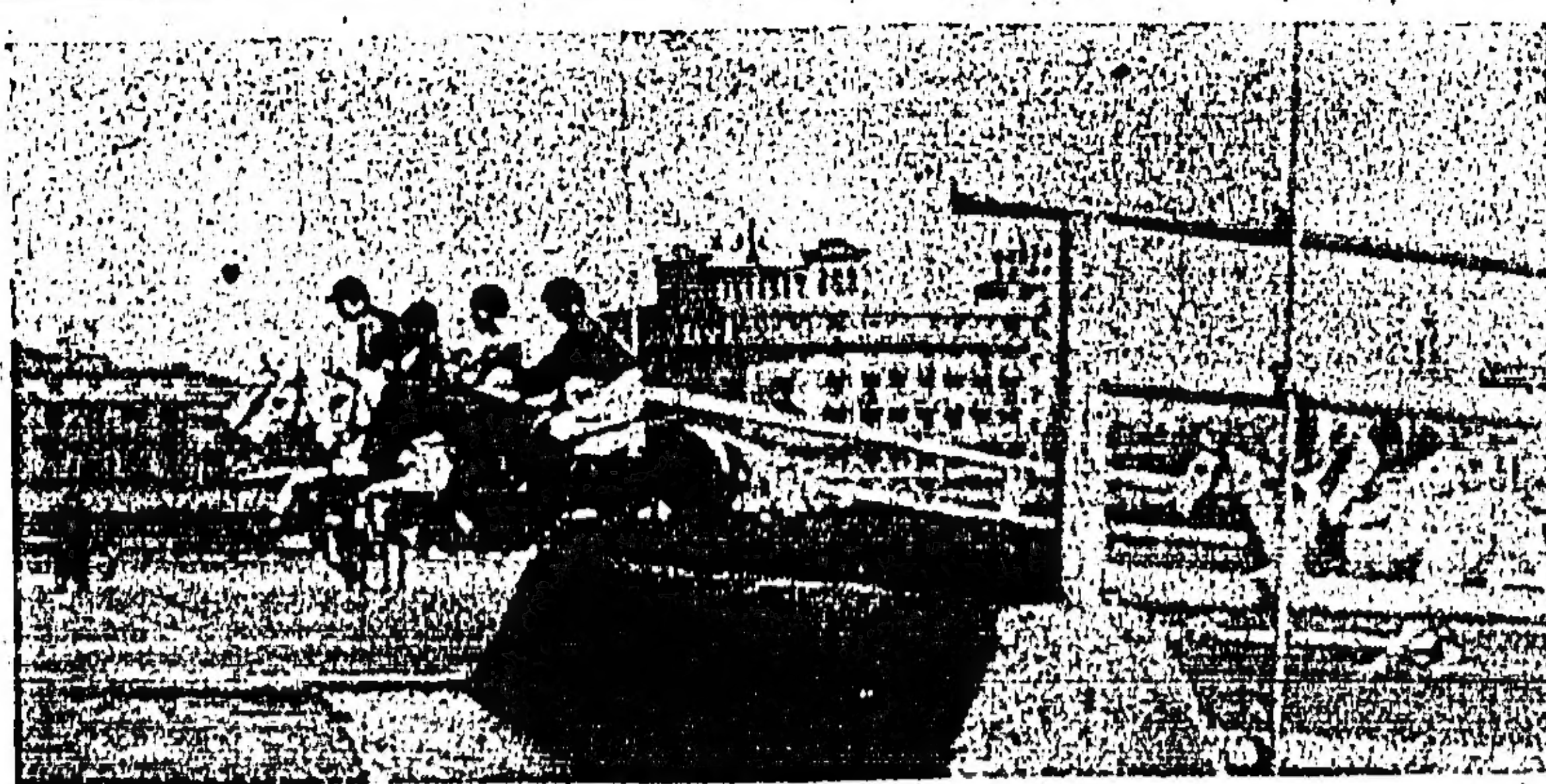
Just about this time the K.C.C. attack seemed to slacken and at one or two periods they seemed to have rather jeopardized their chances of winning as Blake began to play a very good defensive knock, varied with one or two pretty leg hits. Ozorio also seemed at ease and laid boundaries off both Willie Hung and R. Lee. Then at 5.10, (as usual when in a bit of a jam), Goodwin put on Gittins and Ozorio crashed a half volley straight at the K.C.C. captain who caught it—mid. I regret to say both cheers and laughter. (56-0-11). B. K. Ng went at once, after four bves had come and Gittins had two wickets for no runs, but Luke put him past third man for four—rather an edged shot. Again a stand resulted.

Smith was out by Hung at 5.25. Blake did some uncommonly fine fielding to his own bowling saving several straight drives that would have probably gone to the boundary at a rate of knots. And so for ten minutes the stand went on, the K.C.C. supporters began to wonder. Ozorio, also from their point of view all was to go well as when Lee relieved Gittins Blake very unwisely—but very humanly—departed from his policy of stubborn resistance and hit over a fast yorker. (80-2-14). And that was the end of it as R. Lee bowled a beauty. Tata to give a bowler to Arthur Lay in the gully. And so Kowloon won by eighty-seven runs after declaring with four wickets down. A well deserved victory.

THE HONOURS LIST

For K.C.C. Mackay's knock stood out above all others. At the present time I reckon him to be among the first half-dozen batsmen in the Colony. Goodwin kept a length all the time and Lee gave him the best bowling performance that he has staged this year. He was bowling definitely fast stuff. Gittins did what he was expected to do, but I wish I was fifteen years younger and could go in to bat against him! Still he might be the decision!

For the University Gosano really had little chance. He had and always has had—the brunt of the bowling on his shoulders and if he has to bowl first on a hot day it must make his batting deteriorate. The four men who impressed me as being better than I had suspected were Power, Blake—both bat and ball—Ozorio (ditto) and Luke. The first named is, I believe, one of the first fruits of the untiring zeal of the Rev. C. B. Sargent and J. L. Youngs, halling from the D.B.S. I hear he is in his third year, and hope that if he goes down, he will keep up his cricket. He has distinct possibilities, but wants more general experience. This applies to the others of whom



Three greys and a brunette took the grandstand jump in perfect style first time round in the steepchase at Shanghai last week, presenting a magnificent sight. Sammy confirmed the opinion of the majority and came in a winner by half a length after a thrilling finish to one of the finest 'chase seen on the course for years.

Rumjahn Cousins Beaten In Spectacular Match

(Continued from Page 8.)

advantage was lack of experience and the possibility of his nerve failing him at the critical stage of such a critical match. Just for a moment in the final set when he made three terrible blunders to lose the sixth game on his brother's service, one suspected that he was going to crack up, but he came back with renewed confidence and ability to hold his own service in the eighth game and it was his wonderful overhand smash taken as he ran backwards which proved the match-winning point.

Tauai Yun-pui was less aggressive than his brother, but he was very reliable, particularly off the ground. His volleying was inclined to be defensive, but he often succeeded in finding a gap between the opposition to tuck the ball away for a valuable point. Only in his overhand work did Yun-pui show any signs of weakness. Invariably he took the ball, shod too late catching it too near the neck of his racket. Almost every time it meant an overhit ball. Indubitably his best shot was return of service by which he made such delicate placements that the Rumjahns were forced into defensive volleys, thereby paving the way for Tauai Wal-pui's gorgeous interceptions.

WITH COLOURS FLYING

Of the losers one can say, (and salute them for it) that they went down to defeat with colours flying. They all but pulled off a typical victory when they recovered from 1-4 to 3-4 in the final set. It came, no surprise to see them lose the first stanza, and when they had squared matters in the second one was naturally led to believe that they would make their customary burst of brilliance to carry the match. And it was not for the want of trying that they failed. They tightened up their game tremendously only to meet with unexpected opposition and an array of strokes to which they had to cry best.

If the truth be told it must be conceded that at no stage did H. D. Rumjahn touch true form. Now and again he scored with a characteristic volley, but over the whole match his net work was much below par. And where he failed on the volley Sirdar crept overhead. Smash after smash in the concluding stages were put into the net or outside the court lines, and these shots told their own story.

There were dazzling bouts of volleying reminiscent of the stuff one sees in first class international tennis. The champions too used everything they knew in tactics, all-

Blake seems likely to do best, being a caddy-handed bowler as well as a good defensive bat.

The bowling figures were

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Lee	13	4	39	5
Goodwin	11	4	22	3
Hung	3	1	6	0
Gittins	5	3	12	2
Smith	3	2	2	0

I see I have written at such length that you will have to wait for the epic of the Civil Service until Friday.

ternately challenging the Tauai's invulnerability overhead, off the ground or on the volley. Sometimes Sirdar's raking forehand drive scored outright, but once it had lost its element of surprise and the Tauai brothers had positioned themselves for it, they turned that into a winning volley. While it is true the Rumjahns' general form was not entirely up to the mark, one must pay tribute to flashes of sparkling tennis from them both. It was these flashes, plus the steady brilliance of the Tauai brothers which makes the encounter rank as one of the finest ever seen on local courts.

Tauai were 100 per cent. worthy winners, but no champions could lose their crown more honourably than did the Rumjahns. The crowd had reason to feel grateful as well as excited for such an entertaining match.

THE RESULTS

The following are the results:
Open Singles—E. C. Finch beat Lee Hua-ngok 6-1, 6-3; Paul Kong beat R. Blyth 6-0, 6-0.
Open Doubles—Tauai Wal-pui and Tauai Yun-pui beat S. A. and H. D. Rumjahn 6-3, 6-7, 6-4.

HOME FOOTBALL

English Soccer Team Against Scotland

London, March 30.
The English soccer team against Scotland at Wembley on April 4 will be as follows:
Hibbs; Male, Hargood; Crayston, Barker, Bray; Crooks, Bowden, Cammell, Bastin and Brook.—Reuter.

SPORT ADVTs.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Third Extra Race Meeting to be held on Saturday, 11th and Monday, 13th April, 1936, (weather permitting) may be obtained at the Secretary's Office, Exchange Building; the Club House, Happy Valley; the Hong Kong Club; the Sports Club; and the Stables, Shan Kwong Road.

Entries close at 12 o'clock NOON on Thursday, 2nd April, 1936.

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TRIANGULAR HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

ARMY WIN THE SERIES

The Army won the Triangular Hockey Tournament yesterday by beating the Hongkong Hockey Club in the deciding match of the series on the Marina ground, by the odd goal in three after a fast game.

Scheduled to commence at 4.30 p.m., the game did not begin until 6.15 p.m. Even then the Club was a man short, H. F. Shields failing to turn up, and the Club had to play with only ten men throughout.

But for the determined work of the Club defenders, the Army would have won by a wider margin. As it was, they attacked incessantly but succeeded in getting through only twice. J. E. Potter, the Club captain, worked hard at right back and as a result of his efforts, Lal Singh and Nolan, on the left wing, were not as dangerous as their combination promised to be. W. A. Read, at centre-half, was given a trying time, but the indifferent form shown by Mohd. Afzar rendered his work easier.

R. A. Bates occupied the Club goal in the first half, and J. L. Coatesworth filled the vacancy in the second. Both had a comparatively easy time, due partly to the success of the backs and the bad shooting of the Army forwards.

Lt. Col. Nolan put the Army ahead early in the first-half, but the Club defenders kept their charge intact until after half-time. The Army's second goal was scored by Lal Singh. Towards the end, Fowler reduced the deficit from a meagre in front of the Army goal.

The Club tried hard for the equaliser in the remaining minutes left for play, but the disorganisation of the forward line, due to being a man short, nullified their attempts.

NEW OFFICIALS

At the first committee meeting of the Chinese Recreation Club held last week, the following officials were elected to serve during the ensuing year:

Chairman, Mr. H. S. Mok; Hon. Secretary, Mr. Lu Tak-lam; Hon. Treasurer, Mr. Wong Kwok-fong; Committee, Messrs. S. W. Liang, F. H. Kwok, U. Sze-wing, U. Sze-tsun, Cheung Wing-min, Lau Man-kue, Lu Tak-cheuk, Lo Tung-fan, Tui Ping-tong, Ng Sze-kwong, Ho Ka-lau and Dr. Cheung Siu-fan.

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with GENE RAYMOND

Margaret Collier, Eric Glaze, Erin O'Brien-Moore, Roy Meyer, Otis Grant, Mitchell, Ray Meyer

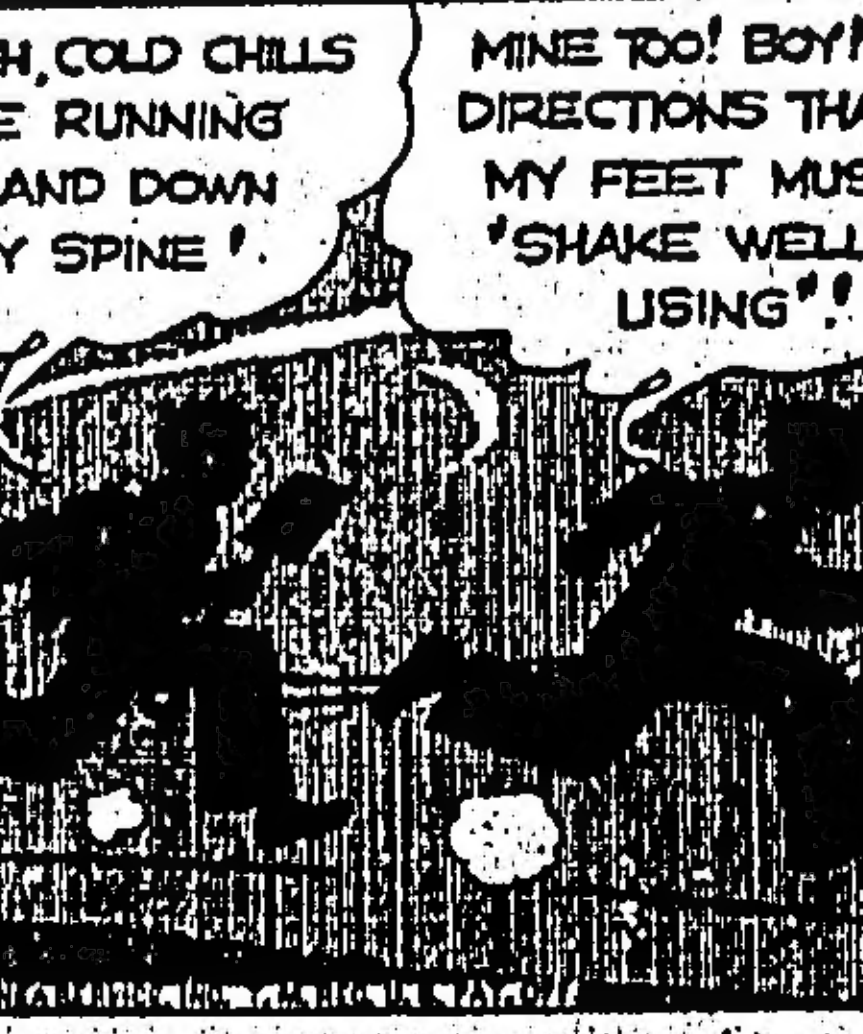
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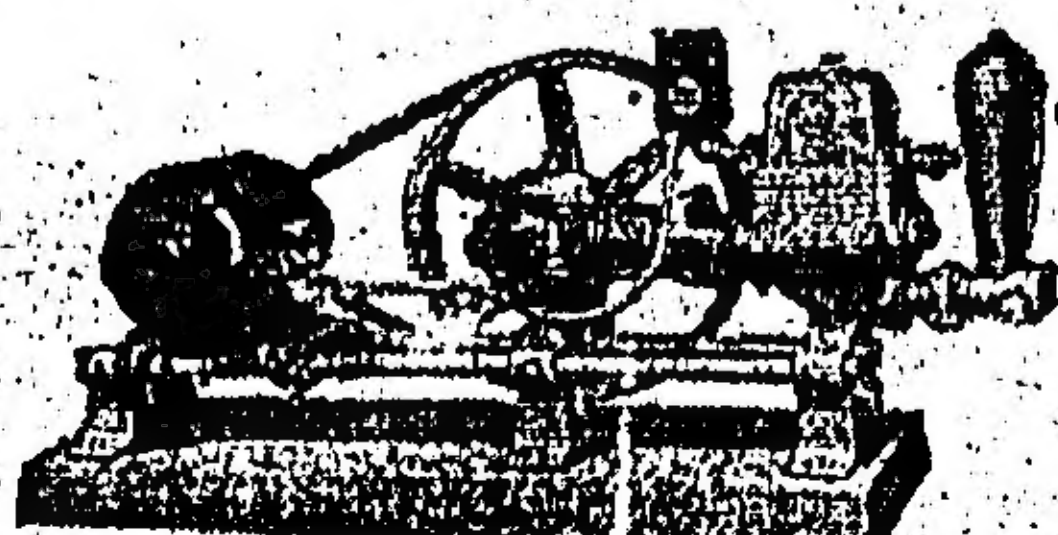
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	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Leave	Leave	Leave	Arrive
E/Canada	April 8	April 5		April 8	April 10	April 17	April 22
E/Russia	April 17	April 10	April 21	April 23	April 25		May 4
E/Japan	May 1	May 3		May 6	May 8	May 14	May 19
E/Asia	May 15	May 17	May 19	May 21	May 23		June 1
E/Canada	May 29	May 31		June 3	June 5	June 12	June 17
E/Russia	June 12	June 14	June 16	June 18	June 20		June 29
E/Japan	June 26	June 28		July 1	July 3	July 9	July 14
E/Asia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	July 18		July 27
E/Canada	July 24	July 26		July 29	July 31	Aug. 7	Aug. 12
E/Russia	Aug. 7	Aug. 9	Aug. 11	Aug. 13	Aug. 15		Aug. 24
E/Japan	Aug. 21	Aug. 23		Aug. 26	Aug. 28	Sept. 3	Sept. 8
E/Asia	Sept. 4	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 12		Sept. 21
E/Canada	Sept. 18	Sept. 20		Sept. 23	Sept. 25	Oct. 2	Oct. 7

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Seattle & Vancouver
Hokkaido Maru (Starts from Kobe) Sat., 25th April
Hikawa Maru (Starts from Kobe) Mon., 18th May
London, Marseilles, Antwerp & Rotterdam.
Hakozaki Maru Fri., 11th April
Terukuni Maru Fri., 24th April
Hokusan Maru Sat., 9th May
Sydney & Melbourne via Manila & Ports.
Kamo Maru Sat., 25th April
Bombay via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.
Tango Maru Mon., 6th April
Tango Maru Sat., 11th April
Maybashi Maru Tues., 28th April
South America (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.
Bokuyō Maru Thurs., 9th April
New York via Panama.
Nako Maru Sat., 7th April
Noshiro Maru Sun., 3rd May
Liverpool via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piraeus, Genoa & Valencia.
Lima Maru Thurs., 9th April
Calcutta via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
Toba Maru Tues., 7th April
Tottori Maru Thurs., 16th April
Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
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"RECALLED TO LIFE"

CHAPTER I

Upon a foggy night in the year 1775 a lumbering coach, on the road from London to Dover, proceeded slowly up Shooter's hill. The passengers trudged along the road, the mud as much as the weary horses whose heads drooped almost to the ground. Joe, the guard, panted and grunted as he pushed against the back of the coach. The driver cracked his whip and shouted encouragement to the animals. "So-ho! Get up there! One more pull!" He wiped the sweat from his forehead. "I say, Joe, what o'clock is it?" "Eleven," responded the guard. "And not up to the top of Shooter's Hill yet! So-ho! Get up with you!" Again he whipped the leader of the team and the Dover Mail jogged on uphill. The dismounted passengers squashed along in the mud, stopping whenever the coach did, as if fearful of getting very far away from it in the heavy mist. At the sudden pounding of horse's hoofs in the road behind them, they huddled close together. The driver jumped upon his box and levelled his pistol, ready for the appearance of the still invisible enemy, for none had other thought but that the rider, approaching at a gallop, was a highwayman. The guard raced backward, his blunderbuss levelled, and cried: "Gentlemen, in the King's name, on your guard!" "Several of the men had drawn pistols when the newcomer, having dismounted, walked towards them, muffled to the eyes. "Dover Mail!" he shouted. "Are you the Dover Mail?" "Never mind what we are," responded the guard. "What are you?" "I'm a messenger from Tellson's Bank." "Stand where you are! No nearer!" commanded Joe. "I want Mr. Jarvis Lorry," said the muffled man. "Have a message for 'im from 'is bank." "One of the passengers detached himself from the group and started towards the speaker. "Here I am. Is that Jerry Cruncher?" "Yes, Mr. Lorry," replied the man and started to advance. "Stop!" cried Joe. "Keep where you are! I'm a devil at a quick mistake—and it usually takes the form of lead." "That's all right, guard. I know the man," said Mr. Lorry, a florid-faced elderly man. "Then step aside. Speak to him if you must, but don't let him come no nearer. You never know in these days." When he was within a few paces of the man, Lorry demanded: "What's the message, Jerry?" "It's this: Wait at the Royal George for man's sake." "Ah, she's at Dover then! Give this reply to the office: 'Recalled to life.'"

"Recalled to life," repeated Jerry Cruncher, "Very good, sir." The messenger returned to his horse, and Lorry to the waiting coach. Driver, guard and passengers relaxed from their tension only when they heard the retreating hoofbeats of Cruncher's mount. Mr. Lorry sat at a table before the fireplace in the Royal George Tavern at Dover eating fish with great precision when the waiter advanced to his table and announced: "The young lady you expect, sir, Miss Manette, is here, sir." "Good. Business—strictly business," said Lorry explosively at the smirk on the waiter's face. "Of course, sir," agreed that individual, still smiling. "I'm from Tellson's Bank in London, and it is business, sir. He nodded emphatically at the man in his distress at being misunderstood. He despatched the rest of his meal quickly, left the dining room and made his way up the creaking staircase to a door on the second floor. He paused in some perturbation, then knocked. In response to a girlish voice from within, he pushed the door open. The room was heavy, dark and gloomy, lighted by two candles between which stood a young girl of seventeen. Her limpid golden brown eyes, of quick intelligence of her face, pronounced her French. "I—ahem—I'm Mr. Jarvis Lorry, of Tellson's Bank. Your humble servant, Miss. She courtesied as she extended her hand for his kiss, and received a letter from the bank, gesturing that he was to do likewise, informing him that some intelligence—some discovery—

"Eighteen years!" exclaimed Miss Pros. "Gracious creator of day!" "Where is my father?" "An old servant, Defarge, is taking care of him at his wine shop in Paris." "You must, take me to him at once," cried Mr. Lorry, as excited as they. "But really, you must calm yourself. We must all calm ourselves." An excited crowd of meanly-clad, half-starved looking men and women were gathered in the Rue Saint Antoine, almost in the shadow of the Bastille, before the wine shop of Ernest Defarge. The cause of the excitement was a cask of wine that had rolled off a delivery dray and burst open. Red wine flowed from it upon the pavement, forming little pools in the crevices, over which knelt some of the men, drinking it. Other men and women cupped their hands and filled them from the still flowing cask, and drank greedily. One man filled a small cup and carried it to a sick woman who sat at one side of the street with a small boy in her arms. "There's mud in it, Gaspard," protested the woman, weakly. "There's food in it!" He gave some to the boy. "Drink, little one. Never mind the taste." Leaving his wife and child, Gaspard went to a wall sun-dial, dipped his hand in a pool of wine at his feet, and wrote the word "Blood" on the wall. A hand passed before his face and smeared out the word. "Don't do that, Jacques!" It was the wine shop keeper who spoke. "Well, there'll be blood flowing in these streets before long." "Yes, but keep that thought in your heart, Jacques. Don't waste it on the walls." A cluster of hoofs and wheels caused him to turn. A younger woman and an elderly man descended from a coach. Defarge went hurriedly into his wine shop. "Strangers—the roses!" he cried to Madame Defarge. (To Be Continued)

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CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

The Steamship, "ANDRE LEBON" Bringing Cargo from Marseilles &c. arrived Hongkong on Wednesday, the 25th March, 1936. Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharves and Godown Co. Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing. All claims must be sent in to me on or before Saturday, 4th April, 1936, or they will not be recognized. Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyor Messrs. Goddard and Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10.00 a.m. on Tuesday, 31st March, 1936. Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors. No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL, Agent.
Hongkong, 25th March, 1936.

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Pres. Lincoln	Midnight	Apr. 7th		Pres. McKinley	Midnight	Apr. 10th	
Pres. Hoover	10 a.m.	Apr. 18th		Pres. Grant	"	Apr. 24th	
Pres. Cleveland	8 a.m.	May 6th		Pres. Jefferson	"	May 8th	
Pres. Coolidge	8 a.m.	May 16th		Pres. Jackson	"	May 22th	
Pres. Taft	8 a.m.	June 3rd		Pres. McKinley	"	June 6th	

EUROPE, NEW YORK				MANILA			
Via Manila, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Suez Canal, Naples, Genoa and Marseilles.				THE MOST FREQUENT SERVICE Next Sailings			
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Pres. Monroe	"	May 9th		Pres. Hoover	9 p.m.	Apr. 9th	
Pres. Van Buren	"	May 23rd		Pres. Haynes	8 a.m.	Apr. 11th	
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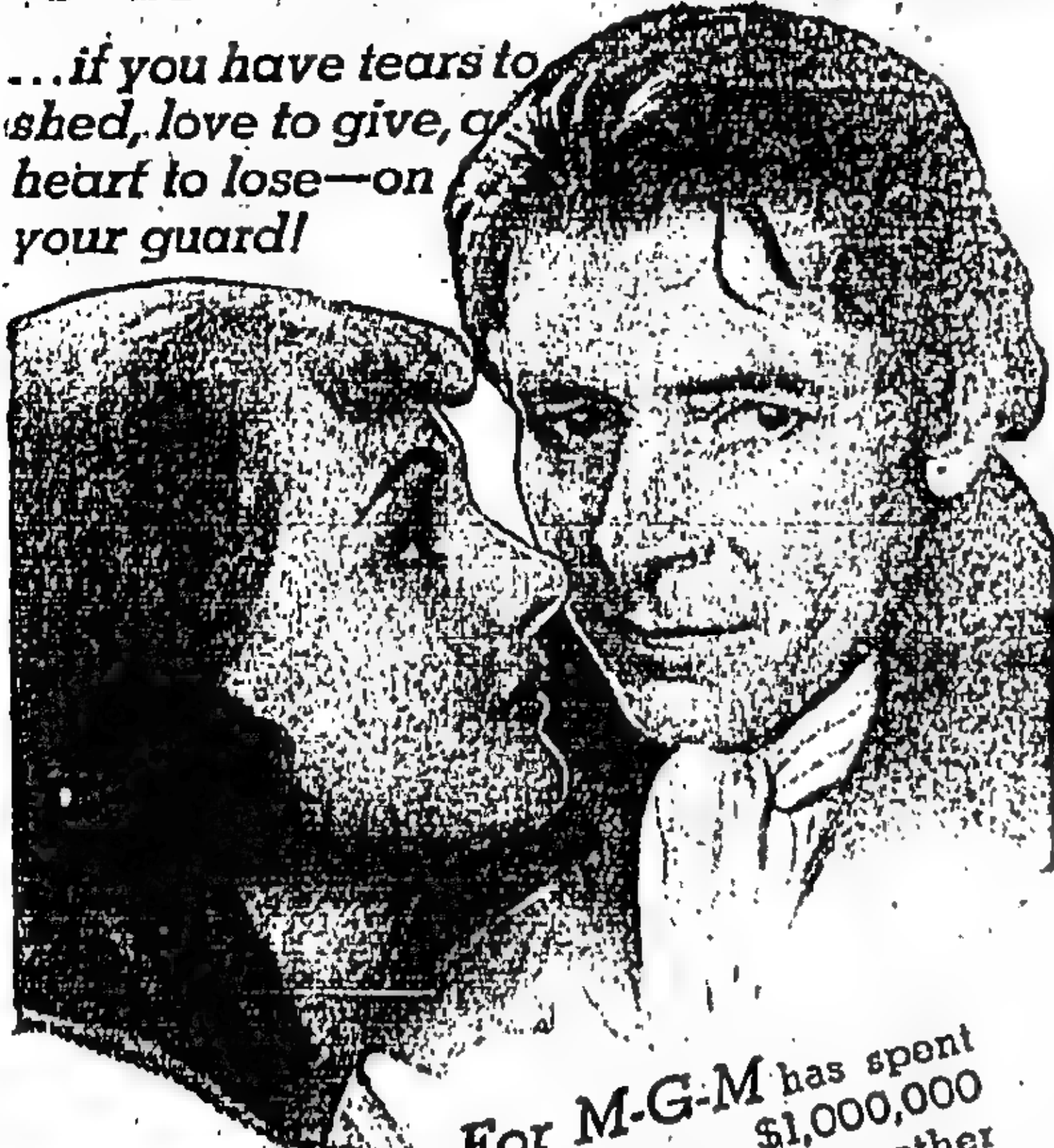
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Dr. Eckener Will Fly Over London

ZEPPELIN ARRIVES IN APRIL

TOLD THAT VISIT WILL BE PERMITTED

Friedrichshafen, Mar. 20.
GERMANY'S new Zeppelin, LZ129, will fly over London sometime in the next two weeks.

To-day Dr. Hugo Eckener, the famous pilot, was informed that the authorities in England would not impose any restrictions except those dealing with naval and military zones.

"In that event," said Dr. Eckener, "it is certain that I shall fly the new airship over London because I have many friends in Britain who are interested in it. I know they are anxious to see it, and it is probable that I shall fly over England on a trial trip."

NO MOORING MAST

"I am writing to the British Air Ministry for formal permission to make this flight and I do not know whether a landing will be made in England."

"If I decide to make a landing I shall notify the Air Ministry in good time for arrangements to be made."

"The new airship does not need a mooring mast. I think the experts will be surprised when they see how easily it can be handled by a small ground staff."

"To my mind, it is the most beautiful craft we have designed, and I should like England to see it before it goes on regular service. We estimate its cruising speed to be over 80 miles an hour and it can make a non-stop voyage of about 10,000 miles."

THE HINDENBURG

"There are to be three trial flights over the lake and a fourth over a greater distance. It may be that this fourth flight will include England."

"Herr Hitler has taken a keen personal interest in the building of the airship, but I have not yet heard whether he intends to be a passenger on one of the trial flights."

"This new airship will show the world how much advanced are the methods of construction and flight in this time of craft."

The new Zeppelin is to be named the Hindenburg. It is believed to be ten miles an hour faster than the Graf Zeppelin.

It is driven by four Diesel engines housed in gondolas on the flanks.

Woman Drives To An Execution Dressed As A Man

Draguignan (France), Mar. 25.

A woman dressed in man's clothing was found to be driving a lorry containing the executioner's equipment for the execution of a man named Sasia, known as the "Killer of Shepherds," outside the prison at Draguignan, to-day.

She had to wear man's clothing because women are not allowed officially to be witness of an execution. She was recognised and removed. —United Press.

NURSES AND DOCTOR GASSED IN OPERATION

OPERATING ROOM FILLED WITH CARBON MONOXIDE DURING BIRTH OF BABY

Woburn, Mass., Mar. 20.

Gas felled two nurses, partly overcame a third, and rendered the attending physician almost unconscious during the birth of a baby in the operating room of a Woburn hospital last night.

A nurse flung open the doors and staggered out to tell others that two nurses were unconscious on the floor inside and Dr. Thomas F. Halpin was on the verge of collapse.

The fresh blast of air from the open doors helped revive Dr. Halpin. Another doctor hurried to his aid, but before he arrived Dr. Halpin struggled through the delivery. Neither mother nor child apparently suffered any lasting ill effects.

Dr. Halpin, still ill to-day after his experience, said he believed the room had been filled with carbon monoxide gas, but ventured no opinion as to its origin.

He said the operating room had been closed and that engineers would study the room and its equipment to discover the source of the fumes.

"I first became aware of a severe headache," Dr. Halpin said, "and I

IT PAYS To Advertise

The Lord Mayor of London (Sir Stephen K. Mack) recited the following ditty to prove that advertising pays—
"The codfish lays ten thousand eggs,
The homely hen lays one;
The codfish never cackles
To tell you what she's done,
And so we scorn the codfish;
And the homely hen we prize;
Which demonstrates to you and me,
That it pays to advertise."

BEATTY'S STORY OF JUTLAND

STOLEN LETTER

How an "astonishing" letter from the late Earl Beatty was stolen was revealed in London this month by the Dean of Windsor.

"Beatty, who was one of my greatest friends, wrote the letter to me immediately after the Battle of Jutland," the Dean said.

"It was a remarkable document, 10 to 12 pages in length, and of an extremely personal nature."

"FRIGHTFULLY UPSET"

"It was the spontaneous letting-off of steam of a man very full of his subject and at the moment frightfully upset by the loss of his friends."

"He described the battle, his feelings, the tragic loss of his friends—everything. In fact, that was passing through his mind."

"It was so intimate a letter that I did not show it even to my wife. I was at Coventry at the time. I put the letter away carefully in a cupboard."

"A couple of months later, when I looked for it, the letter had vanished."

"I cannot have any doubts but that it was stolen."

"Somebody must have seen it and taken it, but who this person was or how it happened I have never been able to think."

NEVER TOLD

"I did not even tell anyone that I had received it."

"It was not the sort of letter anyone would dare to publish. If whoever has it returns it to me I shall hand it over to Beatty's family."

"It might be used in future years as a most interesting historical document. I am revealing the circumstances of its loss in case it ever does come to light."

The Dean explained that as young men he and Beatty became firm friends.

They had long talks and rides together.

Beatty used to sign himself "David B." in his letters. "He has a number of other personal letters from him, but they are of purely private interests."

WAS HE FIRST MAN AT NORTH POLE?



Frederick Cook, whose claim 30 years ago that he was the first man to reach the North Pole was discredited, is making new efforts to prove that he actually did beat Perry.

DEBABELISE

BASIC ENGLISH WAY TO PROGRESS

NEW WORLD SPEECH

In all leading countries to-day, groups of clever people are working out the idea that the best way to push the world ahead is to put it back to where it was before the Tower of Babel.

In other words, "Debabilisation" seems to thinkers of to-day the best means of getting the nations to understand one another. They need a common language.

For Basic English, the latest attempt to provide one, the prospects seem especially good.

Living Language

A new common language for all the nations of the earth comes up for attention. Unlike Esperanto and the many other unnatural systems of talk which the invention of man has put forward in the past, it is a ready-made and living language. It is, in fact, English; and while not quite the English of the library, being much simpler, it is still true English and clear enough for any purpose.

"Basic English" is the name its friends give it. They have gone through the word-book with a small-tooth comb, taking out great masses of words as unimportant and unnecessary. They have kept 850 words only. You may put them all on a page of notepaper. This selection gives us a language which takes only a short time in the learning and in the narrow limits of which it is possible to put across any everyday thought that may come to mind.

Before you read any further, take a backward glance at the last two paragraphs. They are in Basic English, which in them explains itself.

In Many Lands

A selection of 850 words which have the power of covering the greater part of the range of man's interests has been worked out by Mr. C. K. Ogden, of the Orthological Institute, Cambridge University. These, together with certain rules, make up a remarkably practicable language, which is being used by groups in lands as far apart as Japan, Mexico, Iceland and Czechoslovakia.

"We find fully 1500 languages acting as barriers to world understanding," says Mr. Ogden. "India alone has 200 languages; the Soviet Republic has 20."

The outstanding advantage of Basic English is that it is not an artificial construction, like Esperanto, Ido, Volapuk and others. It is a simplification of a living speech, and that speech is itself in a unique position to-day, being the natural language or the language of government for more than 500,000,000 people.

English is the language of commerce, it is displacing French as the language of diplomacy. Every important scientific work has to be put into English, and the motion picture is compelling thousands in foreign-speaking countries to learn the language of the films they love.

Books in "Basic English"

A simplified form of it seems destined to be the common speech of mankind. Basic English is so skillfully worked out that in England itself books have been published in it without readers being aware of it.

"Twentieth Century Houses" an illustrated book on architecture, is a notable example. It is a book of 850 words; and it uses only the 850 words of Basic English, and the compounds it easily provides—such as "designer," "designed," "from design," one of the 850.

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JOAN BLONDELL
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in **TRAVELING SALESLADY**
WILLIAM CAGNEY, JOHN HENRI, PAUL HENREY, PAUL KELLY, PAUL MITCHELL

COMING!
PHANTOM EMPIRE
(PART 1)

CORRESPONDENCE
Kowloon Tong Church
(To The Editor: Hongkong Telegraph.)

Sir,—We would like to make a further announcement about the laying of the foundation stone of the new Anglican Church at Kowloon Tong by His Excellency the Governor which takes place to-day at 6 p.m.

The Bishop of Hongkong, clergy, and members of the congregation have been asked to assemble at the present Church House No. 8 Duke St. at 5.30 p.m. and a procession will be formed to the site of the new church, members of other churches are invited to join in the procession if they wish to do so. Space will also be reserved at the site itself, and those not taking part in the procession are asked to be in their places not later than 5.55 p.m. when His Excellency will arrive. At the conclusion of the ceremony, there will be a collection for the building fund. The site can be reached by taking No. 7 bus from the Star Ferry and is situated on the right side of Waterloo Rd. about 200 yds. beyond its junction with Prince Edward Rd.

ARTS ASSOCIATION
OFFICE-BEARERS OF LOCAL UNIVERSITY BODY

The following have been unanimously elected office-bearers of the Arts Association of the Hongkong University for the Session 1936-37:

President: Mr. T. A. Martin, A.B.A.; Vice-Presidents: Mr. M. A. Cooper, B.Sc., Mr. A. H. Paterson, B.A. (Oxon), Mr. Chan Sik Kan, B.A.; Chairman: Mr. Cheng Yum-yu, Vice-Chairman: Mr. Woon Wah-ehing; Hon. Treasurer: Mr. Ho Wing-twee; Hon. Vice-Presidents: Lady Southern, B.Sc., the Vice-Chancellor, the Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo, Hon. Members: Messrs. Tang Shu-kin, H. K. Woo, Kwok Shu-lau, Lo Yuk-tong, Mok Kong-ang, Prof. R. K. M. Simpson, M.C., M.A., Mr. R. H. Kotewall, C.M.G., Sir Robert Ho Tung, Prof. Han Tl-shan, M.A., B.A., D. Mr. H. G. Birt, M.A., Mr. A. B. Reynolds, B.A., and Mr. N. H. France, M.A.

Pastoral Committee, Kowloon Tong Anglican Church.
R. ASHTON, HILL, Chairman.

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DON'T STAY
IN THE
SHADOWS

TAKE

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS

Young girls often outgrow their strength, and excessive demands are made on the blood stream, which becomes impoverished and incapable of supplying the nourishment required to keep the organs active and healthy. As a result many a girl enters womanhood in an anemic condition. If this is allowed to continue a general breakdown in health is almost sure to follow.

Wise mothers watch their daughters during these critical years for any symptoms of anaemia—to see whether they tire easily, are pale, nervous, irritable, dependent—and at the first signs prescribe a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, for their power to create abundant, new, rich, red blood, so necessary for good health.

Innumerable delicate girls the world over have derived the greatest benefit from this renowned remedy for anaemia. By their purifying, enriching tonic action on the blood, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills bring back colour to pale cheeks, sparkle to dull eyes, strength to weak tired limbs, vitality to the whole system, and thus restore health and happiness. For the special ailments of women there is nothing better than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and they are equally good for debilitated, enervated, depressed men. Obtainable from chemists everywhere.



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"ONE-WAY" GLASS: FIELD FOR NEW AMERICAN INVENTION BROADENS

GLASS THAT REMOVES GLARE FROM HEADLIGHTS

Makes Three Dimensional Movies Possible And Detects Weak Steel

New York, Mar. 25.

Glass which removes the glare from motor-car headlights, makes life-like three-dimensional movies available and gives work, was demonstrated for the first time here to-day before a group of natural scientists at the Waldorf-Astoria. The new glass, in addition to other manifold uses, also enables engineers to detect weaknesses in steel construction work.

Just as the telescope and microscope aided human eyes in extending their limits of far and near vision, so the glass, invented by Edwin H. Land, of Boston, will extend ordinary vision, and by removing glare and unnecessary light rays which before ordinary sight, give exceptionally clear-eye pictures of ordinary things.

According to theory, light travels in waves like ripples from a stone cast into a mill-pond.

Smooths Out Ripples

Instead of water, its medium is the atmosphere and every dust particle, every gaseous molecule, "a stone" in the mill-pond, causing these light waves to travel hither and thither every which way. Polaroid, the new glass, comb out these waves or polarizes them, making them all travel in the same way as though they were vehicles on a one-way multi-lane highway.

To all outward appearances it is a clear, colourless glass, and light which has passed through polaroid looks like ordinary light.

Traffic experts, however, learned differently, and many predicted it would only be a comparatively short time before motor car headlights and windshields were equipped with this new glass.

Cut Out All Glare

A pair of blinding headlights was set up at each end of the demonstration room. Viewed through an ordinary glass windshield the glare was acutely felt if anythink. Then polaroid windshields were substituted and the brilliant lights seemed almost out, although objects between the two sets of lights were brilliantly illuminated.

Lost! 17 lbs. of FAT Safe, Easy Way

Lady Wins Speedy Loss in Weight, New Energy and Pep With New Treatment Without Dieting

If you are handicapped with excessive weight, indigestion, dizziness and other torments that plague fat folks—wouldn't it make you happy beyond description to have an experience like this lady? Don't say it can't be done, for such reports are constantly pouring into the headquarters of Bonkora. It is the safe and natural way to take off excess pounds by cleansing wastes from the intestine and removing retained moisture from fatty tissues.

Read the enthusiastic statement of Mrs. Anna Lemal, Buffalo, N. Y., U. S. A.

"Five bottles of Bonkora reduced my weight 17 lbs.—from 167 lbs. to 150 lbs. in such a short time. I think it is wonderful, especially since I did not diet—ate everything I wanted."

"Bonkora makes me feel so good—no more of that dragged out, tired feeling. I certainly will continue the treatment until I have lost 20 or 15 more pounds."

You may not want to lose 17 pounds. But if you have excess fat, you can lose it in the famous "eat stage" as shown in this picture. Each day for the next week, take a little Bonkora.

FOR SALE AT ALL CHEMISTS

Thousands have found that Bonkora, besides ridding them of ugly fat, has relieved them of indigestion, flatulency, sick headaches, biliousness, constipation, heartburn and heaviness after meals. Try it to-day.

NAVAL OFFICER'S HONEYMOON IN HONGKONG



Paymaster Commander C. A. Bowen, Royal Navy, British Resident Naval Officer at Shanghai and Mrs. Bowen, shortly after their wedding in Shanghai last week. Owing to the recent illness of the bridegroom only a few personal friends were present at the ceremony. Rev. Father MacDonald, S.J., was the officiating clergyman. The newlyweds are spending their honeymoon in Hongkong.

Pedestrians are seen as well as if no car were approaching, and because there is no glare in the driver's eye's there is sense of daytime comfort. Experts predict a major reduction in the toll of 20,000 fatalities directly traced to headlight glare.

The world's first three-dimensional movie in full colour were shown at the demonstration. Observers found the pictures seemed real not only because texture and lustre were reproduced exactly.

The audience wore clear polaroid spectacles for viewing the scenes. Actors and actresses seemed actually present in person. The pictures were taken with a double camera having two lenses as far apart as the average human eyes.

When the films are shown, the two views are projected on the same screen, one on top of the other, through polaroid sheets set at right angles to each other.

New Movies Expected Soon

The audience, supplied with polaroid glasses, sees one image with the left eye, and the other with the right. These independent screen images reproduce the actual mechanics of vision accomplished by the naked eye.

Movies made and viewed by this system are expected to be available soon through equipment now being built by one of the large photographic companies.

KISSES INSTEAD OF DIMES IS NEW CRAZE

CHAIN LETTERS

Shanghai, Mar. 28.

Chain letters calling for kisses instead of dimes are sweeping through the province of Chekiang and, in spite of the vigorous opposition of the authorities, appear to be growing in popularity.

The "love chain letters," as they are called, are written entirely in English and are circulated in the same manner as these involving money, which attained only a small vogue in China.

The letters are sent to five persons. Each recipient copies the letter and its list of names, adding his own name and omitting the first one on the list.

On the night of the next full moon he is supposed to meet the person whose name he has omitted at a place designated in the letter. Both are to wear a red ribbon for identification.

When they meet they are to exchange kisses. Each person receiving the letter is due to be kissed 15,000 times.

The object, it is said, is to enable single persons to find suitable mates, but the letters are considered immoral by the authorities and the Ministry of the Interior has instructed the Chekiang police to stop their circulation.

SISTERS

GERMAN shipping circles are mystified by fires which have damaged two sister ships recently launched.

A fortnight ago in the English Channel, the Potsdam (18,000 tons) reported a blaze in her engine-room.

She is on her way back to Bremen, crippled.

Almost immediately afterwards the Gneisenau (also 18,000 tons), had a fire in her copra cargo.

She was off Singapore, on her maiden voyage.

North German Lloyd, the owners, ordered a strict investigation.

National
String
Instruments



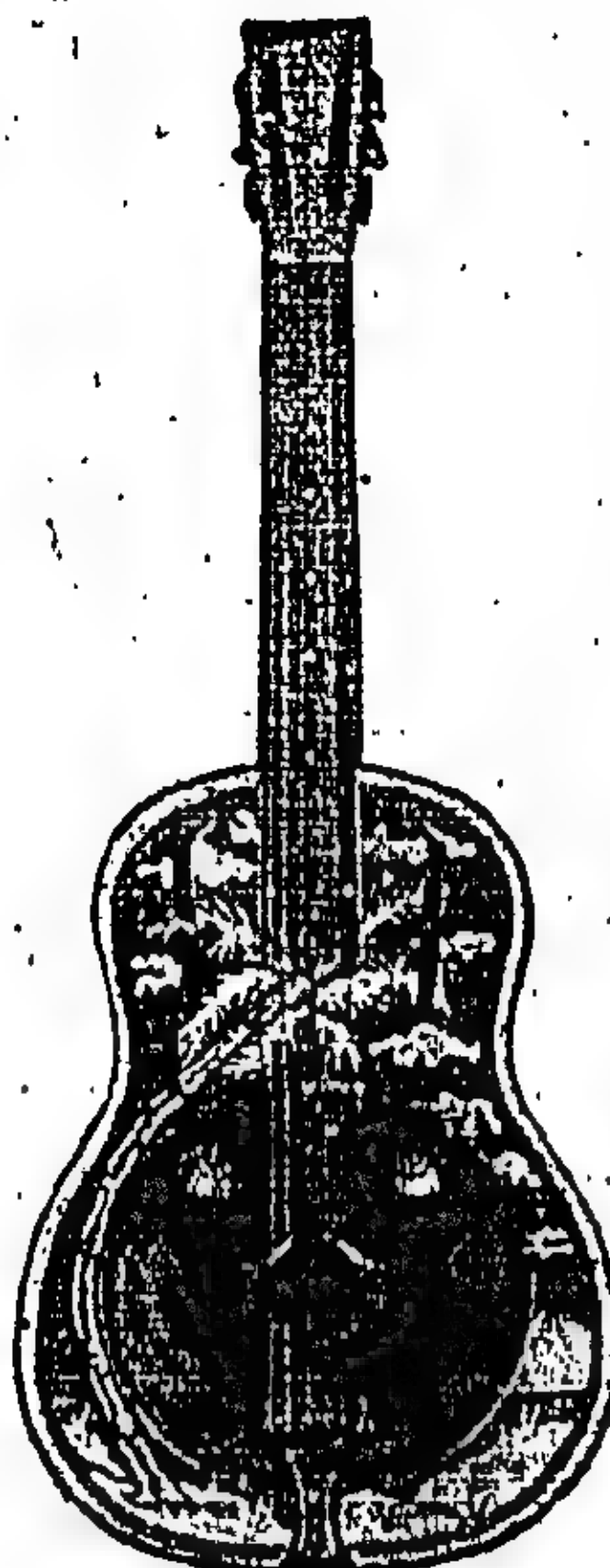
WE HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF NATIONAL STEEL GUITARS, UKULELES AND MANDOLINES AND ALL NATIONAL ACCESSORIES SUCH AS CASES, STRING, SLIDES AND PICKS.

SEND FOR AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK. LET OR CALL AND INSPECT WHICH-EVER INSTRUMENTS OR ACCESSORIES YOU ARE INTERESTED IN.

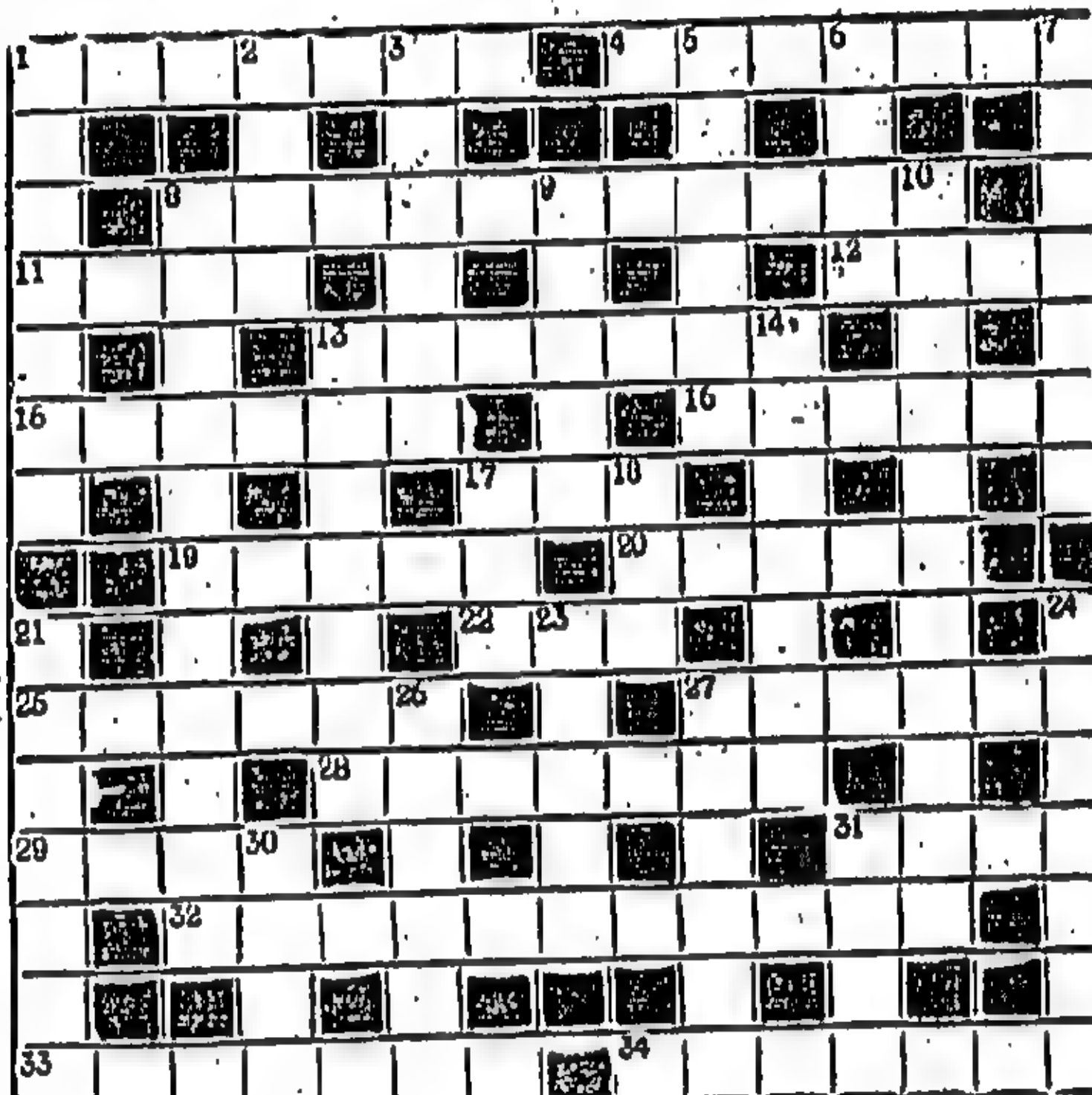
THERE IS NO SUBSTITUTE FOR A "NATIONAL"

TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.

9 Ice House Street,
Hongkong.



OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS



ACROSS

- 1 Does a lobster make this in the bed of the ocean?
- 4 After her sails have been removed the old ship's destiny is evident.
- 8 Coin, not part (anag.).
- 11 This shows deep sorrow if taken to heart.
- 12 Where scores are saved by the keeper in goal.
- 13 Some soldiers find these a necessity. Take time.
- 15 Mass book?
- 16 Various people who often turn into wrecks.
- 17 A single person.
- 20 How to Get a Bit More out of Tea—by an artist.
- 24 A pound from this weight might be a nasty blow.
- 25 Renowned cricketer.
- 26 P. G. Room (anag.).
- 27 Hamper.
- 28 One can easily make these fellows angrier.
- 29 Admits the possession of "snow."
- 31 Though slippery customers they help to make one feel safe.
- 32 Single shots (anag.).
- 33 Lass may wear them, and lass may also make them.
- 34 He has to whistle for his wages—suggesting foul play.

DOWN

- 1 This reminds one of how the balloonist loses gas—as an action.
- 2 Its life largely depends upon the salvation of its sole.
- 3 Complete as it stands.
- 6 Seaback that any trader can make good.
- 9 Absorbed by many a seafaring

POSSIBLE

- 7 Some language!
- 8 Changing around a retrograde measure is, certainly, asking for it.
- 9 A crime within reason—and a bit to spare.
- 10 Although one may have no special time for these unknowns, ten to nine is quite suitable.
- 13 Feeling.
- 14 Something two can play at.
- 17 One of the fools who take things easily under fifty.
- 18 In Elysium.
- 21 Withstands—with stands for the photographer.
- 23 Royal.
- 24 An annoying word.
- 26 Another mass book.
- 27 In this to violate will be O.K.
- 30 Cast off.
- 31 Girl's name, it might be made to appear.

Yesterday's Solution

BLUNTNESS ASPIC
EPPRENEB SUEB
LESSEPS ASSEGA I
L T A C K E G N
S T A N D O V E R T U R N S
R O M N E E T
P A T T I C A R B I N E E R
E L L E E N A
C O N C L U D E D S C R A P
K I C K E B T I E
S I G N A L L E R I B S E N
N E W I E G O O U
I R O A D S A D A P T E D
F I L I Z S T T E G
F R A I L T I T L E R O L E



Teething troubles

Because SCOTT'S Emulsion contains 44% of pure cod liver oil and lime salts for bone formation, it prevents teething troubles, rickets and soft bones. Ask for genuine SCOTT'S EMULSION

SALESMAN SAM

Well, How Much?

By Small



FULL REPORT OF WHITE PAPER ON DEFENCE

BUILDING OF SHIPS TO BE SPEEDED UP

SUBSTANTIAL INCREASE IN FLEET AIR ARM

THE long-awaited British White Paper on Defence, issued last month, begins its outline of the plan for extending the defence services in a reference to the "overwhelming importance of the Navy."

This overwhelming importance lies in "preserving our sea communications and thus ensuring this country the supplies of sea-borne food and raw materials on which its existence depends."

The first part of the White Paper is taken up with an historical survey of the facts leading up to the plan.

Comparative strengths of the world's standing armies are given, and it is shown that while Britain reduced her armaments, many countries increased the number, range and efficiency of their fighting services.

Emphasis is laid on Britain's answering support of the League of Nations in pursuit of peace.

"Taking risks for peace," it is pointed out, has not removed the dangers of war.

In the plan itself stress is laid on the importance of naval strength in the following way:

NEW CONSTRUCTION: REPAIRING DEFICIENCIES

"No less important is the responsibility of the Navy, stressed also in the same document [the White Paper of March last on Defence] for maintaining free passage between the different parts of the Empire of troops and supplies of all kinds, thus assuring the very foundation of our system of Imperial Defence."

"To render the Navy capable in all circumstances of fulfilling these requirements."

It will be necessary not only to proceed with new construction at a more rapid rate than in recent years, but also to make good existing deficiencies in armament and stores of all kinds.

"Until the end of 1936 the strengths of all the principal Naval Powers are regulated by treaty."

"What will remain of this limitation after the conclusion of the present Naval Conference is not yet certain, but it would seem likely that agreement will not extend beyond advance notification of annual programmes, exchange of information and certain measures of qualitative limitation on the sizes of ships and their guns."

"The agreement concluded in June, 1936, with Germany as a stabilising factor, which shows clearly the value of quantitative agreements when these can be obtained."

"The failure to arrive at a general agreement, however, does not necessarily imply an intention on the part of other Powers to develop their naval strength in such a way as to upset the balance of security, and the present plans of His Majesty's Government do not take account of any developments of this kind."

TWO NEW CAPITAL SHIPS

"The London Naval Treaty prohibits the building of new capital ships so long as it remains in force, i.e., till December 31, 1936, but the process of replacement cannot be delayed beyond that date and it is intended to make a beginning early in the calendar year 1937, when two new capital ships will be laid down. The modernisation of certain of our existing battleships will be continued."

"It is envisaged that the total number to 70, of which 50 would be under-age and 10 over-age. Five cruisers will be included in the 1936 programme."

"A steady replacement programme for destroyers and submarines is contemplated, while in the case of sloops

and small craft generally, the present rate of construction will be continued."

ONE SMALLER AIRCRAFT CARRIER

"A new aircraft carrier, of a smaller type, will be laid down at an early date."

"The growing naval importance of the Fleet Air Arm will necessitate a considerable expansion of its present strength."

"Compared with other navies, such as those of Japan or the United States of America, the number of first line Fleet Air Arm aircraft is considerably lower than it should be and it is intended to bring it up to substantially higher figures in the course of the next few years."

"This increase will of course necessitate a corresponding increase in personnel."

"Finally, it will be necessary to increase the personnel of the Navy to man the new vessels and to make good existing deficiencies. The increase must be a gradual process in order to ensure efficiency, and by March 31, 1937, the number is expected to rise by about 6,000 men."

ARMY'S THREE MAIN FUNCTIONS

"The Army has three main functions to perform: it has to maintain garrisons overseas in various parts of the Empire, to provide the military share in Home Defence, including anti-aircraft defence, coast defence and internal security, and, lastly, in time of emergency or war to provide a properly equipped force ready to proceed overseas wherever it may be wanted."

"The present peace-time serving strength of the regular military force in Great Britain is approximately 115,000 men."

INFANTRY: 4 NEW BATTALIONS

"It must be remembered that this force constitutes the only source from which immediate reinforcements to any part of the Empire can be drawn."

"Compared with 1914, our Army has been reduced by no less than 21 battalions of infantry, although our peace commitments are greater than ever before."

"Owing to this reduction of infantry we are unable to maintain the balance of home and foreign service battalions, and the result is hardship to the units which are given additional foreign service, and injury both to recruiting and to the efficiency of our Army."

"His Majesty's Government propose to raise four new battalions of infantry, which will to some extent mitigate the present difficulties of the recruiting, which our Imperial responsibilities place upon us."

MODERNISING FIELD ARTILLERY

"It is not intended, in connection with the present proposals, to make any further increase in the number of fighting units in the Regular Army beyond these four battalions."

"But it is urgently necessary that the Army formations already existing should be organised in the most effective form and equipped with the most modern armament and material, together with adequate reserves of ammunition and stores."

"Plans have been worked out for this purpose and the necessary steps are being taken to put them into operation. Particular attention is being given to our Field Artillery equipments, which will be thoroughly modernised."

TERRITORIAL ARMY TO BE RECONDITIONED

"The Territorial Army, though generally regarded as the second line in our military forces, actually pro-

Air Forces Of The Big Powers

This table shows the progress made with the R.A.F. expansion scheme begun in May last year:

	May, 1935	To Date	1937
Home Defence	580	762	1,500
Fleet Air Arm	171	189	500
Overseas	204	204	500
Machines	1,015	1,215	2,000

The additional expansion programme adds 250 machines to the Home Defence Force and approximately 150 to overseas strength. 400

BRITAIN'S TOTAL FIRST-LINE STRENGTH 2,400

First-line strength of foreign Powers at present is:

France	1,700	Russia	6,000
Germany	800	Japan	850
Italy	1,150	U.S.A.	1,250

(Comparative strengths of the Armies and Navies are given on Page Eighteen.)

FIRSTLINE AIR STRENGTH IN BRITAIN GOING UP TO 1,750 PLANES

FIRST LINE FIGURES MISLEADING

"Accordingly, the programme already approved will be varied by effecting certain changes in composition and at the same time some addition will be made to the numbers of aircraft."

"Including four new auxiliary squadrons to be formed for co-operation with the Territorial Army, the new programme will increase the first-line strength of the Royal Air Force in this country, bringing up the total to approximately 1,750 aircraft, exclusive of the Fleet Air Arm."

"First-line figures taken by themselves are, however, a misleading criterion of comparative air strength, as has been explained on many occasions, and in the present case the augmentation of offensive and defensive power which will result from the revised plans is greatly in excess of the numerical increase just mentioned."

"The problem of co-ordinated air defence is occupying the constant attention of the Committee of Imperial Defence, with the co-operation of all the Departments concerned."

"Modern methods of defence and the correlation of offensive and defensive weapons are continually under review, and the scheme has been so drawn up as to ensure the necessary degree of flexibility and the full benefit of the results obtained from continuous scientific research and experiment."

12 SQUADRONS ON EMPIRE ROUTES

"The Royal Air Force also has responsibilities in the general scheme of Imperial defence. With our wide Imperial responsibilities, the ability to reinforce a threatened area in sufficient time and in sufficient strength demands the location of air units at convenient places on the strategic air routes."

"The Government propose an increase amounting to approximately twelve squadrons for this purpose."

"Mention has already been made of the four new auxiliary squadrons which will form a nucleus for co-operation with the Territorial Army. The five regular squadrons at present allotted for co-operation with the Regular Army will be reorganised to provide seven squadrons, each of twelve aircraft."

"Large numbers of young men will be needed as pilots in the Regular Air Force, the Auxiliary Squadrons and the Reserve. Many airmen will be required for enlistment to meet the varied requirements of the Service; and many more will be needed for apprenticeship in the skilled trades."

"The available sources of supply will all have to be brought into action, and the full co-operation of the public will be needed for success."

"It is, of course, self-evident that the provision of air forces will not avail in war unless they are given the means not only to fight but to continue fighting. Skilled pilots require time to train and aircraft production is a lengthy and complicated undertaking."

"The provision of adequate reserves in both men and material is an essential and urgent need for without them the war effort of an Air Force could not be sustained."

AIR RAID PRECAUTIONS

"Particular attention has therefore been given to the provision of these reserves in the shortest possible time, and it can now be said that adequate arrangements for this purpose are in train."

"In the meantime the passive side of air defence measures has not been neglected. The Air Raid Precautions Department of the Home Office, set up in May of last year, has been actively engaged in the examination of the subject with local authorities and satisfactory progress has been made."

"Plans which have been prepared over a number of years are now approaching the stage when they can be put into operation, and estimates will be submitted in due course for the expenditure which will be required during the current year."

"Before passing to another subject, it must once more be emphasised that the plans for the improvement of our defensive forces in all three Services must be regarded as flexible and subject to variation in details from time to time."

"The whole field of preparation will have to be kept under constant review, and new conditions, whether arising from changes in the dispositions of other Nations or from fresh develop-

CLOSE WATCH ON PROFITS

INSPECTION OF BOOKS

ments in design and invention, must be met by corresponding variations in our own plans."

"In presenting to Parliament a scheme of improved defence so far-reaching in character and likely to involve so heavy a financial outlay," says the third section, "His Majesty's Government desire particularly to stress the fact that these proposals have resulted from a thorough study of the subject of defence as a whole."

"The examination of the problem was entrusted in the first instance to a Sub-Committee of the Committee of Imperial Defence."

"This Committee was composed of the Secretary to the Committee of Imperial Defence, the Permanent Secretary to the Treasury, the Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and the Chiefs of Staff of the three Defence Services."

"Their conclusions were submitted to the Defence Policy and Requirements Committee, presided over by the Prime Minister, and on his invitation, and in view of the importance of the industrial side of the question, Lord Weir became a member of this Committee and gave his active assistance in formulating the recommendations which they made to the Cabinet."

"The Defence Policy and Requirements Committee has served in effect both as a General Purpose Committee of the Committee of Imperial Defence and as a Committee of liaison between the Committee of Imperial Defence and the Cabinet."

CABINET HAS BEEN CAREFUL

"Not only the general conception of the defence plans now brought forward, but every detail included in the scheme, have been the subject of close examination and scrutiny by the Defence Policy and Requirements Committee and subsequently by the whole Cabinet."

"In the opinion of His Majesty's Government they represent a thoroughly considered and well-balanced whole so far as conditions can be foreseen at this moment."

"In the future they will no doubt require adjustment from time to time as well as continuous supervision and pressure to ensure their execution."

"For this purpose the existing organisation for defence has been reviewed afresh and the changes which have been approved by His Majesty's Government were announced by the Prime Minister on Feb. 27."

"This statement on the appointment of a 'Deputy Defence Minister' printed in full in the *News Chronicle*."

"It will be seen," continues the White Paper, "that the new arrangements contemplated are intended to serve two purposes, namely, to provide an improved and strengthened apparatus for the consideration of Defence problems as a whole and to ensure the fullest and most effective use of the industrial capacity and the man power available for production of material in this country. The second of these two objectives requires some further elaboration."

CO-OPERATION WITH EMPLOYERS AND WORKERS

"The problem before us differs materially from that with which we were faced in the Great War. At that time the whole energies of the country were devoted to winning the war and nothing else. Special powers were entrusted to the Government which enabled them to exercise complete control over the industry and to direct it into any desired channel."

"To-day we are at peace and moreover we are living in a period of great commercial and industrial activity."

"What we have to do is to carry through, in a limited period of time, measures which will make exceptionally heavy demands upon certain branches of industry and upon certain classes of skilled labour, without imposing the course of normal trade."

"This will require the most careful organisation and the willing co-operation both of the leaders of industry and of trade unions. If our task is to be successfully accomplished, but the Government have every confidence that these conditions will be fulfilled."

IMMENSE RESERVES OR ORGANISED CAPACITY

"Consideration of the position showed that there were really two different requirements to be met. One has already been stated in the foregoing paragraph, and concerns the carrying out of a peace-time programme. The other concerns our readiness for war itself."

"Modern war conditions involve a vast expenditure of munitions and equipment, and in the early months of the Great War there was a tragic loss of time in consequence of the lack of adequate reserves."

"If we are to avoid a repetition of that tragedy in any future war and to provide by our preparations an increased deterrent, we must prepare ourselves either by accumulating immense reserves or by so organising industry that it can rapidly change over at the vital points from commercial to war production should the necessity arise."

"The first alternative, however, is only feasible within limits, and beyond that is ruled out not only on account of its cost, but because weapons and methods of warfare are continually changing, and these accumulated reserves might therefore well become obsolete before they were required."

"His Majesty's Government, therefore, have turned to the second alternative, and they have already taken some preliminary steps towards putting it into operation."

(Continued on Page 7)



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FOR SALE.

LIMITED quantities of matras are available at 90 cts. per lb. at 20, Hankow Road, first floor, Kowloon.

TO LET

TO LET.—Nos. 3 and 4 King's Park Buildings, Austin Road, Kowloon, four-roomed Flats, Hot and Cold water. Garage Optional. Apply Union Trading Co., York Building, Telephone 27738.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MARKET QUIET YESTERDAY

New York, March 30. Summary of yesterday's market: Traders are on side-lines, awaiting indication of a particular trend. The market ignored the news that steel mill operations had risen to 62 per cent, and also the better situation regarding the French franc. The market was meaningless. Farm-impement and mail-order stocks were in good demand. Silver stocks improved. Railroad stocks were irregular, but motor stocks eased. The bonds market and curb stocks were dull and irregular.

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz Wall Street Journal comment on 28/3 market: "The second quarter automobile production is likely to be moderately above that of the first quarter. The market's symptoms remain indeterminate and trendless, while the shrinking volume of business emphasises the fact that traders lack confidence. The release of Bonus money in June should oil shares of companies that are producing consumer goods. If the market is at present undesirable it is so in those sections which have advanced more on expectation than on accomplishment. Retailers say that Easter business is the best in history in some departments. S. C. & F. New York office cables: Stocks: The market was moderately lower in a dull session, reflecting the temporary lack of interest. The United States Supreme Court refuses the Burco test of the Utility Act. Steel mill production has sharply recovered. Refined sugar prices advanced 15 points to 5 cents per lb. The Times business index for the past week is 91.5, against 94.5 the previous week.

Cotton: Further strength in nears is probable on the scarcity of immediate supplies. The Fossick Bureau estimates a probable average increase of 10 per cent, but possibly 25 per cent.

Wheat: The continued absence of rain in the South-West is contributing to the firmness of the market. The visible supply of wheat has decreased by 1,149,000 bushels. The Canadian visible supply indicates a decrease of 1,238,000 bushels.

Rubber: The foreign currency situation is restricting trade. We think that purchases are advisable on easy terms. The British stock of rubber has declined by 1,510 tons.

Special.—Steel mill activity during the past week is estimated at 62 per cent, of capacity, against 53 cent, the previous week.

REUTER QUOTATIONS

Dow Jones Averages: March 28, March 30.
30 Industrials 155.54 155.37
20 Rails 47.10 46.81
20 Utilities 31.87 31.81
40 Bonds 101.81 101.74
11 Commodity Index 57.51 57.64

EXCHANGE

TO-DAY'S OPENING QUOTATIONS

Selling
T.T. Demand 1/8 1/4
T.T. Singapore 1/8 1/4
T.T. Shanghai 1/8 1/4
T.T. Japan 1/10 1/4
T.T. India 1/8 1/4
T.T. France & New York 37 1/2 1/4
T.T. Java 40 1/2
T.T. France 48 1/2
T.T. Manila 63 1/4
T.T. Bangkok 143 1/4
T.T. Saigon 48 1/4
T.T. Lisbon 69 1/2

Buying
4 m/s. L/C 1/4 1/4
4 m/s. D/P 1/4 1/4
6 m/s. L/C 1/4 1/4
4 m/s. San Francisco & New York 35 1/2 1/4
4 m/s. France 5 1/2 1/4
New York-London 4 3/8

The forthcoming wedding is announced of the well-known football player, Mr. Sidney Herbert Strange, and Miss Elizabeth Barclay, taking place at 1, Russell Street, Mr. Strange is a land ball in the Ping Shan Land Office, New Territories.

MEN: OVERWORKED GLANDS MAY LET YOU DOWN IN A CRISIS:

Nine men out of ten past middle age are affected with Loss of Vitality, Mental Fog, Restlessness, and Glandular Weakness. Medical Science has come to their rescue

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U.S. COMMODITY PRICES

LATEST CABLED QUOTATIONS

The following quotations on the New York commodity exchange are issued by Reuters.

New York Cotton
May 11.30 11.29/30
July 10.94 10.89/90
October 10.25 10.22/23
December 10.23 10.18/18
January 10.23 10.18/18
Mar. (1937) 10.25 10.24/24
Spot 11.70 11.69

New York Rubber
May 15.80 15.88/88
July 15.95 15.90/90
September 16.05 16.00/00
December 16.18 16.17/17
Total sales: 85 lots.

Chicago Wheat
May 96 1/2 97 1/2
July 87 1/2 87 3/4
September 86 1/2 86 3/4
Saturday's sales: 11,023,000 bushels.

Chicago Corn
May 60 00 1/4 60 1/4
July 60 00 1/4 60 1/4

Winnipeg Wheat
May 82 1/2 82 3/4
July 83 1/2 83 3/4
October 84 1/2 84 3/4

New York Silk
May 1.70 1.71/72
July 1.65 1.65/66

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LATEST SHARE QUOTATIONS

The following are yesterday's middle closing prices in London, received by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson and Fritz in conjunction with Reuters.

4 1/2% Bonds 1898 (Eng.) 102 1/2
4 1/2% Loan 1908 99 1/2
5% Loan 1912 81 1/4
5% Loan 1913 (Ldn.) 81 1/4
5% Gold Bonds 1925-47 85 1/4
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly. 72 1/2
5% Tientsin-Pukow Rly. 63
5% Tientsin-Pukow Rly. Ger. 48
5% (Supl. Loan) British 51
5% (Supl. Loan) German 47
5% Hukuang Rly. 1911 54 1/4
5% Lung Tsing U. Hai Rly. 31
1913 Insurance Soc. of Canton 30
Shanghai Waterworks "A" 33 1/4
Shanghai Electric Constr. 40 1/2
Chinese Eng. and Min. (Reasr.) 11 1/8
H.K. & S'hai Bk. (Ldn.) 210 1/4
Charld. Bank of I.A. & C. 14 1/4
Chosen Corp. 9 1/8
Pekin Synd. 2 1/2
Guia Kalumpung Rubber 26 1/2

A dinner dance will be held at the Regency Hotel on Wednesday, at 8.30 p.m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNION WATERBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

Notice to Shareholders.

The Thirty-first Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Office of Messrs. Dodwell & Co. Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building, on Wednesday, 8th April, 1936, at noon for the purpose of receiving the report of the General Managers together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st December, 1935.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 28th March to 8th April, 1936, both days inclusive.

DODWELL & CO. LTD.
General Managers.
Hongkong, 18th March, 1936.

CORRESPONDENCE

Kowloon Tong Church

(To The Editor, Hongkong Telegraph.)

Sir,—We would like to make a further announcement about the laying of the foundation stone of the new Anglican Church at Kowloon Tong by His Excellency the Governor which takes place to-day at 6 p.m.

The Bishop of Hongkong, clergy, and members of the congregation have been asked to assemble at the present Church House No. 3 Duke St. at 5.30 p.m. and a procession will be formed to the site of the new church; members of other churches are invited to join in the procession if they wish to do so. Space will also be reserved at the site itself, and those not taking part in the procession are asked to be in their places not later than 5.55 p.m. when His Excellency will arrive.

At the conclusion of the ceremony, there will be a collection for the building fund. The site can be reached by taking No. 7 bus from the Star Ferry and is situated on the right side of Waterloo Rd. about 200 yds. beyond its junction with Prince Edward Rd.

Pastoral Committee, Kowloon Tong Anglican Church.

R. ASHTON HILL, Chairman.

Taipo Rural Orphanage

Sir,—I submit for the favour of insertion in your newspaper a list of subscriptions made to the Funds of the above Orphanage at the Tree Planting Ceremony on Monday afternoon last:

Mr. Ho Kom Tong, O.B.E. \$100
Sir Thomas and Lady Southern 50
Mr. P. Schreiber 5
Row. H. W. Baines 5
Mr. and Mrs. Cathie 2
Dr. Arthur Woo 2
Mrs. Lee 2
Mrs. Lee 2

\$1 each from the following:—
Mr. Chau Yiu-lin, Mr. Han, Mr. Yiu-tung, Mrs. W. Grant, Mr. Li Yui, Mr. Lok, Miss Yu Shau-wah, Mr. and Mrs. Cheung Wing-kue, Mr. Chung Ngai, Mr. Li Woon, Mr. Li Ching, Mr. Liu Chee-koon and Mr. Wong Siu-ping. 15

JOHN BENTLEY, Joint Hon. Treasurer.

PHILIPPINE GOLD MINING SHARES

Messrs. Benjamin & Potts received the following buying and selling quotations from their Manila Agents this morning:—

Benguet Consolidated 11.50 11.50
Antamoks 1.30 1.40
United Paracales 40 42
San Mauricio 69 70
I. X. L's 98 No sellers
Loboc 110 110 1/2
Demonstrations 41 41 1/2
Big Wedges 16 17

To-day's quotations as received by Messrs. Swan, Culbertson and Fritz shortly after opening of the morning session of the Manila Stock Exchange are as follows:

Antamoks P. 1.40 P. 1.30
Benguet 11.50 11.50
Demonstrations 0.42 0.41
Masbate Con. 0.46 0.47
Salvatore 0.08 0.08
San Mauricio 0.77 0.73
Suyoc Con. 0.28 0.27
United Paracales 0.42 0.40
Market: Irregular.

EXCHANGE RATES

Paris Mar. 27. 75.1/04
Geneva 15.10
Berlin 12.31
Milan 7.31 1/2
Athens 518
Singapore 1/2 1/2 1/2
New York 4.94 1/2 1/2
Amsterdam 7.28
Vienna 26 1/2
Prague 110 1/2
Bucharest 670
Madrid 38.5/18
Lisbon 110 1/2
Hongkong 1/3 1/4
Bombay 1/6 1/4
Brussels 29.23 1/2
Monte Video 39.7/18
Belgrade 217
Moutrai 4.97 1/2
Yokohama 1/2 1/2
Rio 4 1/4
Silver (Spot) 19.15/16
Silver (Forward) 1936 19 1/2
War Loan 100 1/2

SPURIOUS COIN PROSECUTION

CARETAKER FOUND NOT GUILTY

The case in which Siu Ching-chiu, 30, caretaker employed by the Land Investment Company at Prince's Building, was charged with the possession of 176 counterfeit Hongkong ten-cent pieces of the old issue, was concluded before Mr. S. F. Balfour at the Central Police Court this morning, when the defendant was discharged.

Mr. P. H. Sin appeared for the defence, while Detective Sergeant Guild prosecuted.

The coins were found in a suitcase the keys to which the defendant held.

Chiu Kwan, cook employed at 97, Wanchai Road, whom the defendant alleged had planted the coins, denied the allegation.

Cross-examined by Mr. Sin, witness said he was formerly employed with the defendant, but was dismissed for misconduct.

Mr. Sin: Is it not true that you are very keen in getting the defendant's job?

Did you have a quarrel with the defendant before?—No.

Have you a grudge against the defendant?—No.

I put it to you that the counterfeit coins belong to you?—No.

Can you give any good reason why the defendant should have 231 coins before you?—I do not know why.

Defendant testified that the coins were not his. He suggested that the last witness might have put something in his bag while he was asleep as his keys were accessible.

THE DEFENCE

Addressing the Bench, Mr. Sin said it was a rather unusual case as the defendant had denied all along that the coins were his. He incriminated Chiu Kwan and he pointed out the man who was detained and now appeared in court. Defendant testified that the coins were not his. He suggested that the last witness might have put something in his bag while he was asleep as his keys were accessible.

It might be quite possible that these coins had been planted in the defendant's bag by Chiu Kwan, remarked Mr. Sin, with a view to getting him into trouble and in consequence he might have got his job at the Land Investment Company. There is more in this case than we know. By reason of the defendant's allegation a very grave doubt has been raised and I ask your Worship to give the benefit of the doubt to the defendant and discharge him.

CHILD PROTECTION

FLAG DAY ARRANGED FOR

The public will have an opportunity of showing its appreciation of the work of the Society for the Protection of Children on Saturday, when a street sale of flowers on its behalf will be held. The event is being organised by the Women's Auxiliary of the Society, and it is hoped that a liberal response to its effort will be forthcoming.

The Society is in urgent need of funds with which to carry on its work for the sick and destitute children of the Colony. How widespread that work is will be gathered from the fact that since its foundation in 1930, the Society has investigated 4,292 cases involving the welfare of over 6,000 children.

Last year, the Society secured medical treatment for over 400 sick children and provided milk or other food for 897. It also maintained 24 destitute children in institutions, and provided medical supplies and milk foods for the Children's Hospital at Shamshuipo which dealt with 3,627 patients.

A point to be emphasised is that all cases undertaken by the Society are most strictly scrutinised, and some idea of the extent of the poverty encountered may be gathered from the fact that the average income per head per month of the families assisted in February was only \$1.45.

BRITAIN CONDEMNS USE OF GAS

(Continued from Page 1.)

were opposed not only to the principles of Christianity but to the most elementary principles of humanity itself. He would be immensely relieved if an assurance could be given that these charges were either unfounded or greatly exaggerated. But if those charges were true and were founded on the hopes of the people of the world would be ready to enter a solemn expostulation and protest.

Replying for the Government, Lord Halifax said he wished it were in his power to give an assurance that there was no foundation for these reports.

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KING'S THEATRE

Coming Attraction!

The Comedy Sensation of the Season!

SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents

Strike Me Pink

with ETHEL MERMAN SALLY EILERS PARKYAKKUS and the GORGEOUS GOLDWYN GIRLS

Released thru UNITED ARTISTS

Let's eat—! ... Where?

—KING'S RESTAURANT

—of course!

Breakfast Morning Coffee Tiffins Teas Dinners Open from 7 a.m.

First & Mezzanine Floor King's Theatre Building.

TO the well-groomed man, no detail is too small to escape his notice.

And that's why he insists on Kiwi for his shoes.

Kiwi enhances shoe leather, giving it a lustrous polish that lasts all day.

The Quality Shoe Polish.

W. L. Looney & Co. (China) Ltd.

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W. L. Looney & Co. (China) Ltd.

W. L. Looney & Co. (China) Ltd.

BRITISH AIRWAYS DEFENDED

(Continued from Page 1)

B. D. Dube, an Indian resident of Penang, who intends joining the N.Y.K. liner Chichibu Maru here and sails to-morrow for Japan.

Captain Lock stated that the trip had been uneventful. The plane left Penang at 6 a.m. yesterday, arrived at Saigon at 10.45 a.m. After an hour's rest they set out for Tournai, arriving there at 3.15 p.m. and staying overnight. The Dorado set out again at 6 o'clock this morning and arrived here at 11.30 a.m.

Approximately the same amount of mail arrived by the plane as she carried away last week. There were 18 bags in all and two packages of registered letters. Five of these bags were from London to Hongkong and eight from London to Canton. One bag came from Darwin, one from Penang and one from Singapore.

The plane also carried a spare exhaust pipe which will be left here. The total weight of the plane's load was 40,886 kilograms.

CLEMENCY APPEAL REFUSED

(Continued from Page 1)

Harold Hoffman has now declared that he cannot reprieve the prisoner.

The ruling of the Court of Pardons, attorney, Paul Wendel who was yesterday charged with murder in a warrant sworn by a County detective chief in New Jersey. Officials here agree Wendel will never be indicted by the Grand Jury.

Following her visit to the death cell, Mrs. Hauptmann, to-day declared that her husband was still calm and confident he would not die. However, she collapsed when learning of the Court of Pardons' verdict.—United Press.

CLOUDY WEATHER

The anticyclone has decreased in intensity, and is moving eastward, pressure being highest in the vicinity of Shanghai. A depression is moving westward between Yaw and Pellow. Local forecast:—N.E. winds, fresh to moderating; cloudy generally.

POST OFFICE.

INWARD MAILS

Calcutta and Straits Shiraz March 31.
Europe via Suez (Letters and Papers) London, 5th March and London Parcel London, 27th February, and Air Mail ex "Imperial Service" (London, 17th March) and "T.M. Service" (Amsterdam, 21st March).
Shanghai April 1
Manila April 1
Shanghai, Foochow and Amoy April 1
Calcutta and Straits April 2
Haliphong April 3
Japan, Canada, Japan and Shanghai (Seattle, 14th March) April 3
Saigon April 4
Australia and Manila April 4
Straits April 6
Manila April 6
Straits April 7
Shanghai April 7
Manila April 7

OUTWARD MAILS

For Tuesday.

Samahul and Wuchow Tolshan Tues. Mar. 31, 4 p.m.
Manila Pres. Lincoln Tues. Mar. 31, 4.30 p.m.
Manila General Sherman Tues. Mar. 31, 5 p.m.

Wednesday.

Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., C. and S. America, Canada and Europe via San Francisco, and Europe via Siberia. (Due San Francisco, 22nd April).
Chongtu Wed. Apr. 1, 8.30 a.m.
Fooning Wed. Apr. 1, 10.30 a.m.
Tjissandane Wed. Apr. 1, 10.30 p.m.
Shunchih Wed. Apr. 1, 11.30 a.m.
Hal Ning Wed. Apr. 1, 3 p.m.
Taiyuan Wed. Apr. 1, 3.30 p.m.
Straits Wed. Apr. 1, 4.30 p.m.

Caterers etc. to Imperial Airways.
Meals are interchangeable, no extra cost wherever you have your breakfast, luncheon, tea, or dinner.
Rooms of both hotels have private bedrooms and modern sanitation. At the Hampshire the extra room is on the first floor.
The Runnymede Restaurant has undeniably pride of place among hotels of the East, with its cuisine and rustic claims, by its association to offer the traveler such as is not to be found elsewhere.

WATSON'S

Pectoral Cough Balsam

FOR COUGHS, COLDS & BRONCHITIS, &c.

Quickly relieves all unpleasant tickling of the throat. Soothing and stimulating, it is a valuable aid in all congested conditions of the Chest and Lungs.

\$1.00 & \$2.00 per bottle.

WATSON'S

Cherry Cough Mixture.

SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR CHILDREN.

Pleasant to take, and a sure cure for coughs, colds and difficulty of breathing.

50 cents and \$1.00 per bottle.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

The Hongkong Dispensary.
Tel. No. 20016.The Rage of New York, London
and Shanghai."Music Goes Round
and Round"

The Fox-Trot Hit of the Century.

Ask for Victor Record
No. 25201

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

York Building.

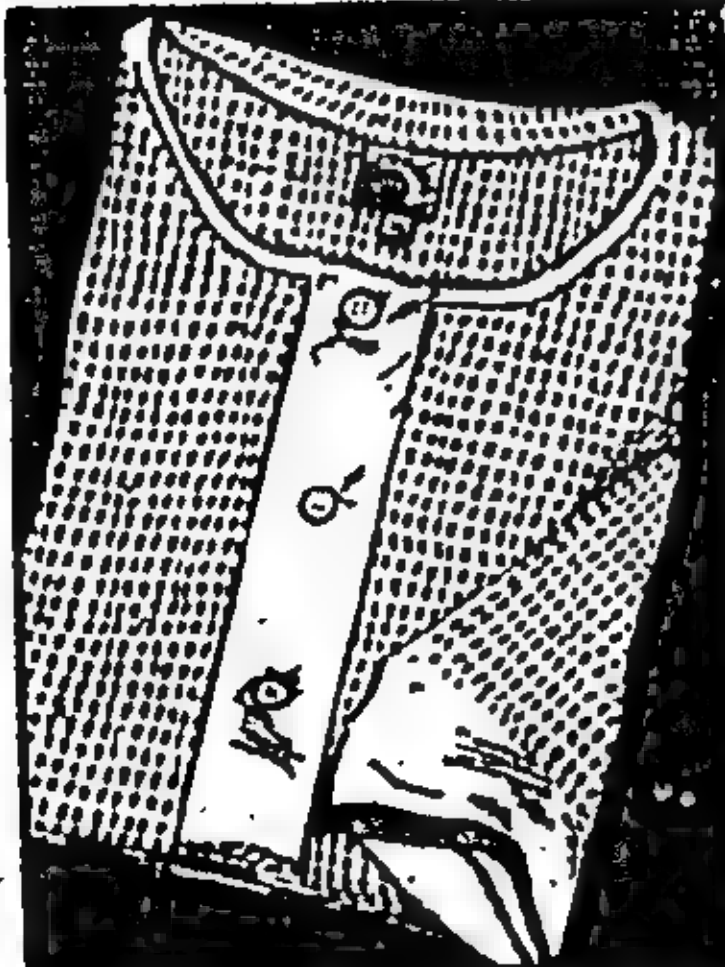
Chater Road.

For Comfort!

WEAR THE NEW OPEN MESH
UNDERWEAR

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"SEA ISLAND COTTON"

IDEAL
FOR
SUMMER
WEAR
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COOL
AND
ABSORBENT

ATHLETIC VESTS & TRUNKS

Price \$3.50 Each

Also SPORTS SHIRTS TO MATCH.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

MEN'S WEAR DEPT.

PHONE 28151

1936 1936

HAVING ACHIEVED
SUCH
AMAZING POPULARITYTHE FAMOUS
VAUXHALL
LIGHT SIXIS BEING CONTINUED
IN ITS PRESENT FORM
DURING THIS SEASONNEW SHIPMENTS
HAVE ARRIVED
SEE THEM & ALSO
ENQUIRE ABOUT OUR
HOME DELIVERY
FACILITIESHONGKONG
HOTEL GARAGEPHONE 27778-9 STUBBS
ROADThe
Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY, MAR. 31, 1936.

COLONY FINANCES

Detailed figures of the Colony's finances for the year 1935, now issued, bear evidence of the effects of high exchange on expenditure, with the result that the twelve months ended with a balance of revenue over outgoings totalling close on \$139,000. Actually, the year's income was \$28,430,549, whilst expenditure totalled \$28,291,636. When we come to compare revenue with the Budget estimate, we find there is a shrinkage of more than two million dollars, this reflecting, in turn, a drop of some \$1,143,000 as against the year 1934. Under only two headings are increases shown when contrasted with the previous year—more than a million dollars in respect of miscellaneous service, and over \$51,000 on interest. The biggest drop is one of \$881,000 on licences and internal revenue not otherwise specified, whilst land sales declined by \$313,000. How marked the last-named shrinkage is may be gathered from the fact that on an expectation of \$600,000 only \$244,000 was actually brought in. Turning to expenditure, we find that on an estimate of \$32,556,102, the outgoings were only \$28,291,636, a drop of over four million dollars, whilst compared with the year 1934 there was a saving of over \$2,800,000. There are increases shown under nine headings and decreases under no less than thirty. The biggest drop in outgoings was \$982,000 in respect of Public Works Extraordinary, and it is of interest to note that the total decline in respect of all P.W.D. votes was over \$1,600,000. The financial position at the end of the year disclosed a balance of assets over liabilities totalling more than twelve million dollars. Up to that stage, therefore, the policy of retaining a credit of at least ten million dollars had been realised. Due to the exchange factor, however, the position has since taken a decided turn for the worse. In this connection, it has to be borne in mind that the Budget for last year was based on a 1s. 4d. dollar, whereas actually the average figure for the year worked out at a much higher level. This point has to be remembered when comparing actual expenditure with the estimate. For the current year, the Budget is calculated on a 1s. 8d. dollar, and it is obvious that nothing like this rate is likely to be realised. This is the circumstance which has put a totally different complexion on the Colony's finances, necessitating the imposition of salary cuts and other forms of retrenchment. Rumours are in



The world washes its hands and postpones death by doing so. It uses the waste product, GLYCERINE, to blow itself to pieces.

PICK up a cake of soap from your washstand, tell yourself that this little compound of oil and alkali has changed human life in the last century more than all the Acts of all the Governments together. Reflect that it has done more to preserve the life and health of man than any other discovery ever made. Consider that without it it would be impossible for the woollen, cotton, silk, wire-drawing, tanning, dyeing and finishing industries to carry on for another day. Then ask your friends to tell you what it is.

"A thing modern life cannot do without" seems to be the nearest thing to a definition. Chemically its components vary from brand to brand. Legally no description of it has yet been given by the Courts.

There is no patent attached to the name—any compound of fats, salt and water can be sold as soap—even if the water is 80 per cent. of it. I suppose the simplest way to define soap is "a chemical reaction resulting

from the mixture of fat and the salt of fatty acids (alkali)."

Having set out what it is as nearly as possible, let us now set out what it has done, a far simpler thing, for the figures of rising soap consumption in Britain over the last 80 years equated with the figures of a falling death-rate really answer that question by themselves.

Year	Total soap consumption per 1,000	Deaths per 1,000
1815	90,000 tons	23
1897	350,000 tons	14
1935	500,000 tons	12

These figures for a normal year, showing the amount of toilet soap used in a few countries, with the comparative death-rate in them, are extremely interesting:

Country	Consumption per head (toilet soap)	Deaths per 1,000
Denmark	1.6lb.	10.3
Germany	1.4lb.	11.1
Great Britain and Ireland	1.2lb.	12.0
Italy	1.0lb.	14.0
France	0.8lb.	15.0

The figures must, of course, be taken with caution and reserve.

For instance, the death-rate figures for Great Britain and Ireland are brought up by the heavy rate in the Free State. In England and Wales alone it is only 11.4 per thousand, while in Southern Ireland it is 15. For the German figure I take the index under the Weimar Republic. Since the Hitler revolution the figure has gone up to 13, but then, circumstances are abnormal.

There are, of course, exceptional cases which prevent the death-rate moving exactly in accord with the consumption of toilet soap. For instance, the highest figure for soap is the American of 2lb. a head, and America has a death-rate of 11.3 per thousand. Climate, race and density of population are all-important influences. But the general trend certainly throws a new light on the old line: What, no soap! So he died!

NOTES OF THE DAY

TRADE REVIVAL

The great effects of the trade depression of six or seven years ago have been made more and more manifest by the public attitude to the trade revival during the past two years. While welcoming all the prevalent signs of growing prosperity the British public has viewed it with a certain caution. The slump affected the people so profoundly that they hesitated for long to adopt an absolutely confident attitude towards even obvious improvement. Now that that period of cautious watchfulness appears to be ended, there is a quiet confidence in the financial and commercial condition of the country, and in the prospects for the future. Fortunately financial and trade returns continue to justify this faith in the country's prosperity. The latest figures show that the national revenue is improved. There is a boom in the iron and steel trades. Sheffield is producing more steel than ever before in its whole history. Since 1931 its production has increased by 110 per cent. During the past three years unemployment in Sheffield has fallen from 57,397 to 29,721, and the amount paid in wages has increased by 75 per cent. The motor car industry is also working at full pressure; orders for early spring deliveries are greater than ever before. Electricity production during January exceeded that of a year ago by nearly fifteen per cent. There is more activity in the building, furniture and boot and shoe trades, and in the gas industry. Even the cotton industry, which has lagged behind for so many years, is now improving. This looks like what we used to call prosperity.

circulation of the probability of fresh taxation to meet the situation. On general lines, there will be objection to any such course of action, in addition to which account has to be taken of the danger of undue taxation defeating its own ends. One thing is certain, namely, that any proposals, at this juncture, for adding to existing taxes or for the introduction of new imposts will be most closely scrutinised before being assented to by Unofficial members of the Council or endorsed by public opinion.

WASHING
the
WORLD

By George Edinger

A table of the total soap consumption of all kinds in the chief countries of the world is interesting to read, and the reader can draw his own conclusions from it.

Country	lbs. per head a year
British Isles	18
Austria	10
Belgium	20
Denmark	21
France	18
Germany	25
Holland	15
Italy	10
Yugo-Slavia	2
Poland	3
China	1/2
U.S.A.	22
Soviet Union	6

It is striking to contrast the figures for toilet soap only with those that denote the total consumption of soap of all kinds. Thus, Germany, which comes high on the list for the consumption of toilet soap at 1.4lb. a head of population compared with 0.8lb. in France, drops in her total consumption to the ratio of 15 to 18. In Britain the consumption of toilet soap works out at 1.2lb. a head out of a total consumption of 18lb.

So we use one pound a year to wash our hands and 17lb. each to wash our clothes and our walls, our wool and the coverings of silk cocoons; and to lubricate wire for wire drawing and soften hides for tanning.

Although the Romans learnt how to make soap 2,000 years ago out of goats' fat and the ashes of beech trees (they brought the art back from Gaul, into which it had been introduced by the Phoenician traders who settled at Marseilles), it means to prolong life an incidental to the agent of its destruction.

remained an expensive luxury till within living memory. For one thing it was extremely expensive to make till the discovery in the last century of a way to manufacture the necessary alkali out of common salt; and the introduction about the same time of coconut oil to replace the expensive olive oil. For another it was heavily taxed by successive British Governments, so that in 1852, when the tax was finally removed, the 100,000 tons made in this country (allowing a consumption of 4 lb. each) paid one million pounds to the Exchequer.

Although soap became available to all at a reasonable price after 1852, it was some time before the fact was appreciated. Between the outbreak of war in the Crimea early in September, 1854, and the arrival of Miss Florence Nightingale in November, the authorities at the base hospital in Scutari had managed to wash seven shirts.

But from then, the manufacture went ahead fast till it received in the last war a sudden stimulus that looks like undoing all that it has done to preserve human life, by revealing a new method of destroying it.

For it was suddenly discovered that the waste material after the soap was finished was glycerine, an indispensable component of the nitro-glycerine of which high-explosives are made. It is rather a melancholy comment in human progress that, whereas glycerine had been a by-product of soap till then, soap soon became a by-product of glycerine, the means to prolong life an incidental to the agent of its destruction.

STRANGE COINCIDENCES

I daresay a great number of people have at some time or other of their lives experienced some very strange coincidences.

Some of these happenings are really so startling that it would almost seem as if a spiritual spirit with a keen sense of humour were allowed at certain seasons to poke his nose into our affairs. I give here a few instances which have happened to myself and have made a deep impression on my mind.

The first coincidence occurred a good many years ago, when I was a young man of 25 or so. I had returned to Edinburgh after spending a few days in London on holiday, and one morning I received a letter from a lady friend in that city asking me to procure her, if possible, a spray of Scottish white heather. To tell the truth, I was a little bothered by this

request, simple as it was, as I had no idea where to procure the flower wanted. It worried me all that afternoon, but eventually I dismissed it from my mind.

Next morning on unlocking the door of my business premises I was amazed to find, lying on the floor, four or five sprigs of beautiful white heather, fresh as the hour at which they had been plucked.

These had obviously been pushed through the letter-box, but as I had mentioned the matter to nobody, for what purpose this was done, and by whom, was remained from that day to this an unsolved mystery.

Racing Incidents

Another curious coincidence occurred some five years ago. I had received from the library a novel called "Double Life," by Grant Richards, and settled down for a comfortable evening's reading. The story was quite interesting, dealing with a young married woman who, without the knowledge of her husband, was engaging in an occasional "flutter" on the turf. She had surreptitiously purchased a race-horse and to get the result of the first race she bought an evening paper, opened it, and slowly ran her eye down the racing column. The first thing that caught her attention were the words in large letters, "Surprise win of Nant Coch."

I paused then—where had I just seen these words? Then I remembered. I rose hastily and re-opened my newspaper and there at the top of the racing column, in large letters were the words, "Surprise win of Nant Coch. Wins by a short head at 20 to 1."

His Favourite Barber

My last coincidence occurred just three days ago. I had an appointment with my dentist, whom I have known for many years. I left my business premises in good time for this, but decided to break my journey and call upon a new customer (we shall call him Mr. Lees) and personally deliver a garment he had ordered two days before.

I interviewed Mr. Lees, found everything satisfactory and proceeded to keep my appointment. Chatting away in a desultory fashion with my dentist friend, he mentioned casually he was going down town to get his hair cut. Just as casually I inquired where he generally got this operation performed. "Oh," he said, "I always go to Messrs. So-and-So, but there is only one man there, I allow, to cut my hair—Mr. Lees."

Ye Gods! out of Edinburgh's population of four hundred thousand inhabitants, he had selected the man I had left ten minutes before. Queer, wasn't it?

SIDE GLANCES By George Clark



"I'm giving you just one week to pay those claims and you know I never stand for any monkey business."

White Paper On Defence

ORGANISING INDUSTRY FOR WAR WORK

FIRMS TO
LAY DOWN
PLANTGUARANTEE OF
PEACE TIME
ORDERS

(Continued from Page 3.)

"Our present sources of supply are the Government factories and the normal Government contractors, who, in peace, manufacture various types of armament."

"The Government factories are chiefly responsible for a special kind of output which is generally not obtainable elsewhere. This includes the production of explosives and propellants, the filling of shells and cartridges and the manufacture of fuses, bombs, mines and torpedoes. To meet present requirements in these categories it will be necessary to extend or duplicate existing Government factories, and both vulnerability of site and the needs of the Special Areas will receive consideration."

"The normal Government contractors supply warships, aircraft, artillery, machine-guns, tanks, lorries and miscellaneous stores of every description. They also supply a great variety of articles for export and home consumption, and for both purposes they subcontract for materials, fittings and stores. To some extent it will be possible for them to contribute to the increased output required by extending their plant or workshop."

"But in the course of investigation it soon became apparent that, even for the purposes of the peace-time programme, the field would have to be extended to other firms not normally engaged in armament work, and at the same time it was clear that this extension would to some extent assist in the establishment of the organisation necessary to ensure rapid expansion of production in time of war."

"In connection with the approved programme for the Royal Air Force, steps are already being taken to extend the field of production by placing orders with firms who do not ordinarily manufacture for the Force or for civil aviation. This process of extension will have to be further enlarged to meet the programmes for the Navy and Army, but even so something more will be required."

RESERVE SOURCE
OF SUPPLIES

"In order satisfactorily to provide for our needs both in peace and war, His Majesty's Government have decided to create a reserve source of supply which would be available in case of emergency."

"The method of procedure contemplated is to select a number of firms who do not normally make warlike stores but who are suitable for the purpose by reason of their experience and their possession of a skilled staff of engineers and workmen."

"Arrangements would then be made with these firms for the laying down of the necessary plant and machine for a given output of selected articles, and sufficient orders in peace time would be guaranteed to allow of the requisite training in the work of production."

"The particular circumstances will vary in connection with every firm and with different types of product. Wide elasticity of arrangements must therefore be provided for, but the underlying principle is that each selected firm, while maintaining and developing its normal civil trade, will agree to use its organisation and commercial structure to set up some measure of munition production and thus create the reserve source of supply."

SUPPLY OF
SKILLED LABOUR

"There remain two other important features of the Government's plans for the organisation of production which must be mentioned. The first concerns the supply of skilled labour, of which there will necessarily be a largely increased demand."

"In some of the skilled occupations there is already noticeable shortage inevitable when increased demands are made upon labour supplies after a period of depression."

"It will be for the industries concerned, with such guidance as the Government can give, to make sure that vital processes are not held up for want of the necessary craftsmen."

WHAT EXPERIENCE
HAS SHOWN

"The second point concerns costs and prices. His Majesty's Government are determined that the needs of the nation shall not serve to pile up extravagant profits for those who are called upon to supply it."

"They are confident that industry as a whole has no desire to exploit the situation, and, indeed, they have already received satisfactory assurances from the Federation of British Industries of their readiness to collaborate."

"But when regular contractors are required to work nearly to their full capacity on Government orders, and when large numbers of firms are asked to undertake work which is new to them and which will have to be produced on equipment of which they have had no previous experience, the ordinary methods of contracting do not offer adequate safeguards for ensuring that prices bear their proper relation to actual costs."

"His Majesty's Government have given much time and thought to this matter, and they have been materially aided by the experience gained during

White Paper in Brief

I. REASONS

1. For many years necessary defence expenditure has been postponed in the hope of disarmament.
2. Britain, unlike other nations, cannot concentrate her forces in limited areas. She has calls to meet all over the world.
3. The Italo-Abyssinian dispute has shown that British interests in the Mediterranean and Red Sea could be safeguarded, but only at the cost of denuding other areas.
4. Our present weakness would prevent us from playing our due part in enforcing collective security.
5. Germany, France, Belgium, Italy, Russia, Japan, the United States, are all rearming.

II. PROGRAMME

- (a) Navy
- 2 new battleships to be begun in 1937.
 - Modernisation of existing battleships.
 - Increase of cruisers to 70.
 - 5 new cruisers in 1936 programme.
 - Steady replacement of destroyers and submarines.
 - New aircraft-carrier.
 - Increase of men by 6,000 by March 31, 1937.
 - "A considerable expansion" of the Fleet Air Arm.
- (b) Air Force
- Last year's programme of 1,500 first-line aircraft increased to 1,750 for R.A.F.
- Larger real increase.
- 12 more squadrons for Empire defence.
- 4 more squadrons for co-operation with the Territorial Army.
- 2 more squadrons for co-operation with the Regular Army.
- Increased recruiting.
- Increased reserves in men and material.
- (c) Army
- 4 new battalions of infantry.
- Reorganisation and re-equipment, especially of Field Artillery.
- Improvement of equipment and training of Territorial Army.
- Modernisation of coast defences.
- Reorganisation of anti-aircraft defences in South-East England.
- Improved housing.

III. CO-ORDINATION

The White Paper adds nothing to the statement of the Government's plans made by the Prime Minister on February 27.

IV. MOBILISATION OF INDUSTRY AND LABOUR

Industry to be organised so that it can rapidly change over from commercial to war production.

Extension and duplication of Government factories. Vulnerability and the needs of the Special Areas to be taken into account.

Orders to be given to firms not now making armaments, so that they will have the plant and skill available in time of war.

Steps to be taken to remedy shortage of skilled labour.

No extravagant profits.

Committees to be set up in each trade to control orders.

Control of prices by inspection of books, technical costings, etc.

V. FINANCE

No delay "by the over-elaboration of financial safeguards."

"Any attempt to estimate the total cost would be premature at this stage."

Service Estimates "Must
In Future Be Larger"

the last few months by the Air Ministry working under conditions of exceptional pressure.

CONTRACTS WILL
BE SUPERVISED

"On the one hand, it is important to retain the goodwill of industry, for in peace time firms cannot be compelled to undertake contracts on terms which they consider unreasonable."

"On the other hand, difficulties are bound to arise in dealing with so many and such various sources of supply, where there are not only contractors, but also sub-contractors and sub-sub-contractors concerned."

"There will be no problems where firms require financial assistance in order to lay down new plant and hold it at the Government's disposal, and these cases will be particularly urgent, since until they are met it will not be possible to make a start."

"It will be necessary also to co-ordinate the demands of the three Services so that proper priority shall be observed and competition between them, which might lead to higher prices, avoided."

"His Majesty's Government believe that all these difficulties can be overcome through the organisation they have in mind."

"As regards the principal contractors, contact will be made with them by the Service Departments, while in the case of sub-contractors in secondary or ancillary sections of organised industry, it is intended that communications shall pass through small committees to be appointed by the trade organisations themselves."

"Control to prevent excessive profits will be effectively exercised by inspection of books, adequate technical costings, audits on behalf of the State and arbitration in cases of dispute."

"The Government are satisfied that this can be done without im-

pairing the confidence and enterprise of contractors undertaking novel and difficult tasks.

"Co-ordination of Service requirements will be effected through the existing Principal Supply Officers Committee Organisation of the Committee of Imperial Defence, and the new Deputy Chairman of the Committee of Imperial Defence will be able to supervise the whole system of supply and correct any deficiencies that may be found to arise."

"Treasury control will, of course, be maintained throughout the whole field. It will be important, however, to see that the work is not delayed by the over-elaboration of financial safeguards, and new methods of procedure are being worked out which will ensure the effectiveness of financial control without impairing the continuity of progress."

"PREMATURE TO
ESTIMATE COST"

"From what has already been said as to the necessary flexibility of this programme, and in view of the uncertainty which must exist as to the rate of progress possible over so large a field, it will be realised that any attempt to estimate the total cost of the measures described would be premature at this stage."

"The original estimates for the coming year, which will shortly be before the House, will themselves require to be supplemented by provision for further defence measures referred to in this Paper; those for the following years must necessarily be larger."

"In the absence of any scheme of general disarmament it must be anticipated that the annual cost of the programme for the recognised Services must remain on a higher level, and will in all likelihood substantially exceed the original estimates about to be submitted."

DAY BY DAY NEWS IN BRIEF

EVERY MAN'S LIFE LIES WITHIN THE PRESENT. FOR THE PAST IS SPENT AND DONE WITH, AND THE FUTURE IS UNCERTAIN. —Antonius.

The American Mail Line President Mr. McHenry will arrive in Hong Kong on Saturday, April 4, at 6 p.m. from Shanghai, Japan and Seattle, and is scheduled to sail from Hong Kong for Manila at 3 p.m. on Sunday.

Sentence of six weeks' hard labour was imposed by Mr. Balfour at the Central Police Court this morning on Chan Kau, 22, an ex-employee of the Dairy Farm Company, who pleaded guilty to the theft of two wooden buckets containing 100 bottles of milk in Des Voeux Road, Central near Queen Victoria Street, while the delivery cove was upstairs. Detective Sergeant J. Shepherd stated that the buckets of this type had been frequent during the past month and the police had several complaints. Mr. C. F. Andrews, of the Dairy Farm, stated the defendant had been dismissed for larceny. They had had suspicion of him for quite a long time.

Nine months' hard labour was passed upon Chin Cheung, 30, unemployed, when he admitted a breach of the Deportation Ordinance by returning to the Colony after he had been banished for ten years on October 23 last. He pleaded that he had come back to take his aged mother away as she was sick. Detective-Sergeant Ellis stated that defendant's mother was 76 years of age. Defendant admitted a previous conviction for the same offence. The man was dealt with by Mr. Macfadyen at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

Remanded yesterday to have his fingerprints taken, Li Yin, unemployed, was sentenced to two months' hard labour when he appeared before Mr. Balfour at the Central Magistracy this morning for the theft of \$3.52 from the King, a new owner to the Colony. Subsequent to his return there was no criminal record against defendant.

Observatory returns show that there was a drop in the temperature of 11 degrees from Sunday to Monday. At 4 p.m. on the former date the temperature was 74, while on Monday, at the same time the figure was 63.

GARCIA HERO ILL



Lieut. Col. Andrew S. Rowan, whose epic exploit at the outbreak of the Spanish-American War inspired Elbert Hubbard to write "A Message to Garcia" is seriously ill in his San Francisco home. In 1898 Rowan made a hazardous trip through Cuban war lines, contacted the Cuban military leader, and returned with information that hastened the end of the war.

VISITOR DIES IN
HONGKONGON LEAVE FROM
SINGAPORE

The death occurred at the War Memorial Hospital yesterday afternoon of Mr. Saul Isaac Saul, as a result of an attack of diabetes and heart trouble.

The late Mr. S. I. Saul was attached to the Government Offices in Singapore and had many years of service with the Indian and Singapore Governments. He was on leave to Japan and on his way back to Singapore when he was taken off the Fushima Maru in Hong Kong suffering from a serious attack. He entered the Hospital on Friday. He was very well known amongst the Jewish community and others, and leaves a wife and two daughters in Singapore and a son in England.

Observatory returns show that there was a drop in the temperature of 11 degrees from Sunday to Monday. At 4 p.m. on the former date the temperature was 74, while on Monday, at the same time the figure was 63.

RADIO
BROADCASTA Talk by the Empire
Programme Director

IMPERIAL AFFAIRS

From Z.B.W. on a wavelength of 355 metres (845 kilocycles):

7-7.30 p.m. Chinese Programme.

7.30-7.47 p.m. Excerpts from Grand Opera.

Arias—Willow Song ("Otello") (Verdi); Hall Mary, Full of Grace ("Otello") (Verdi); Ellanor Bethberg (Soprano); Orchestra—"Manon" (Fauré); "Massenet"; Arias—Wey Not, Lull ("Turandot") (Puccini); Nobody shall sleep ("Turandot") (Puccini); Alessandro Valente (Tenor); Orchestra—Die Fledermaus Selection (J. Strauss).

7.30-7.47 p.m. A Recital by Fritz Kreisler (Violin).

1. Londonderry Air (arr. Kreisler); 2. A May Breeze (Mendelssohn, arr. Kreisler); 3. Shepherd's Madrigal (Kreisler); 4. Gypsy Caprice (Kreisler).

7.47-8 p.m. Four Songs by Malcolm McEachern (Bass). "Chu Chin Chow"; 2. I'm a Roamer (Mendelssohn); 3. Dorsetshire Cream and Cider (Sanderson); 4. Up from Somerset (Sanderson).

8 p.m. Time and Weather Report; Stock Quotations.

8.05-8.45 p.m. A Variety Programme.

Instrumental—Cover the Waterfront... arranged for Eight Pianists; Vocal—It's Written all over your face; The Object of my affection... The Boswell Sisters; Castanets Solo—Serenade... La Argentina; Vocal—Where arches used to be... Flanagan and Allen; Organ Solo—Film Hiss of the Moment... Sydney Torch; Vocal—Ida Sweet as Apple Cider... The Mills Brothers; Instruments—Canadian Capers, Kitten on the Keys... The Six Keyboard Kings; Orchestra—Meadley of Leslie Stuart's Songs.

8.45-9.15 p.m. A Relay from Daventry.

8.45 p.m. "Your Programme from Daventry." A talk by the Empire Programme Director.

9 p.m. Daventry News Bulletin.

9.15-9.40 p.m. The New Mayfair Orchestra.

Selection—The Dubarry; Britoladia (Selection of British Songs); Selection—The Cat and the Fiddle.

9.40-10 p.m. Songs by Dick Powell (Tenor).

1. The Words are in my heart; 2. Down Sunshine Lane; 3. Outside of you; 4. Lonely Gondolier; 5. Lullaby of Broadway; 6. I'm goin' shopping with you.

10 p.m. Big Ben.

10.10.15 p.m. Dance Music.

10.15-10.30 p.m. A Relay from Daventry.

A Talk on "Imperial Affairs" by H. V. Hodson.

11.30-11 p.m. Dance Music.

11 p.m. Close Down.

DAVENTRY PROGRAMMES

The following wave-lengths and frequencies are used by Daventry:

Call Sign	Frequency	Wavelength
GBA	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBR	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBD	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBE	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBF	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBG	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBH	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBI	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBJ	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBK	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres
GBL	8,010 k.c.	37.32 metres

(G.B.N. G.B.E.)

2.15 p.m. Big Ben. "With and Without Prejudice" (Gala Programme).

3 p.m. A Recital by Ronald Taylor (Pianoforte).

Greenwich Time Signal at 2.15 p.m. Daventry.

2.45 p.m. The News.

2.45 p.m. Close Down.

Transmission 2

(G.B.N. G.B.E.)

7.40 p.m. Talk: "Conquest of Air Power" by the Director of Air Power.

Greenwich Time Signal at 7 p.m.

7 p.m. The R.B.C. Northern Ireland Orchestra.

8.45 p.m. "Your Programme from Daventry."

8.45 p.m. The News.

8.45 p.m. The Organ Recital by Marguerite Newton, from the College of Technology, Manchester.

8.45 p.m. Close Down.

Transmission 3

(G.B.N. G.B.E.)

10 p.m. Big Ben. A Recital by Edwin Birlew (Pianoforte).

10.15 p.m. Talk: "Imperial Affairs" by the Director of Air Power.

10.15 p.m. The Birmingham Theatre Royal Orchestra.

10.45 p.m. "Young Ideas."

11.15 p.m. The Barry-Burman's Quintet, with Vernon Adcock (Xylophone and Vibraphone).

11 p.m. Close Down.



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TSUI BROTHERS DO IT: RUMJAHNS DEFEATED

YOUNG CHINESE COUPLE'S HISTORIC ACHIEVEMENT

HOW K.C.C. WON THE CRICKET LEAGUE

McAVOY WANTS TO BE A "HEAVY"

Chance Against Petersen

When Jack McAvoy comes down to fight Jack Petersen at Earl's Court in April he will have the comforting moral support that no one in the north believes he can be beaten.

What is more, the backers of Petersen are just as hard to find in the south—apart from Wales, where, naturally, he is regarded in the same unobtainable light as McAvoy.

Petersen has disappointed us often, but his form in his last fight with Harvey was definitely good. McAvoy has captured the imagination with his smashing wins in America. His admirers think there is nothing in boxing to-day to equal the power of his punching.

Maybe they are right. But Petersen's punch was just as famous not so long ago. He is still young enough to have kept it.

AN 8 LB MARGIN

McAvoy will be giving away weight and height but not to an extent that should make any difference.

That leaves a margin of 8 lbs.—not a vital amount to a man of McAvoy's calibre.

The one big difference is in reach—Petersen 80½ ins., McAvoy 78 ins. That 2½ ins. in favour of Petersen may be a big factor in the fight.

A GRAND BEGINNING

McAvoy's ambitions now are purely heavy-weight. In a cable message from New York, he said:—

"I have fought all the leading light-heavy-weights and middle-weights in England. I want more and better fights, so the only thing I can do is to take on heavy-weights."

"But I want to make my heavy-weight debut at home. Petersen is a grand beginning."

One report states that McAvoy is aiming at a fight with Joe Louis, the "Brown Bomber."

Well, he might be able to give half a stone to Petersen, but it is to be hoped he never takes the same risk with Louis. That would be tempting providence too much.

As a middle-weight he is supreme. As a light-heavy-weight he may win the British heavy-weight title, but as a serious contender for world heavy-weight honours he is not to be regarded in the same class as Louis.

NICHOLS AGAIN CHAMPION

WINS BADMINTON TITLE

R. C. F. Nichols regained the men's singles title at the All-England Badminton Championships, at the Royal Horticultural Hall, Westminster, when he beat R. M. White (Liverpool) who, like himself, had previously won it twice, in the final, 18-10, 17-10, 16-10.

Lack of regular tournament play had an adverse effect on White's game, in which his famous smash was little in evidence, but Nichols was clever, and he did not offer White many chances of a kill. Nichols might have won in two games, for in the set of 6 in the second game he led by 4-3.

The left-handed Miss Thelma Kingsbury won the women's singles championship for the first time by beating Mrs. H. S. Uber, holder, who was also rather short of singles practice, 15-10, 11-4, 11-4, 11-2. In both the first and second games there was a sequence at one time of seven blank hands, and this proved that much of the play was defensive. Miss Kingsbury owed her victory more to her stamina and aerobic retrieving than to her stroke-play.

Men's Singles.—R. C. F. Nichols (Middlesex), 18-10, 17-10, 16-10.

Women's Singles.—Miss T. Kingsbury (Hampshire) beat Mrs. H. S. Uber (Sussex) (holder), 15-10, 11-4, 11-2.

Women's Doubles.—Mrs. M. Henderson (Hampshire) and Miss T. Kingsbury (Hampshire) (holders) beat Mrs. H. S. Uber (Sussex) and Miss D. Doreen (Sussex), 18-10, 16-10, 17-7.

Veterans' Doubles.—B. G. Costello and C. P. Harrington (11) beat R. D. Marshall and E. C. St. John (11), 18-10, 16-10, 17-7.

TSUI WAI-PUY SETS A NEW STANDARD OF VOLLEYING



TSUI WAI-PUY—He sparked.

VICTORY WAS MERITED

(By "Veritas")

Two brothers, playing inspired tennis, were yesterday responsible for the dethronement of Hongkong's doubles champions, S. A. and H. D. Rumjahn when they met on the stand court of the Cricket Club in the third round of the current championship. For eleven years the Rumjahns' cousins have reigned supreme and fate, indulging in a fanciful twist of irony decreed that they should yield their crown at the very time when, to all intents and purposes, opposition was at its weakest.

Everybody who has had the opportunity of studying the progress of the Tsui brothers appreciated that they were capable of giving the champions a hot game, but I think very few indeed would have been bold enough to envisage their dethroning the Rumjahns. It was, in the purest sense of that much maligned phrase, a brilliant victory, achieved on merits and the outcome of a tennis display which has not been surpassed in the Colony championships for many years.

E. L. Andrews would have enjoyed watching the match for he would have seen put into practice by Tsui Wai-pui the advice he gave Hongkong players four years ago when he emphasised the necessity for more aggressive volleying.

NEW CUT-OFF VOLLEY

Yesterday Tsui Wai-pui showed Hongkong how effective can be the cut-off volley made with the racket travelling forward. It was his ace shot and it scored consistently. Time and again it has been made very clear that to beat the Rumjahns from the net one must pull out a rasher volley. To the ordinary semi-defensive chop volley they can play all day and night and still come out on top; but in this match they were beaten by the sheer speed of the ball from the racket which found them caught on the wrong foot or gave them no chance of making an adequate return.

Another striking feature of the winners' display was their magnificent teamwork. The Rumjahns' understanding has always been recognised as pre-eminent in local tennis, but they could give no pointers to the Tsui brothers, who, with but two exceptions, were always in the right place, and even when on the run to retrieve a lob, succeeded in making the correct return.

Chief individual honours must be accorded Tsui Wai-pui, whose generalship was only equalled by his daring and spectacular shots. Tsui exposed his whole repertoire of strokes, and rarely did he fail to make them point-winning. He was happiest at those effective from the forecourt from where he volleyed with beautiful precision and accuracy, varying with perfectly timed lob volleys, chopped backhands from half court which made the ball go away from acute angles, and well disguised lobs which sent the Cousins scurrying back to the baselines.

Tsui Wai-pui also served with more than ordinary accuracy, his heavily topped first deliveries making more than usual pace. He has certainly never played better tennis in Hongkong.

JUST FOR A MOMENT

One feels too that it is difficult to overstate the excellence of Tsui Wai-pui's performance. His big display (Continued on Page 9)

To-day's Tennis Programme

ANTI-CLIMAX HINTED

After yesterday's palpating tennis, to-day's programme at the Cricket Club hints an anti-climax. Nevertheless an attractive match is set down for the stand court, where the ever-green M. W. and M. K. Lo combination oppose Paul Kong and Lai Kwong-tsun, regarded in some quarters as important contenders for the doubles championship.

The winners enter the semi-final brackets in the top half of the draw, and despite the clever success of the Lo brothers in the previous round, indications are that Kong and Lai will fill the vacancy.

Kong appears to be playing somewhat better than he was twelve months ago, and Lai's astonishingly

good display against Liang and Kwok make this a very useful combination. On an outside court, Lee Wai-long and Luk Ding-chung meet A. Crawford and S. A. Gray in a third round match. The Chinese look safe for a straight sets win, and at the worst they may concede a set.

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME

The programme for to-day is as follows:

Open Doubles.—M. K. and M. W. Lo v. Paul Kong and Lai Kwong-tsun; Lee Wai-long and Luk Ding-chung v. S. A. Gray and A. Crawford.

Club Championship.—W. A. S. Grant v. G. Polglase; E. Bathurst v. D. M. Macdonough.

Handicap Singles.—H. J. Armstrong v. M. Monaghan; G. E. R. Divett v. M. Pugh.

Handicap Doubles.—L. Forster and L. T. Rido v. A. C. I. Bowker and A. K. Mackenzie.

OFFER TO CHINESE DAVIS CUP TEAM

May Compete For Many National Titles

Gordon Lum told The Shanghai Times before he left for Europe with China's Davis Cup team that a cable had been received from the well-known British firm of Slazenger's offering to arrange for the participation of the Chinese team in tournaments throughout the Continent and the British Isles during their stay in the West, and it is believed that their offer will be accepted, as the company has also offered to take complete responsibility.

EUROPE CHAMPIONSHIP

In the event of Slazenger's offer being accepted, it is probable that the China team will participate in most of the National Championships of Europe and the British Isles, both in lawn and hard-court, experience which should prove to be of even greater value than the tournaments in which the last Davis Cup team played during its stay in America.



Fine action study of Miss Thelma Kingsbury, caught by the camera while winning the All England badminton championship from Mrs. H. S. Uber.

TWO BADMINTON MATCHES IN THE ONE EVENING

RECREIO POLISHING OFF THEIR OUTSTANDING FIXTURES

Recreio "A" played two matches last evening in the badminton league, beating Sailors and Soldiers Home in the men's doubles by nine games to love and the S. and S. mixed team by the same margin.

St. Andrew's "A" also consolidated their position in the men's division by beating V.R.C. seven games to two. V.R.C. turned up one short and had to concede three games.

MEN'S DOUBLES
RECREIO "A" v. S. and S. HOME
Played at King's Park, Recreio winning by nine games to love.

"A" beat S. and S. HOME (Recreio) 9-0; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "A" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"A" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "B" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"B" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "C" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"C" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "D" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"D" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "E" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"E" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "F" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"F" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "G" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"G" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "H" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"H" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ST. ANDREW'S "I" v. V.R.C.
Played at St. Andrew's Church Hall, the home team winning by seven games to two.

"I" beat V.R.C. (St. Andrew's) 7-2; best of 3 sets, 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

ENGLISH LEAGUE FOOTBALL

London, Mar. 30.

Two matches were played in the English football league to-day. In the second division Southampton and won by the only goal scored, while in the northern section of the third division Chesterfield, although on their own ground, could only play a goalless draw with Stockport.—Reuter.

Doubles Division.
J. J. Remellon and Miss C. Silva (Recreio "A") beat W. Sprague and Mrs. Sprague (Recreio "A") 21-10, 21-10, 21-10.

League Table.
P. W. L. F. A. Pts.
Eliot Hall "A" 20 10 1 128 16 38
Recreio "A" 18 17 1 112 23 34

League Table.
P. W. L. F. A. Pts.
Recreio "A" 14 13 1 81 18 26
C.R.C. 10 13 3 107 27 26

League Table.
P. W. L. F. A. Pts.
Recreio "A" 14 13 1 81 18 26
C.R.C. 10 13 3 107 27 26

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Recreio "A" 14 13 1 81 18 26
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League Table.
P. W. L. F. A. Pts.
Recreio "A" 14 13 1 81 18 26
C.R.C. 10 13 3 107 27 26

MACKAY'S BATTING WAS AMONG HIGHSPOTS OF MATCH

GOSANO BOWLED WELL BUT WITHOUT LUCK

(By R. Abbit)

Playing the right type of cricket, Kowloon Cricket Club swept on to a decisive and well merited victory against University on Saturday and thus won the Senior League shield. R. Abbit, the Colony's leading cricket commentator, who watched the match, gives the following special description.

Starting in a very humble way this season, the K.C.C. could have found plenty of people to lay them about seven to one against winning the Shield. Both the Army and the Club were fancied in some quarters while as usual the I.R.C. had many supporters. As we all know, until a fortnight ago the I.R.C. seemed to have the Shield in their pockets, but a surprise defeat by the University made all the difference.

The K.C.C. had been lucky to find their batsmen getting back to form after some period of eclipse, while their great weakness as a team, their bowling, was helped enormously by the return of Frank Goodwin, their skipper, who always bowled steadily and sometimes brilliantly. S. V. Gittins, too, developed as a change bowler, getting many wickets with his slow off turn. And so after an early draw and another later against the I.R.C., they pulled off their five other matches to lead the Indians by one point and to win the Shield.

One of the keenest sides in the Colony, and one of the best balanced, they thoroughly deserve their success.

GOSANO WINS THE TOSS.

The first step in the contest at Pokfulam on Saturday was taken when Gosano won the toss and (as Goodwin would have done in his place) sent his opponents in to bat. The game started at thirteen minutes past two—both sides were one short I gather—but in view of the remoteness of the ground this was not so bad.

Gosano bowled from the Pavilion end as usual and Orazio shared the attack. The usual Kowloon pair opened and they stayed together for half an hour during which time they had put on 37 runs. Of these Lav had made 25 very nicely and he got out in trying to force the pace, hitting across a straight one from Gosano.

Meantime Fincher had been in considerable difficulties at times with Gosano and was rather lucky not to be out on at least two occasions. Neither he, nor Mackay, who came in first wicket, seemed to be able to get the ball away and after 40 minutes play he had only scored 14 runs.

CHANGING THE BOWLING

After he had bowled for 45 minutes Orazio was given a spell and P. Power relieved him—a mistake I think, as he was bowling much the same sort of stuff, only slower. As it turned out Blake, a left-hander, would have been a better change than Gosano, could not be blamed as a batsman, but had not been able to play very much and there was no reason to assume he would bowl as usefully as he subsequently did.

However, easy though Power seemed, the batsmen did not seem to get him away, and it looked as if they ought to have batted a bit more, though the University folding was very keen and saved no end of runs. Meanwhile Fincher did hit Gosano for two very nice fours running but off the next ball he must have been very nearly l.b.w.—the bowler and wicket keeper both appealing very confidently.

GOSANO OFF

After bowling an hour Gosano put on Orazio in his own place and changed Blake for Power. The Varsity skipper had bowled very well, for at this period his figures were 11-1-23-11. Teddy Fincher had taken an hour over his first 20 runs. Orazio however did not seem to take kindly to the Pavilion end and sent down several long hops which were well and truly hooked, chiefly by Mackay. Indeed from now on to a period about 20 minutes before they declared the Kowloon men got most of their runs from hooking and leg side play, and seemed singularly unwilling to hit the pitched-up ball. Unfortunately the Varsity bowlers got on to the short side about now.

FINCHER DISMISSED

Gosano soon resumed and at 87 Blake had Fincher l.b.w. for a steady 38. His brother succeeded him and both batsmen now began to look out. Gosano went off again for a few leaving Blake to hold down the end, which he did fairly successfully, though Ernie Fincher scored a most curious four to longstop from a ball which seemed to go under his bat, meeting at Garmisch-Partenkirchen.

Next over the same player on-drove Orazio tremendously hard, the ball never rising above shoulder height and yet reaching Power who was standing 25 yards at least very fine behind the bowler. He had no time to move to it but took a beautiful catch 'about the level of his boot-laces' (158-3-31).

A BRILLIANT CATCH

"E.F." had played exactly the right sort of innings for his side, but I should mention that Mackay was also playing beautiful cricket, his hooking especially being delightful, while he seemed to have got over his earlier disinclination to jump in and drive.

Hung slashed at once and Tsui made a nice catch at deep mid-wicket off Blake who had resumed for Gosano (100-4-17). At 4 p.m. with the score at 173 (one scoring book I thought had it down at 172.1) Goodwin declared. He was entirely right to do so. A draw was as bad as a loss, and though his bowling was not very strong, he had the knowledge that the Varsity had had a pretty tiring hour and three quarters on what was easily the hottest day we have had for months!

Incidentally of the big scorers Mackay (74 not out) hit thirteen fours, Ernie six and Teddy Fincher five. (Continued on Page 9)

Ice Hockey Protest Stops Match

U.S. TEAM'S SENSATION

A "bomb" was dropped into the British ice-hockey world last night when the American Olympic team refused to play an exhibition match against an all-star team from Empress Stadium, Earl's Court.

The four players whom the American Olympic team had been suspended by the Canadian Amateur Ice Hockey Association. However, British ice-hockey authorities say that they have had no official indication of such suspensions.

Thousands of people who went to Empress Stadium last night to see what was expected to be one of the season's most exciting matches were greatly disappointed.

1,000 TURN AWAY

Special men were posted outside the Stadium announcing that the American team would not appear, but that another game had been substituted.

The crowd seemed to take the disappointment in good spirit, and about 3,000 paid their admission into the rink. Perhaps another thousand preferred to go elsewhere for their entertainment.

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Thousands of people who went to Empress Stadium last night to see what was expected to be one of the season's most exciting matches were greatly disappointed.

Every one connected with ice hockey is mystified at the turn of events, because the American Olympic team played exhibition matches with all the British teams before they went to Germany to compete in the Olympic Games.

However, it is said that the Canadian Amateur Ice Hockey Association suspended a large number of Canadian players who are with English teams this winter at a special meeting at Garmisch-Partenkirchen.

PSYCHOLOGISTS SEEKING A CURE FOR "PUNCH-DRUNK" BOXERS

(By Trevor Wignall)

The very interesting news has reached me that the Psychological Department of Guy's Hospital are engaged in inquiry into the present condition of boxers who have suffered either mentally or physically as the result of heavy punishment taken in the ring.

The research, which it is hoped will determine the neurological and psychological changes that have taken place, will probably occupy several months.

A number of well-known doctors are interested in the subject, but one of their troubles is that they cannot induce a sufficient number of men to subject themselves to examination.

I am, therefore, asked to state that the department will be very glad of any help that can be offered them.

I strongly recommend this course to those whose sight has been affected, and to those other who have fallen victims to the condition called punch-drunk.

It is quite possible they will be benefited, while there is the further likelihood that something will be discovered that will be of the greatest service to men who are fighting to-day.

A doctor mentioned to me yesterday that medical advice is not even yet certain about the causes of knock-outs, or of the effects they produce.

The spectacle of former pugilists who have lost their sight, or who haltingly walk on their heels, is a ways a painful one, and the wonder to me is that an investigation was not conducted long ago.

I could mention the names of many who are in a sad condition as a consequence of the blows they received.

One of the most famous in the world has still to take constant treatment because of the state of his eyes: not so long ago he told me that they were worrying him almost to death.

The inquiry that is now being made is an important one, but difficult to be created for it is a sufficient number of men do not offer themselves for examination.

One or two will not be nearly enough, but I am very hopeful that a score or more will communicate with the hospital without delay.

They will be doing good to themselves, and to others who will follow them.

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E/Russia	April 17	April 19	April 21	April 23	April 25		May 4
E/Japan	May 1	May 3		May 6	May 8	May 14	May 19
E/Asia	May 15	May 17	May 19	May 21	May 23		June 1
E/Canada	May 29	May 31		June 3	June 5	June 12	June 17
E/Russia	June 12	June 14	June 16	June 18	June 20		June 29
E/Japan	June 26	June 28		July 1	July 3	July 9	July 14
E/Asia	July 10	July 12	July 14	July 16	July 18		July 27
E/Canada	July 24	July 26		July 29	July 31	Aug. 7	Aug. 12
E/Russia	Aug. 7	Aug. 9	Aug. 11	Aug. 13	Aug. 15		Aug. 24
E/Japan	Aug. 21	Aug. 23		Aug. 26	Aug. 28	Sept. 3	Sept. 8
E/Asia	Sept. 4	Sept. 6	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 12		Sept. 21
E/Canada	Sept. 18	Sept. 20		Sept. 23	Sept. 25	Oct. 2	Oct. 7

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Charles Dickens' A TALE OF TWO CITIES

Adapted by
LEBBEUS MITCHELL

"RECALLED TO LIFE"

CHAPTER I

Upon a foggy night in the year 1784 a lumbering coach, on the road from London to Dover, proceeded slowly up Shooter's hill. The passengers trudged alongside the vehicle, stumbling and floundering in the mud as much as did the weary horses whose heads drooped almost to the ground. Joe, the guard, panted and grunted as he pushed against the back of the coach. The driver cracked his whip and shouted encouragement to the animals. "So-ho! Get up there! One more forward!" He wiped the sweat from his forehead. "I say, Joe, what o'clock is it?" "Eleven," responded the guard. "And not up to the top of Shooter's Hill yet! So-ho! Get up with you!" Again he whipped the leader of the team and the Dover Mall joggled on uphill. The dismounted passengers squashed along in the mud, stopping whenever the coach did, as if fearful of getting very far away from it in the heavy mist. At the sudden pounding of horse's hoofs in the road behind them, they huddled close together. The driver jumped upon his box and levelled his pistol, ready for the appearance of the still invisible enemy, for none had other thought but that the rider, approaching at a gallop, was a highwayman. The guard raced backward, his blunderbuss levelled, and cried: "Gentlemen, in the King's name, on your guard!" Several of the men had drawn pistols when the newcomer, having dismounted, walked towards them, muffled to the eyes. "Dover Mail!" he shouted. "Are you the Dover Mail?" "Never mind what we are," responded the guard. "What are you?" "I'm a messenger from Tellson's Bank." "Stand where you are! No nearer!" commanded Joe. "I want Mr. Jarvis Lorry," said the muffled man. "I have a message for 'im from 'is bank."

One of the passengers detached himself from the group and started towards the speaker. "Here I am, is that Jerry Cruncher?" "Yes, Mr. Lorry," replied the man and started to advance. "Stop!" cried Joe. "Keep where you are! I'm a devil at a quick mistake—and it usually takes the form of lead." "That's all right, guard, I know the man," said Mr. Lorry, a florid-faced elderly man. "Then stop aside. Speak to him if you must, but don't let him come no nearer. You never know in these days." When he was within a few paces of the man, Lorry demanded: "What's the message, Jerry?" "It's this," said the Royal George for man. "Ah, she's at Dover—theat! Give this reply to the office: 'Recalled to life.'"

"Recalled to life," repeated Jerry Cruncher. "Very good, sir." The messenger returned to his horse, and Lorry to the waiting coach. Driver, guard and passengers relaxed from their tension only when they heard the retreating hoofbeats of Cruncher's mount. Mr. Lorry sat at a table before the fireplace in the Royal George Tavern at Dover eating fish with great precision when the waiter advanced to his table and announced: "The young lady you expect, sir, Miss Manette, is here, sir." "Good. Business—strictly business," said Lorry explosively at the smile on the waiter's face. "Of course, sir," agreed that individual, still smiling. "I'm from Tellson's Bank in London, and it is business!" He nodded emphatically at the man in his distress at being misunderstood. He despatched the rest of his meal quickly, left the dining room and made his way up the creaking staircase to a door on the second floor. He

paused in some perturbation, then knocked. In response to a girlish voice from within, he pushed the door open. The room was heavy, dark and gloomy, lighted by two candles between which stood a young girl of seventeen. Her limpid golden brown eyes, the quick intelligence of her face, pronounced her French. "I—ahem—I'm Mr. Jarvis Lorry, of Tellson's Bank. Your humble servant, Miss Manette." She extended her hand for his kiss. "I received a letter from the bank, sir," said the girl, looking herself, gesturing that he was to do likewise, "informing me that some intelligence—some discovery—"

"Quite, quite, Miss Manette. The word is immaterial." The girl looked at Lorry closely. "Are you quite a stranger to me, sir?" "I am a man of business, pay no more attention to me than I if I were a sneaking machine." "But I know you. I am sure that I know you." "When you were a little girl, I was instrumental in bringing you and your mother over to England. Business, you know—no romance." "That was many years ago." "I speak, Miss, of that time. The business we have in hand relates to your father, Dr. Manette." "You know him, Dr. Manette?" "Yes, he was a client of Tellson and Company's Paris Bank. I am an arm of that bank. That is how you must regard me." "Mr. Lorry, what have you come to tell me?" "You are in a manner of speaking a ward of Tellson & Company's bank. I have always handled your financial affairs for the bank. Now let us suppose your father had not died—don't be frightened, child!—I should keep me in suspense, Mr. Lorry. What is it?" "If, instead of dying, your father had suddenly and silently disappeared—if he had an enemy who caused him to be imprisoned—"

"With a startled cry, Miss Manette rose from her chair, then knelt before him, greatly agitated. "Mr. Lorry, do tell me! I entreat you!" "No, don't kneel!" cried the gentleman, thoroughly distressed. "In heaven's name, why should you kneel to me?" "For the truth!" Oh, dear, good, compassionate sir, for the truth! Is my father alive?" "Yes, But you must expect to find him greatly changed—a wreck it is probable, though we will hope for the best. Oh, my poor father. Where is he?"

"Now you know the best, and the worst. You will see the poor, wronged gentleman, and with a fair sea voyage to France, and a fair land voyage to Paris. Miss Manette! What is the matter?" The girl was prostrate on the floor in a faint. As Mr. Lorry looked about helplessly, wondering what to do, a strange female figure burst into the room. She was all of a red colour; her hair was red, her extraordinary, tight-fitting costume was red; on her head was a wonderful bonnet, resembling a grenadier's shako. She laid a brawny hand upon Mr. Lorry's chest and sent him flying against the nearest wall. "What have you been doing to my ladybird?" "You took a fine manner of doing it!" She addressed herself to her mistress. "My precious, my bird! It's me, your Prissy!" She looked up at Mr. Lorry, anger still staining her face. "Look what you have done to her! Confining her! What you have done to her! Without frightening her so?" "I tried to break it to her as gently as I could." "Gently? Call this gently! My darling pretty! Prissy is with you now, and no one can harm you." Under her ministrations, Lucie Manette soon recovered and sat up. "I'm all right," she said faintly, got to her feet and faced Mr. Lorry. "Where is my father?" "He has been in prison in the Bastille for eighteen years."

"Eighteen years!" exclaimed Miss Prissy. "Gracious creator of day!" "I entreat you, sir," said Lucie. "Where is my father?" "An old servant, Defarge, is taking care of him at his wine shop in Paris. You must take me to him at once." "I will!" cried Mr. Lorry, as excited as they. "But really, you must calm yourself. We must all calm ourselves."

An excited crowd of meanly-clad, half-starved looking men and women were gathered in the Rue Saint-Martin, almost in the shadow of the hated Bastille, before the wine shop of Ernest Defarge. The cause of the excitement was a cask of wine that had rolled off a delivery dray and burst open. Red wine flowed from it upon the pavement, forming little pools in the crevices, over which kneeled some of the men, drinking it up. Other men and women cupped their hands and filled them from the spill, and drank greedily. One man rolled a small cup and carried it to a sick woman who sat at one side of the street with a small boy in her arms. "There's mud in it, Gaspard!" protested the woman, weakly. "The food in it," he gave some to the boy. "Drink, little one. Never mind the taste." Leaving his wife and child, Gaspard went to a wall sun-dial, dipped his hand in a pool of wine at his feet, and wrote the word "Blood" on the wall. A hand passed before his face and smeared out the word. "Don't do that, Jacques!" It was the wine shop keeper who spoke. "Well, there'll be blood flowing in these streets before long." "Yes, but keep that thought in your heart, Jacques. Don't waste it on the walls." A clatter of hoofs and wheels caused him to turn. A young woman and an elderly man descended from a coach. Defarge went hurriedly into his wine shop. "Strangers—the roses!" he cried in Madame Defarge's face. (To Be Continued)

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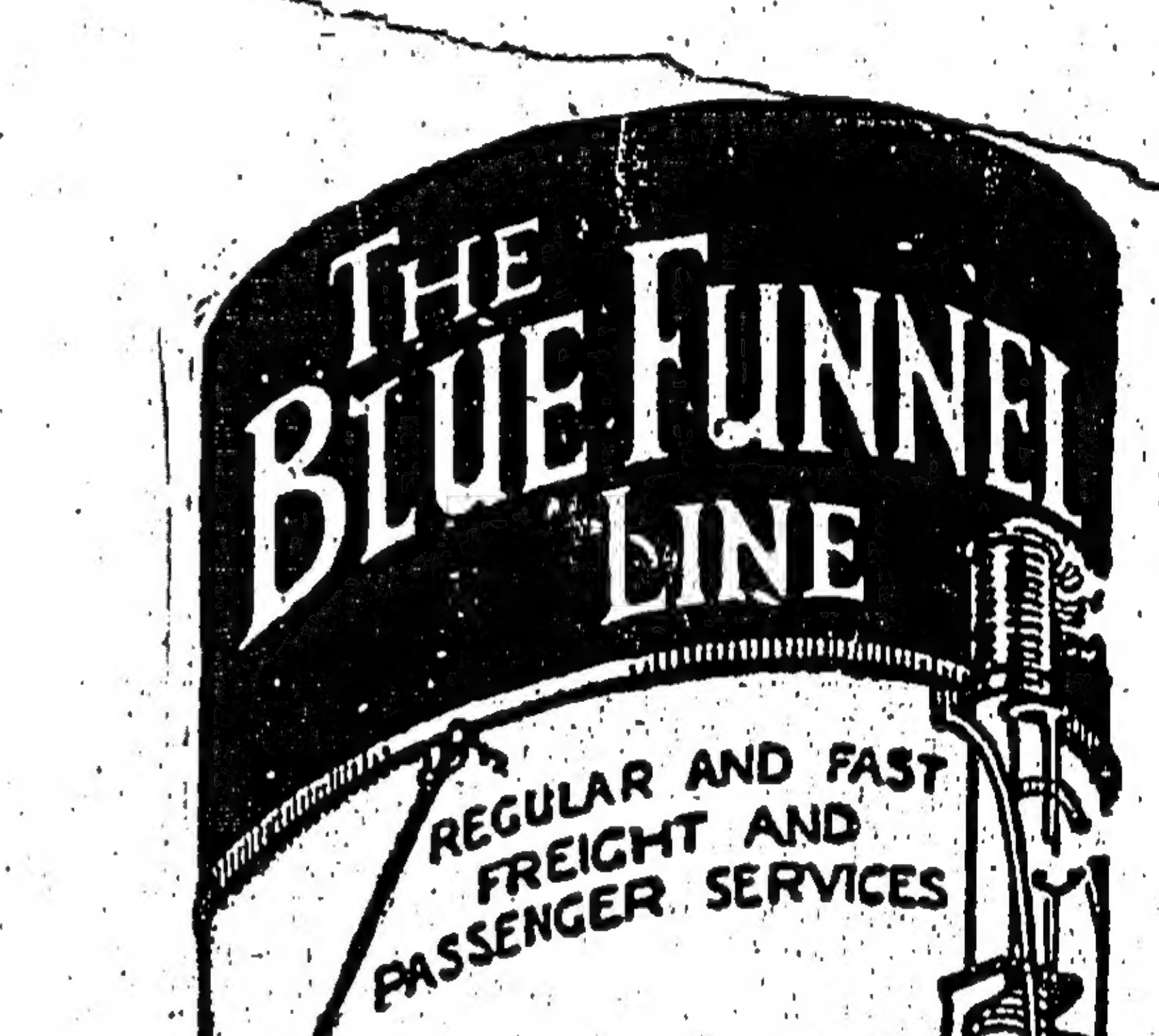
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Pres. Hoover	10 a.m.	Apr. 18th		Pres. Grant	"	Apr. 24th	
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Pres. Coolidge	8 a.m.	May 16th		Pres. Jackson	"	May 22th	
Pres. Taft	8 a.m.	June 3rd		Pres. McKinley	"	June 5th	

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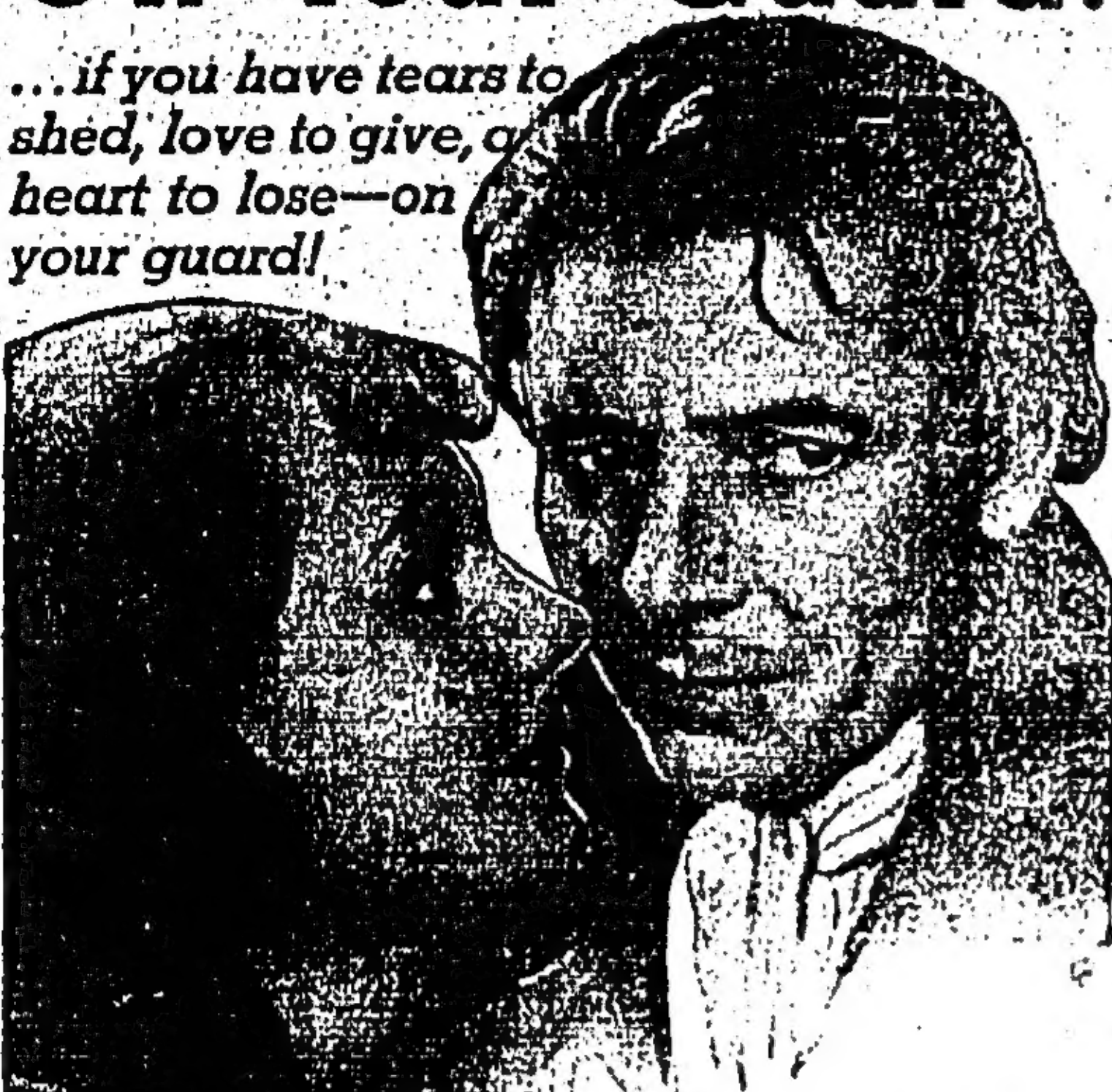
TO-DAY ONLY AT THE

KING'S
HONG KONG**ALHAMBRA**
KOWLOON

At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 p.m. At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

On Your Guard!

...if you have tears to shed, love to give, a heart to lose—on your guard!



For M-G-M has spent two years... \$1,000,000... to bring you another romantic masterpiece to take its place with "Mutiny on the Bounty" and "David Copperfield" in the annals of the screen!

RONALD COLMAN
in **CHARLES DICKENS' MASTERPIECE**
A TALE OF TWO CITIES

with a cast of 49,000, including:
Elizabeth Allan • Edna May Oliver
Reginald Owen • Basil Rathbone
Blanche Yurka • Henry B. Walthall
Produced by David O. Selznick
Directed by Jack Conway
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

TO-MORROW AT THE KING'S
BARBARA STANWYCK
in **"RED SALUTE"**
with Robert Young
United Artists Release

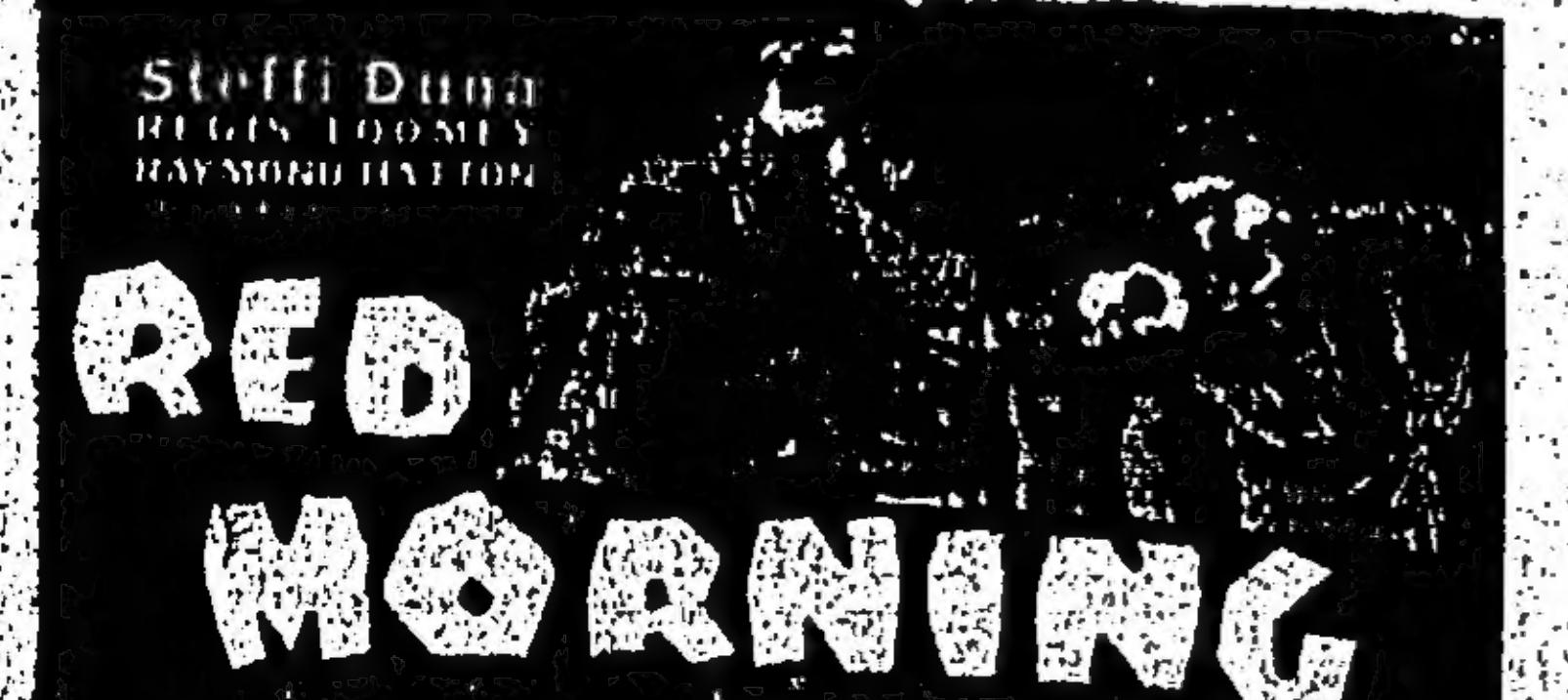
TO-MORROW AT THE ALHAMBRA
"SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPAPE"
with
GENE HAYMOND—MARGARET CALLAHAN
RKO Radio Picture

ORIENTAL THEATRE
LAST 4 TIMES TO-DAY

IN LETTERS OF FIRE
VICTOR HUGO WROTE HIS DAMINATION OF INJUSTICE
In a book that ripped the veneer off the surface of life,
THE MOST ASTOUNDING PICTURE EVER SCREENED!



2 DAYS ONLY TO-MORROW & THURSDAY
HERE'S A GRAND TROPICAL ACTION PICTURE!
A beautiful girl ship-wrecked among savage head-hunters in untamed, forbidden New Guinea!
AN AMAZING THRILL-PAKED SCREEN PLAY!



MATINEES: 20c, 30c • EVENINGS: 20c, 30c, 50c, 70c

NO DATE SET FOR MILITARY PARLEYS

BRITISH MINISTERS IN CONFERENCE

OBLIGATIONS REAFFIRMED

London, Mar. 30. A meeting of Ministers was held this morning at which, besides the Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Lord Hailsham, Lord Morrison, Lord Swinton, Lord Halifax, Mr. Anthony Eden and Sir Thomas Inskip, new Minister for Co-ordination of Defence, were present.

Contrary to newspaper reports that the meeting would be concerned with approval of the proposed technical conversations with the General Staff of the Powers still adhering to the Locarno Treaty, it is pointed out in official quarters that Cabinet approval of these talks was involved in the decision of the Government to accept the proposals drawn up at the recent Four-Power conferences. The technical arrangements in question were provided for in the third section of the proposal and relate solely to the carrying out of the existing obligations of the British Government under the Locarno Treaty in case of actual unprovoked aggression.

It is understood that no date for the beginning of conversations has yet been fixed, and this question may come before the Cabinet on Wednesday.

Meantime, consideration is being given to the conditions under which the talks would be held, and it is assumed that this was one of the subjects upon which the French Ambassador spoke with the Foreign Secretary when he called at the Foreign Office this afternoon. In agreeing to the conversations between the staffs in connection with their fulfilment of the Locarno obligations—which was the contribution of the British Government to the restoration of confidence by compensating Belgium and France for loss of security resulting from them from the remilitarisation of Rhineland—the Government, it is recalled by political commentators, had before them the example of similar technical exchanges in which the French Government recently agreed, at their request, to participate in connection with the possibility of unprovoked aggression in the Mediterranean and in accordance with Article 16, Paragraph 3, of the Locarno Covenant.—*British Wireless.*

DOUBLING SWEDISH AIR FORCE

SWISS VOTE BIG DEFENCE BILL

(Special to "Telegraph")

Stockholm, Mar. 30. The Government has presented proposals for the reinforcement and modernisation of national defences. The annual Air Force grant is increased from 11,000,000 crowns to twenty-one millions, and a fleet of light bombers and medium bombers will be established.

The Navy will be maintained at full strength, existing capital ships will be modernised, and new destroyers and submarines will be constructed. The Army is to be provided with more heavy and machine-guns.

SWISS ESTIMATES
Bern, Mar. 30. The Federal Council has approved in principle estimates totalling 235,000,000 Swiss francs, submitted by the Military Department for national defence.—*Reuter Special.*

FANCY DRESS DANCE

R.A.O.C. EVENT BIG SUCCESS

The R.A.O.C. held a most successful fancy dress dance at the China Fleet Club last night, when over a hundred couples took the floor. The costumes were noteworthy for their variety and excellence, and the music by the band of the East Lancashire Regiment was greatly enjoyed.

The first prize for ladies was won by Mrs. Turner, as "Mazawattoe Tea," and the second by Mrs. Whykes as a "rattle-maiden." For gentlemen, Mr. Bell secured first prize as "Masquerade," while Mr. Whitehouse won the second prize as "Treasure Island." The lucky number was No. 40.

Dancing continued until 1 a.m., and the Association wishes to thank Messrs. H. H. Andrews, Bullock, Rance and McQueen for undertaking the arrangements.

LADY CALDECOTT

A telegram received from Home states that the operation on Lady Caldecott for appendicitis has been entirely successful and that she is making excellent progress. If this continues it is probable that she will sail for the East by the P. and O. p.m. Corfu, due in Hongkong on June 10.

UTILITY COMPANY DECISION

JURISDICTION OF CASE REFUSED

(Special to "Telegraph")

Washington, March 30. The Supreme Court has refused to take jurisdiction in the case of the Baltimore Utility Holding Company Act case. Consequently, the constitutionality of the Act will not be decided before next term, at the earliest in the beginning of October.

The Court's refusal means a victory for the Company, which selected the case brought by the Electric Bond and Share Co. as a test case.

The ruling is in respect of the very important anti-trust suits brought in recent years. The Court held that certain practices of the Sugar Institute violate the Sherman Anti-Trust Act.

The decision had been eagerly awaited by some of the Trade Associations as a guide to the extent to which they could go towards self-regulation. The ruling, which is unanimous, confirms, with some modifications, the Lower Court's decision barring the Institute from a number of activities which are regarded as price-fixing, with the apparent effect that the Institute will be permitted to continue its functions, but under restrictions somewhat less drastic than those outlined by the Lower Court.

The most important feature of the decision is the fact that the Supreme Court approved what is commonly called the open price system, namely, the reporting or relaying of prices to the Institute, but the Supreme Court pointed out that it approved the Lower Court's restrictions prohibiting any general plan to force adherence to any prices or terms so reported.—*Reuter Special.*

THE NEW INDIAN CONSTITUTION

SATISFACTORY PROGRESS REPORTED

London, Mar. 30. The House of Commons discussed to-night draft Orders-in-Council under the Government of India Act which the Under-Secretary for India, Mr. Butler, said marked a further stage in the steady progress which was being made towards the establishment of a new Constitution in the provinces of India.

He forecast, if progress continued at the rate he hoped, that the new Provincial Legislatures would be able to start work and provincial autonomy would commence at a date which he put approximately at the spring of 1937.

The Opposition, while welcoming the drafts as part of the procedure leading to the inauguration of the new Constitution, offered criticism in details.

After some discussion of the first draft order relating to qualifications of voters and candidates in provincial elections, the debate was adjourned.—*British Wireless.*

EXPECTANCY OF LIFE

ONLY 23 YEARS IN INDIA

London, Mar. 30. Dr. Somersall, public health expert, addressing the India League in London, said that the expectancy of life in India was 23 years, compared with 55 in England.

He added that 39 per cent. of the population were under-nourished or diseased, while the infant mortality rate in 1929 was 230 per thousand, compared with 66 in Britain.—*Reuter's Bulletin Service.*

WHIST DRIVE

SUCCESSFUL EVENT AT Y.M.C.A.

Despite the counter-attraction of two dances in Hongkong, 108 persons took part in the weekly Services whist drive at the European Y.M.C.A. last night.

The prizes, which were presented by Mrs. Hall, were won by the following players:—Ladies' First, Mrs. Jordan; Ladies' Second, Miss Russell; Ladies' Lowest Score, Mrs. Powell; Gent's First, Mr. Frisby; Gent's Second, Mr. Prosser; Gent's Lowest Score, Mr. Moss.

At the concluding Knock-out Whist Drive in which 74 persons took part, the first prizes were won by Mrs. Moss and Mr. Lawrence.

CANNOT HAVE CHILD

New York, Mar. 30. The Supreme Court to-day refused Mrs. Gloria Vanderbilt's application for a complete custody of her daughter, named for her mother, who was placed in the temporary custody of her aunt, Mrs. P. Whitney of Long Island recently.—*Reuter.*

SOFIA COUP SEQUEL

Sofia, Mar. 30. Colonel Koles, former Minister of Interior, and M. Kalemieroff have been sentenced to death for complicity in the coup d'état last April, but have been recommended to mercy.—*Reuter.*

FAMOUS SINGER PASSES

CONCHITA SUPERVIA DEAD IN LONDON

BLOOMED IN OPERA

London, Mar. 30. The death has occurred of the great coloratura contralto singer, Conchita Supervia, in a London nursing home, after giving birth to a stillborn child.—*Reuter Special.*

Conchita Supervia was born in Spain and when quite a young girl was distinguished among students of singing by the remarkable range of her voice and the ease with which she rendered both notes and rhythm. As she developed, she showed also the gifts of an actress and soon achieved successes in opera. Going to Milan, she was welcomed by that highly critical musical centre as a most promising probationer for the operatic stage.

In Paris and Brussels she afterwards achieved triumphs, it being declared that her remarkable voice was almost alone in being able to sing some of Rossini's music as he originally intended it to be sung. She was first heard in England in March, 1930, when she sang with sensational success at a concert, chiefly of Spanish music, broadcast from the Queen's Hall, London.

HUGE SUCCESS

In her rendering of the Rondo from Rossini's "La Cenerentola," in "Una Voce poco fa" and in the cavatina from the "Barber of Seville," a third or so lower than usual, she gave her British audience something delightfully new.

In April, 1931, she re-appeared in London, giving a recital at the Albert Hall with great success. Always one of the best dressed singers, she wore a succession of Spanish costumes in keeping with various regional dances which she rendered charmingly. Her traditional Spanish costumes, specially designed for her, were valued for many thousands of pounds. In Nov. 1932, she was chosen by the director of the Opera Comique, Paris, to take the role of Carmen at the theatre's reopening under new management. The singer was married to a Spaniard when 16. In March, 1931, she married at Littlehampton, England, Ben Rubenstein, a wealthy London timber merchant.

SAYS FRENCH FINANCES IN GOOD STATE

NO DEVALUATION AND NO EMBARGO

Paris, Mar. 30. Mr. Marcel Reginier, the French Finance Minister, besides denying the rumour that the Government intends to consider devaluation, has now denied the intention of imposing forced conversion of "rentes" or an embargo on gold exports.

Enumerating "the comforting facts which justify the maintenance of French credit," M. Reginier said the budget had been rendered more healthy by substantial economies. The recent vote of 200,000,000 francs' expenditure had not disturbed the balance.

He went on enumerating, praising the punctual treasury, one of the most formidable gold reserves in the world and pointing to the fact that economic activity was on the road to recovery, particularly in the direction of transportation. There had been an increased business turn-over and a rise in price and volume of agricultural products.—*Reuter.*

FATAL MOTOR MISHAP

OLD WOMAN DIES FROM INJURIES

An old woman, Wong Su-cher, aged 62 years, who was injured as the result of a motor car accident in Queen's Road Central, on Thursday afternoon, died at the Government Civil Hospital last night. She had severe injuries to her right leg, which had to be amputated.

It will be recalled that the accident occurred about 2 p.m. at the junction of Queen's Road Central and Wellington Street, near the Ho Tung Building. The car, an old model Ford, driven by Mr. U. J. a clerk in the Harbour Department, along Queen's Road from east to west, got out of control and crashed into a stone pillar on the opposite side of the road, after having knocked down the woman and a man. The driver made a statement to the police that his car was struck from behind by another vehicle.

RECORD CARGO

London, Mar. 30. The largest South African cargo ever brought to Southampton will be discharged on Monday—next from a Union-Castle liner homeward bound on her maiden voyage.

The freight amounting to nearly 11,000 tons measurement included wool and skins, fruit, butter and chilled and frozen meat.—*British Wireless.*

QUEEN'S

TO-DAY ONLY At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30



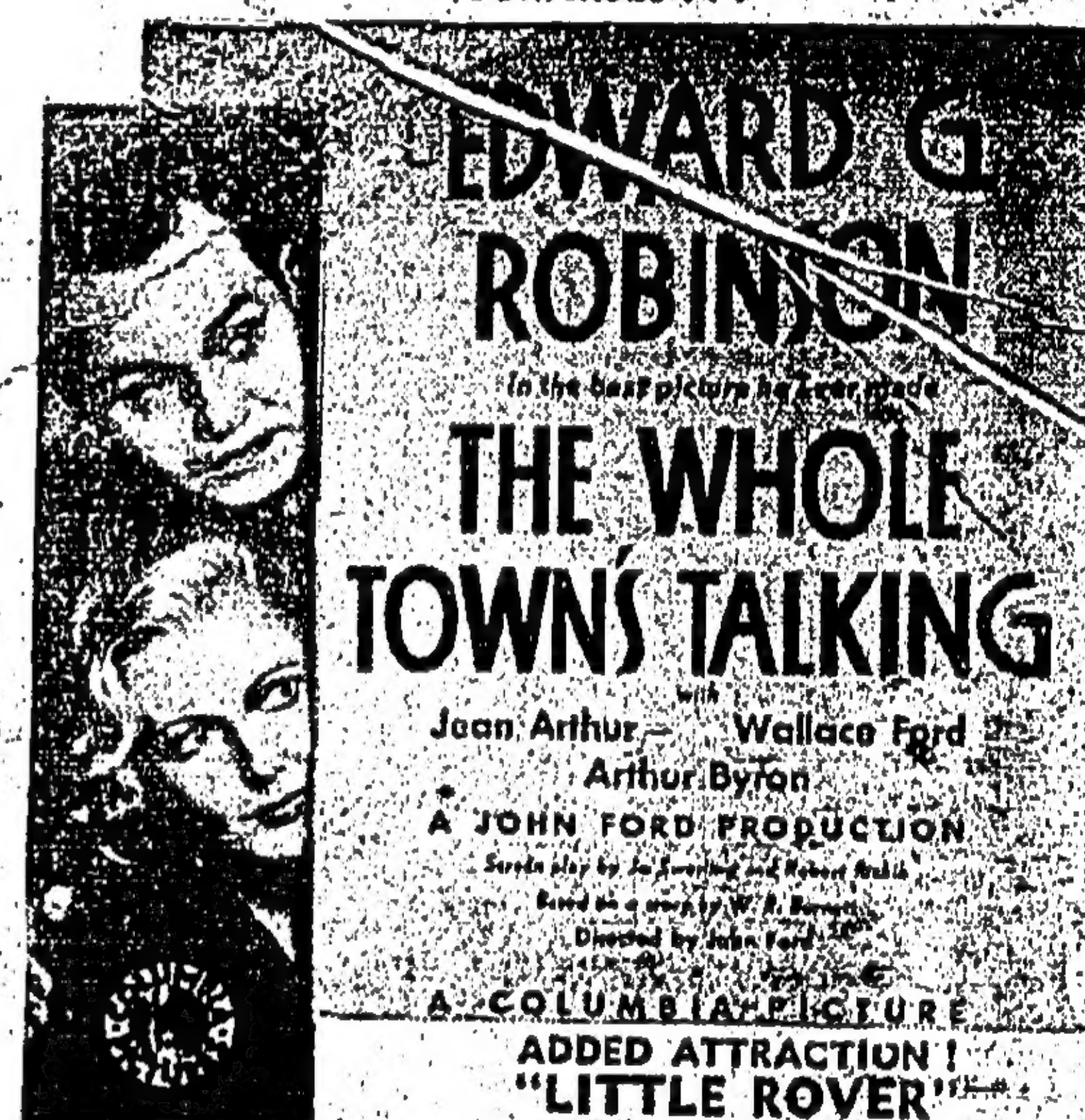
STARS OVER BROADWAY

TO-MORROW

JOE PENNER JACK FRANCES NED BETTY
OAKIE LANGFORD SPARKS GRABLI
ALL AND MORE IN "COLLEGIATE"

STAR 4 SHOWS DAILY
At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

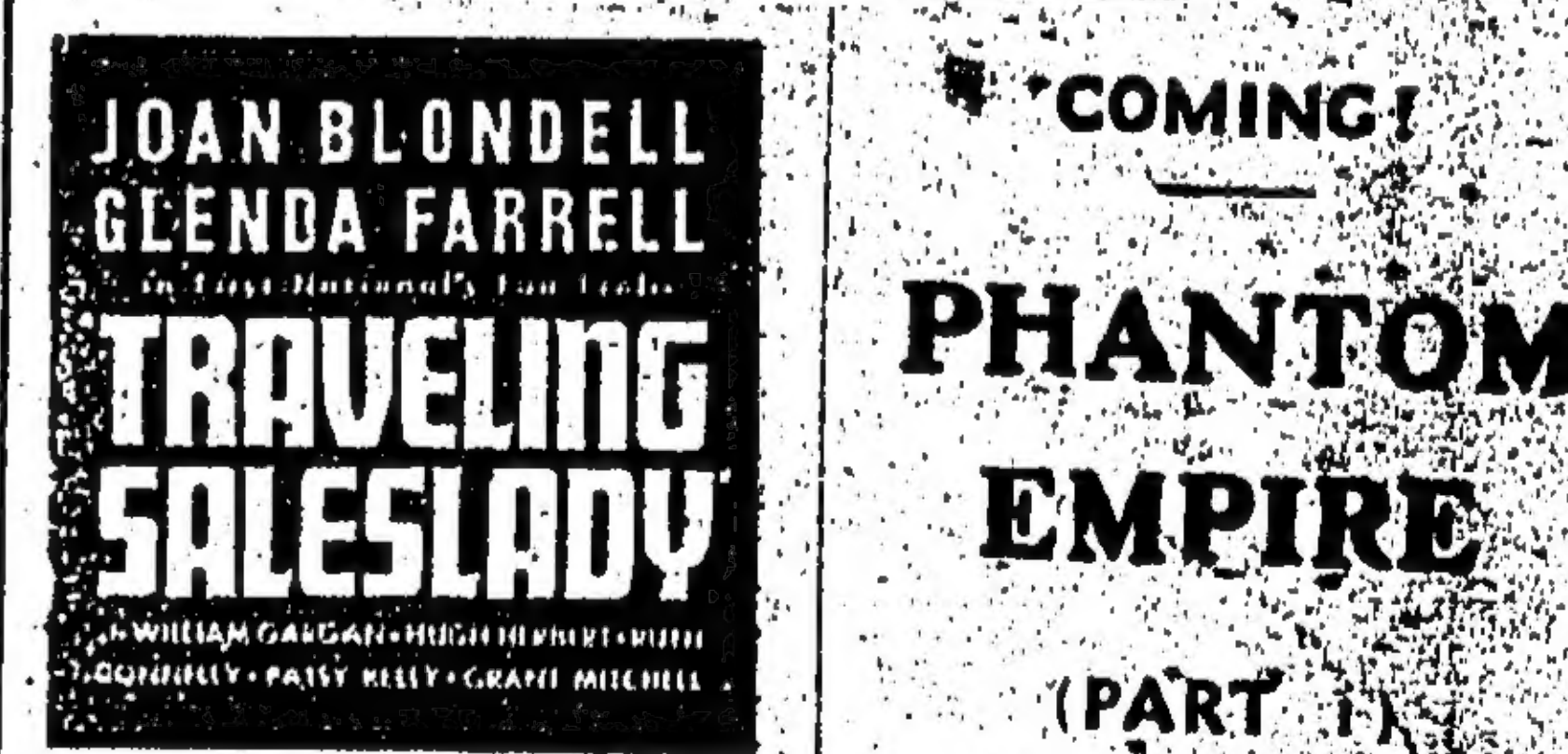
TO-DAY, ONE DAY ONLY!
THE MOST EXCITING ENTERTAINMENT OF ALL TIME
AUDACIOUS IN PLOT, STARTLING IN THEME, AMAZING IN SURPRISES!!!



ADDED ATTRACTION!
"LITTLE ROVER"
Colour Cartoon.

TO-MORROW, ONE DAY ONLY!
THE MERRIEST, MADDEST, FUNNIEST PICTURE IN 10 YEARS
GROUCHO-CHICO-HARPO MARX BROTHERS
in **"A NIGHT AT THE OPERA"**
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW **MAJESTIC** THEATRE
At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.



COMING!
PHANTOM EMPIRE
(PART I)

SHIP'S PASSENGER ROBBED
THIEF GETS GAOL SENTENCE

Sentences totalling two months hard labour were passed upon Yip Shi-san, 22, unemployed, when he appeared before Mr. Macfadyen at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning on charges of stealing two suitcases containing money and clothing from passengers on board the steamship Klung Chow, on Saturday last. A second man, Mak Young, 28, odd job cooly, denied the charges and was remanded for 24 hours.

The complainants were Li Sze-lun, 25, and Pui Sam, 35, both passengers on the vessel.

Detective-Sub-Inspector L. Whant stated that the loss of the bags was reported to the police on Saturday when they arrived on the ship in answer to a police call flag, and about two hours later the complainants left on the same ship. The report was that the suitcases had been stolen some time on Saturday.

About 1 p.m. yesterday, second defendant was stopped by Chinese detective C343, in Queen's Road near Pokfulam, and he was found to have in his possession a parcel containing some of the stolen property. The detective had received information that defendant had stolen parcel. Defendant was taken to the police station.

Later, defendant took the police to No. 14 Catchick Street and said that a woman named Han Yink had given him the parcel; but later, change his story and said that he had it from a man named Li Chiu, a woman who could not be found, and that man could not be found, having given the parcel to defendant.

First defendant was arrested at Belcher Street and he took the police to No. 14 Catchick Street where two suitcases were found hidden.

The only evidence against defendant was that he had been seen in the stolen property in his possession, and that he changed his story when arrested. It was on his information that first accused was arrested.

First defendant admitted the previous convictions.

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